



DIRECTORY
AND
ALMANAC
FOR
1877.



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A. 10
1877

CALCUTTA:

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY GILES & CO. NO. 19, LALL BAZAR.

1877.

C O N E S A N D C O ' S

DIRECTORY

AND

A L M A N A C

FOR

1877.

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Any information or suggestion which may render this Directory more complete,  
accurate and useful will be very thankfully received by the Publishers.

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1877.

ALPHABETICAL

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PART I.

ERAS AND CYCLES.

The year of the Julian period 6590.

The year 5637 of the Jewish Era commences on September 8, 1877.

The year 1744 of the Mahomedan Era commences on January 16, 1877, and Ramadan (month of Abstinence observed by the Turks) commences on September 9, 1877.

The Hindoo year 1284 commences on April 12, 1877.

CHRONOLOGICAL CYCLES.

Golden Number	16	Dominical Letter	G
Epact	15	Roman Indiction	5
Solar Cycle	10	Julian Period	6590

The Solar Cycle, or Cycle of the Sun, is a period of 28 years, in which all the varieties of the Dominical Letters will have happened, and they will return in the same order as they did 28 years before. This Cycle commenced nine years before the Birth of Christ.

The Lunar Cycle or Cycle of the Moon, commonly called the Golden Number, and sometimes the Metonic Cycle (from Meton, an Athenian, who invented it about 432 years before the Birth of Christ) is a revolution of 19 years; in which time, the conjunctions, oppositions, and other aspects of the Moon are within an hour and a half of being the same as they were on the same days of the months 19 years before. The prime, or Golden Number, is the number of years elapsed in this Cycle. At the Birth, the Golden Number was 2.

The Roman Indiction is a period of 15 years, used by the Romans for the time of taxing their provinces. Three years of this Cycle had elapsed at the Birth of Christ.

The Julian Period contains 7980 years, and arises by multiplying together 28, 19, and 15, being the Cycles of the Sun, Moon, and Indiction. This was also contrived as a period for chronological matters, and is assumed as a correct and fixed rule in calculation by all the Astronomers and Chronologers throughout the Christian world. Its beginning is supposed to have commenced 710 years before the usual date of the creation of the world, or 4714 before the commencement of the Christian Era.

ECLIPSES IN 1877.

February 27.—Eclipse of the Moon visible at Calcutta. Eclipse begins at 12-23-24 A. M. and ends at 2-30-24 A. M.

March 15.—Eclipse of the Sun visible at Calcutta. Eclipse begins at 7-46-48 A. M., and ends at 8-53-36 A. M.

August 22.—Eclipse of the Moon visible at Calcutta. Eclipse begins at 3-34-36 A. M., and ends at 6-50 A. M.

TWELVE MONTHS IN THE YEAR.

English.	Hindoo.	Mahomedan.
April.....	Bysak	Bysak.
May	Joisty	Jeth.
June	Assar	Asar.
July	Sravon	Sawon.
August	Bhadro	Bhadon.
September	Aussin	Koonar, or Assin.
October	Kartik	Katick.
November.....	Ugrohoyon	Aghan.
December	Pous	Pocus.
January	Maugh	Magh.
February	Falgon	Falgon.
March	Choitro	Chyt.

DAYS OF THE WEEK.

English.	Hindoo.	Mahomedan.
Sunday	Robybar	Etwar.
Monday	Sombar	Peer.
Tuesday	Mongulbar	Mungul.
Wednesday	Boodbar	Booth.
Thursday	Breehuspothibar	Joomerath.
Friday	Sookroobar	Joommah.
Saturday	Sonybar	Sunnicher.

CHRISTIAN CALENDAR.

FIXED FESTIVALS AND ANNIVERSARIES IN 1877.

New Year's Day.....	Jan. 1	SS Peter and Paul.....	June 29
Epiphany	" 6	Visitation of Blessed Virgin.....	July 2
Martyrdom of King Charles 1st ..	" 13	St. James	" 25
Purification	Feb. 2	Assumption of Blessed Virgin. ..	Augt. 15
St. David	March 1	Nativity of Blessed Virgin	Sept. 8
St. Patrick	" 17	St. Michael	" 29
Annunciation or Lady-Day.....	" 25	SS. Simon and St. Jude	Oct. 23
St. George.....	April 23	All Saints' Day	Nov. 1
St. Mark	" 25	Gunpowder Plot	" 5
St. Philip and James	May 1	Birth of Prince of Wales	" 9
Birth of Queen Victoria	" 24	St. Andrew's Day	" 26
Restoration of King Charles 1st ..	" 29	St. Thomas	Dec. 21
Accession of Queen Victoria.....	June 20	Christmas-Day	" 25
Transfiguration	" 21	St. Stephen	" 26
St. John Baptist	" 24		

MOVEABLE FEASTS IN 1877.

Septuagesima Sunday	Jan. 28	Palm-Sunday	Mar. 27
Sextagesima Sunday	Feb. 4	Good-Friday	" 29
Quinquagesima or Shrove Sunday...	" 11	Easter-Sunday	April 1
Shrove Tuesday	" 13	Low-Sunday	" 5
Ash-Wednesday	" 14	Rogation Sunday	May 6
Quadragesima, or 1st Sunday in Lent.	" 18	Ascension-Day or Holy Thursday ..	" 10
2nd Sunday in Lent	" 25	Pentecost, or Whit-Sunday	" 20
3rd Sunday in Lent	Mar. 4	Trinity-Sunday	" 27
4th Sunday in Lent	" 11	Corpus Christi	" 31
Passion-Sunday	" 18	Advent-Sunday	Dec. 2

EMBER DAYS IN 1877.

February 21	May 23	September 19	December 19
" 23	" 25	" 21	" 21
" 24	" 26	" 22	" 22

JEWISH CALENDAR FOR 1877.

Jewish Era.	Christian Era.	New Moon and Feasts.
5637.	1877.	
Tebet 18	January .. 1	
Sebat 1	" .. 15	New Moon.
" 30 & Adar 1	February .. 13 & 14	New Moon.
Adar 13	" .. 26	Fest of Esther.
" 14 & 15	" .. 27 & 28	Purim.
Nisan 1	March .. 15	New Moon.
" 15 & 16	" .. 29 & 30	Passover.
" 30 & Yiar 1	April .. 13 & 14	New Moon.
Yiar 14	" .. 27	Second Passover.
" 18	May .. 1	33 of the Homer.
Sivan 1	" .. 13	New Moon.
" 6 & 7	" .. 18 & 19	Sebuot.
" 30 & Tamuz 1	June .. 11 & 12	New Moon.
Tamuz 17	" .. 23	Fest of Tamuz.
Ab 1	July .. 11	New Moon.
" 9	" .. 19	Fest of Ab.
" 30 & Elul 1	August .. 9 & 10	New Moon.
5638.		
Tisri 1 & 2	September .. 8	New Year.
" 3	" .. 10	Fest of Guedaliah.
" 10	" .. 17	Kipur.
" .. 15 & 16	" .. 22 & 23	Tabernacle.
" 21	" .. 28	Hosanna Baba.
" .. 22 & 23	" .. 29 & 30	Fest of the 8th Day.
" 30 & Heshvan 1	October .. 7 & 8	New Moon.
Hehvan 30 & Kislew 1	November .. 6 & 7	New Moon.
" 25	December .. 1	Hanuk.
" 30 & Tebet 1	" .. 6 & 7	New Moon.
Tebet 10	" .. 16	Fest of Tebet.
" 52	" .. 31	

Name of Moons.			Month begins		
Zel-Hujja	...	...	January	1	1877.
Mohurram	...	...	January	17	"
Suffer	...	...	February	15	"
Rubeul Awol	...	...	March	17	"
Rubeul Akher	...	...	April	16	"
Jumadeul Awol	...	...	May	15	"
Jumadeul Akher	...	...	June	14	"
Rajjub	...	...	July	13	"
Shaban	...	...	August	11	"
Rumatan	...	...	September	9	"
Shawal	...	...	October	9	"
Zeekada	...	...	November	7	"
Zel-Hujja	...	...	December	7	"

MAHOMEDAN FESTIVALS IN 1877.

Mohurram	January	17	Wednesday	Maug	5
Akhiree-Chahar-Sumba	March	14	Wednesday	Choitro	2
Fatihat Doas-duhoom	March	28	Wednesday	Choitro	16
Shabi-Barat	August	24	Friday	Bhadro	9
Shad-ul Fitur	October	9	Tuesday	Assin	24
Ed-ooz-Zoha	December	16	Sunday	Pous	3

HINDOO FESTIVALS IN 1877.

NAME OF HOLIDAYS.	ENGLISH MONTH.	DAY OF THE WEEK.	HINDOO MONTH.	
Agny Purnchomy	January	19 Friday	Maugh	7
Shrove Rattree	February	11 Sunday	Falgun	1
Dark Jatra	Ditto	27 Tuesday	Ditto	17
Shrove	March	12 Monday	Ditto	30
Shrove Rattree	Ditto	23 Friday	Choitro	11
Shrove Poojah	April	11 Wednesday	Ditto	30
Shrove	June	20 Wednesday	Joistee	7
Shrove Jatra	Ditto	25 Monday	Assar	12
Shrove Jatra	July	12 Thursday	Ditto	29
Shrove Bath	Ditto	20 Friday	Shrabun	6
Shrove Poornesmah	August	23 Thursday	Lhadie	3
Shrove Ostomee	Ditto	31 Friday	Ditto	16
Shrove	October	6 Saturday	Assin	21
Shrove Poojah	Ditto	13 Saturday	Ditto	28
Shrove Poojah	Ditto	21 Sunday	Kartik	6
Shrove Poojah	November	4 Ditto	Ditto	20
Shrove Poojah	Ditto	7 Wednesday	Ditto	23
Shrove Poojah	Ditto	14 Ditto	Ditto	30
Shrove Poojah	Ditto	14 Ditto	Ditto	30
Shrove Jatra	Ditto	20 Tuesday	Aughraun	6

CRIMINAL SESSIONS FOR 1877.

First Criminal Sessions	Monday	15th	January
Second ditto	Thursday	15th	February
Third ditto	Friday	15th	March
Fourth ditto	Monday	16th	April
Fifth ditto	Wednesday	16th	May
Sixth ditto	Thursday	5th	July
Seventh ditto	Monday	6th	August
Eighth ditto	Monday	10th	September
Ninth ditto	Monday	26th	November

CALENDAR FROM 1864 TO 1976.

THE Leap Years are printed in full, thus—1864, 1868, 1872, &c.

YEAR.				Dominical Letter	Month.	Dominical letter.							
						A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
1864	1868	1872	1876	OB	Jan. Oct.	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
65	69	1916	1944	A	May	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	A
66	94	17	48	G	August	C	D	E	F	G	H	A	B
67	95	18	46	F	Feb. March Nov.	D	E	F	G	H	A	B	C
1868	1896	19	47	ED	June	E	F	G	H	A	B	C	D
69	97	1920	1948	C	Sept. Dec.	F	G	H	A	B	C	D	E
70	98	21	40	B	April July	G	H	A	B	C	D	E	F
71	99	22	50	A									
1872		23	51	GI									
73		1924	1950	E									
74		20	53	D									
75		21	54	C									
1876		27	55	RA									
77	1900	192	1956	G									
78	1	29	57	F									
79	2	30	58	E									
1880	.. 3	31	59	DC									
81	1904	1932	1960	B									
82	5	33	61	A									
83	6	34	2	G									
1884	7	35	3										
85	1908	1936	1964										
86	9	37	65										
87	10	38	66										
1888	11	39	67										
89	1912	1940	1968										
90	13	41	69										
91	14	42	70										

EXPLANATION.—Look in the year in the first part of the table and opposite it will be found the Dominical letter. When the year is two letters together the first is for January and February the second for the rest of the year. In a line with the month, in the second part of the table, find the Dominical letter of the year, and down the same column with the letter find the day of the week, when the figures on the left will give the days of the month. Thus for the Mondays in January 1867 Opposite 1867 in the first column is F in the fifth. In a line with January find F, and descend the column to 'Mon.'—On the left are 7, 14, 21, and 28, the required dates.

Day of the year corresponding to the last day of each month.

Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	April	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
31	59	90	120	151	181	212	243	273	304	334	365

To find the age of any given day of any month.—To the number corresponding to the preceding month in this table, add the day of the given month; the sum will give the age of the day. For example.—To find the age of the 14th day of August. Take from this table the age of the last day of July (31), and add 14—total 45. In a Leap Year add one day to the date of the month, if after February.

Equation Table showing the time the Sun is on the Meridian.

Date	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	Aug. st.	September.	October.	November.	December.
1	H. M. S. 12 3 29	H. M. S. 2 13 47	H. M. S. 12 12 33	H. M. S. 12 3 27	H. M. S. 11 36 57	H. M. S. 11 37 40	H. M. S. 12 3 29	H. M. S. 12 5 57	H. M. S. 11 59 49	H. M. S. 11 49 37	H. M. S. 11 43 42	H. M. S. 4 49 18
2	57	14 2	20	19	43	51	41	53	30	18	41	41
3	4 25	9	1	1	37	58	32	48	11	0	41	50
4	53	14	41	2 13	31	10	4	48	58	48	42	54
5	5 21	14	27	86	26	21	14	42	32	41	44	59
6	43	19	10	9	22	21	21	36	12	21	47	54
7	6 14	23	13	13	18	43	34	29	57	47	50	51
8	40	27	10 58	1 52	15	54	43	22	52	32	54	52
9	7 6	29	42	35	12	59	52	14	11	16	59	33
10	31	31	27	18	10	18	5	5	56	0	44	53
11	55	32	11	2	9	30	9	4 56	29	46	11	6
12	8 19	32	9 55	46	9	30	17	46	8	45	19	33
13	43	31	38	30	8	43	24	36	55	30	27	1
14	9 5	30	21	15	7	55	31	25	47	15	36	30
15	27	27	4	0	7	12	37	13	46	45	56	58
16	49	24	8 47	11 59	8	20	43	3 49	44	35	67	55
17	10 9	21	29	17	9	33	48	23	23	23	45	56
18	29	16	12	17	11	46	53	36	1	11	22	55
19	48	11	7 54	3	13	59	57	22	53	41	35	57
20	11 7	5	36	58 50	16	1 12	6	8	19	50	19	25
21	24	13 59	7	37	19	24	1	2 54	32	41	16	53
22	41	51	59	25	23	37	7	39	37	32	20	23
23	57	44	6 59	13	23	50	9	24	16	23	37	55
24	12 12	35	22	2	33	2 3	19	56	51	16	55	59
25	27	26	3	57 51	38	16	11	1 52	35	9	47	12
26	41	17	5 45	41	44	28	11	85	15	3	32	25
27	54	6	26	31	57	41	11	19	20	43	52	55
28	13 6	12 56	8	21	58	53	10	35	35	53	18	1
29	17	44	4 49	13	57	3 5	9	13 44	15	49	33	24
30	28		31	1	13	17	7	26	49	46	55	5
31	38		13	23	23		4		56	44		3 22

TABLE OF THE SUN'S RISING AND SETTING
Between the Parallels of 21° 30' and 30° North.

SUN RISES.												SUN SETS.																								
Jan.			Feb.			March			April			May			June			July			Aug.			Sept.			Oct.			Nov.			Dec.			
1	10	Dec	20	19	Nov.	29	28	Nov.	18	17	Oct.	27	26	Oct.	16	15	Sept.	25	24	Sept.	14	13	Aug.	23	22	Aug.	12	11	Sept.	21	20	Sept.	10	9	Oct.	
1	10	Dec	20	19	Nov.	29	28	Nov.	18	17	Oct.	27	26	Oct.	16	15	Sept.	25	24	Sept.	14	13	Aug.	23	22	Aug.	12	11	Sept.	21	20	Sept.	10	9	Oct.	
2	11		21	20		30	29		19	18		28	27		17	16		26	25		15	14		24	23		13	12		22	21		11	10		
3	12		22	21		31	30		20	19		29	28		18	17		27	26		16	15		25	24		14	13		23	22		12	11		
4	13		23	22					21	20		30	29		19	18		28	27		17	16		26	25		15	14		24	23		13	12		
5	14		24	23					22	21					21	20		30	29		18	17		27	26		16	15		25	24		14	13		
6	15		25	24					23	22					22	21					19	18		28	27		17	16		26	25		15	14		
7	16		26	25					24	23					23	22					20	19		29	28		18	17		27	26		16	15		
8	17		27	26					25	24					24	23					21	20		30	29		19	18		28	27		17	16		
9	18		28	27					26	25					25	24					22	21		31	30		20	19		29	28		18	17		
10	19		29	28					27	26					26	25					23	22					21	20		30	29		19	18		
11	20		30	29					28	27					27	26					24	23					22	21		31	30		20	19		
12	21								29	28					28	27					25	24					23	22					21	20		
13	22								30	29					29	28					26	25					24	23					22	21		
14	23														30	29					27	26					25	24					23	22		
15	24																				28	27					26	25					24	23		
16	25																				29	28					27	26					25	24		
17	26																				30	29					28	27					26	25		
18	27																										29	28						27	26	
19	28																										30	29						28	27	
20	29																																	29	28	
21	30																																	30	29	
22	31																																			

* The Use of this Table is too obvious to require an explanation. — Observe, that by reason of the Refraction, the Sun appears to be much higher than it really is; and so is the rising and setting, being reckoned from the time when the body of the Sun is quite above the Horizon, it will be nearest the truth.

RIVER STAGES.

DISTANCE OF PLACES FROM CALCUTTA UP THE RIVER.

By Land. Railway. Water.				By Land. Railway. Water.			
Calcutta	Miles	5	5	Nudda	Miles	64	77
Bally	"	7	8	Cutwa	"	82	113
Augurpara	"	9	10	Berhampore	"	118	157
Takera	"	14	15	Rajmahal	"	196	203
Serampore	"	16	16½	Colgong	"	250	247
Barackpore	"	16	16½	Bhaugulpore	"	268	266
Fulta	"	17	19	Monghyr	"	304	304
Churrittee	"	17½	19	Dinapore	"	376	409
Chandernagore	"	22	24	Ghazeeapore	"	431	788
Chinsurah	"	24	26	Benares	"	428	541
Hoochly	"	26	27	Mirzapore	"	455	574
Bandel	"	27	28	Allahabad	"	498	630 1001

DISTANCE OF PLACES FROM CALCUTTA DOWN THE RIVER.

By Land. By Water.				By Water.			
Rajgunge	Miles	5½	5	Silver Tree	Miles	57½	
Akra	"	5½	7½	Mud Point	"	609	
Peer Serang	"	7½	10½	Kedgerree	"	64½	
Budge Budge	"	9½	12½	Cowcolly Light	"	700	
Oodlooberrya	"	12½	15½	Sauger or Middleton Point	"	83½	
Moyapore	"	13	18½	Sauger Anchoring Buoy	"	86½	
Brool Semaphore	"	16½	22½	Upper Floating Light	"	95½	
Fulta	"	"	27	Spit Buoy	"	1059	
Hoochly Point	"	26	33½	Reef Buoy	"	113½	
Diamond Harbour	"	30	41	Outer Floating Light	"	121½	
Culpee	"	"	48	* Ridge Buoy	"	152	
Rangafullah	"	"	52½				

DISTANCE OF PLACES FROM EACH OTHER IN THE RIVER HOOCHLY.

Calcutta	to	Rajgunge	5½ Miles	Mud Point	to	Kedgerree	8 Miles.
Rajgunge	"	Peer Serang	2½ "	Kedgerree	"	Cowcolly	2½ "
Akra	"	Budge Budge	2½ "	Cowcolly	"	Sauger Light	2½ "
Peer Serang	"	Oodlooberrya	3½ "	Sauger Buoy	"	Upper Floating Light	½ "
Budge Budge	"	Moyapore	2½ "	Upper Floating Light	"	Spit Buoy	9½ "
Oodlooberrya	"	Brool Semaphore	4 "	Spit Buoy	"	Reef Buoy	8 "
Moyapore	"	Fulta	11 "	Reef Buoy	"	Outer Floating Light	8 "
Brool Semaphore	"	Hoochly Point	6½ "	Outer Floating Light	"	South Channel Buoy	11 "
Fulta	"	Diamond Harbour	7½ "	South Channel Buoy	"	Ridge Buoy	20 "
Hoochly Point	"	Culpee	6½ "				
Diamond Harbour	"	Rangafullah	1½ "				
Culpee	"	Silver Tree	5 "				
Rangafullah	"	Mud Point	3 "				
Silver Tree	"						

* In twenty-two fathoms of water.

River Gauge.

DISTANCES OF PLACES IN THE RIVER HOODLY FROM FORT WILLIAM
IN GEOGRAPHICAL MILES WITH THE CORRECTIONS FOR HIGH AND
LOW WATER AT THOSE PLACES.

	Miles	Corrections for			Miles	Corrections for	
		High Water	Low Water			High Water	Low Water
		H. M.	H. M.			H. M.	H. M.
Kidderpore Docks ...	1-0		...	Kuldee Pagoda ...	49-6	2-23	2-23
Garden House ...	2-9	0-6	0-8	Rangasalla Obelisk ...	53-4	2-34	2-34
Barange ...	5-5	0-13	0-19	Middle Point ...	55-8	2-41	2-41
Moonee Kolly Point ...	7-6	0-19	0-28	Silver Tree Obelisk ...	58-3	2-49	2-49
See Makers ...	9-1	0-24	0-36	Mud Point Telegraph Station ...	61-5	2-58	2-58
Fort Gloster ...	12-3	0-34	0-49	Kedgerree Flagstaff ...	69-1	3-20	3-20
Onloobachah ...	16-5	0-46	1-6	Cowcolly Light House ...	72-1	3-29	3-29
Archepoor Telegraph Station ...	17-6	0-49	1-11	Saugor Light House by Bedford's ...	82-1	4-0	4-0
Moyapoor Magazine ...	18-6	0-52	1-15	Saugor Anchoring buoy ...	86-2	4-9	4-9
Sister Trees Moyapoor ...	22-0	1-2	1-36	Upper Gasper Light Vessel ...	90-6	4-15	4-15
Hog River Obelisk ...	23-3	1-6	1-36	Lower Gasper Light Vessel by Bedford's ...	95-5	4-22	4-22
Peekooreah ... Hog River Point ...	25-8	1-13	1-46	Spot Buoy W S W ...	103-4	4-37	4-37
Putra House ...	25-6	1-21	1-58	Reef Buoy W S W ...	112-4	4-51	4-51
Falta Point ...	30-5	1-27	2-6	Eastern Channel Light Vessel ...	119-0	5-3	5-3
Anchoring Creek ...	32-5	1-33	2-14	South Channel Buoy by Western Channel ...	123-8	5-14	5-14
Hogshly Point Telegraph Station ...	34-7	1-39	2-21	Pilot's Ridge Buoy ...	129-6	5-30	5-30
Buff Point ...	37-9	1-49	2-39	False Point Light House ...	200-0	5-55	5-55
Diamond Harbour Telegraph Station ...	43-0	2-1	3-0				
Kanyeharab Point ...	46-1	2-13	3-13				

TIME BALL.

The position of the time-ball at Fort William, Calcutta, is—

Latitude	...	...	...	22° 35' 25" N.
Longitude	...	...	...	88° 19' 10" E.

The time ball is dropped daily, Sundays and holidays excepted,
at 1 P. M., mean time.

Sicki.					
5 =	1 Kancha				
20 =	4 = 1 Chittack				
80 =	16 = 4 = 1 Powah.				
320 =	64 = 16 = 4 = 1 Seer.				
1600 =	320 = 80 = 20 = 5 = 1 Pussury				
12800 =	2560 = 640 = 160 = 40 = 8 = 1 Maund				
One bazaar maund is equal to 82½ lbs nearly					

APOTHECARY'S WEIGHT

20 Grains, gr	make	1 Scruple	℥.
8 Scruples	"	1 Dram	ʒ
8 Drams	"	1 Ounce	℥
12 Ounces	"	1 Pound	℔
Grains			
22 =	1 Scruple		
60 =	3 = 1 Dram		
480 =	24 = 8 = 1 Ounce		
5760 =	288 = 96 = 12 = 1 Pound.		

The pound and ounce are equal to those of Troy Weight

BENGAL DOCTORS' WEIGHT

4 Jauib, J.	make	1 P tly	Ry
5 Rutty	"	1 Dhan	Dn
2 Dhan	"	1 Massa	Ma.
2 Massa	"	1 Tolah	1 Sa Re.
Jaub.			
4 =	1 Rutty		
20 =	5 = 1 Dhan		
40 =	10 = 2 = 1 Massa		
80 =	20 = 4 = 2 = 1 = 180 Gls Troy		

III.—MEASURES.

CLOTH MEASURE

2½ inches	make	1 Nail	Nl
4 Nails	"	1 Quarter	Qr
4 Quarters	"	1 Yard	Yd.
2 Quarters	"	1 Flemish Ell	
5 Quarts	"	1 English Ell	
6 Quarters	"	1 French Ell	
Inches			
2½ =	1 Nail		
9 =	4 = 1 Quarter		
36 =	16 = 4 = 1 Yard.		

BENGAL CLOTH MEASURE

7 Jauib	make	1 Ungooly.	Un.
3 Ungoolies	"	1 Gerah	Ger.
8 Gerahs	"	1 Haut or Cubit.	Ht.
2 Hauts	"	1 Guz = 1 Yd.	Gj.
Jaub			
3 =	1 Ungooly		
9 =	3 = 1 Gerah		
72 =	24 = 8 = 1 Haut		
144 =	48 = 16 = 2 = 1 Guz.		

LONG MEASURE.

3 Barley corns	make	1 Inch.	In.
12 Inches	"	1 Foot.	Ft.
3 Feet	"	1 Yard.	Yd.
5½ Yards	"	1 Rod, Pole or Perch.	Rod.
40 Poles	"	1 Furlong.	Fur.
8 Furlongs	"	1 Mile.	Mile.
3 Miles	"	1 League.	Lea.

Barley corns

3 = 1 Inch.

12 = 1 Foot.

36 = 3 = 1 Yard.

198 = 16½ = 5½ = 1 Pole.

7920 = 660 = 220 = 40 = 1 Furlong.

63360 = 5280 = 1760 = 320 = 8 = 1 Mile.

6 Feet make 1 Fathom.

60 Geographical miles or 69½ British miles, make 1 Degree.

BENGAL LONG MEASURE.

3 Jaub, Jb.	make	1 Ungooly.	Un.
4 Ungooly	"	1 Mooty.	Mty.
3 Mooty	"	1 Biggot.	Bgt.
2 Biggot	"	1 Haut.	Ht.
4 Haut	"	1 Dhunnoo.	Dh.
1000 Dhunnoo	"	1 Coss.	Cs.
2 Coss	"	1 Ghoorbutty.	Ghy.
2 Ghoorbutty	"	1 Jojun.	Jn.
100 Jojun	"	1 Mundul.	Ml.
100 Mundul	"	1 Coonduh	Ch.
100 Coonduh	"	1 Gundah	Gh.
100 Gundah	"	1 Maidny, or circumference of the Earth.	

Grains in length (*Jaub*).3 = 1 Finger's breadth (*Ungooly*).12 = 4 = 1 Hand-breadth (*Mooty*).36 = 12 = 3 = 1 Span (*Biggot*).72 = 24 = 6 = 2 = 1 Cubit (*Haut*).

288 = 96 = 24 = 8 = 4 = 1 Fathom.

288000 = 96000 = 24000 = 8000 = 4000 = 1000 = 1 Coss.

The Coss, or Bengal Mile, is equal to 1 mile, 1 furlong, 3 poles, and 3½ yards English.

WINE MEASURE.

3 Pints, Pts.	make	1 Quart.	Qt.
4 Quarts	"	1 Gallon.	Gal.
42 Gallons	"	1 Tierce.	Trc.
1½ Tierce, or 63 Gallons	"	1 Hogshead.	Hhd.
2 Hogsheads	"	1 Pipe.	P.
2 Pipes	"	1 Tun.	Tun.
10 Gallons	"	1 Anchor of Brandy.	
78 Gallons	"	1 Rundlet.	
2 Tierces	"	1 Punccheon.	

Inches.

28½ = 1 Pint.

57½ = 2 = 1 Quart.

231 = 8 = 4 = 1 Gallon.

9707 = 336 = 168 = 42 = 1 Tierce.

14553 = 504 = 252 = 63 = 1½ = 1 Hogshead.

19404 = 672 = 336 = 84 = 2 = 1½ = 1 Punccheon.

29106 = 1008 = 504 = 126 = 3 = 2 = 1½ = 1 Pipe.

58212 = 2016 = 1008 = 252 = 6 = 4 = 3 = 2 = 1 Tun.

ALE OR BEER MEASURE

2 Pints, Pts	make	1 Quart	Qt.
4 Quarts	"	1 Gallon	Gal
9 Gallons	"	1 Firkin	Fir
2 Firkins	"	1 Kilderkin	Kin
2 Kilderkins	"	1 Barrel	Brl
1½ Barrel	"	1 Hogshend	Hhd
2 Hogshends, or 2 Barrels	"	1 Butt	Bt

Cubic Inches

35½	=	1 Pint
70½	=	2 = 1 Quart.
282	=	8 = 4 = 1 Gallon.
259½	=	72 = 36 = 9 = 1 Firkin
5076	=	144 = 72 = 18 = 2 = 1 Kilderkin
10152	=	288 = 144 = 36 = 4 = 2 = 1 Barrel
15228	=	432 = 216 = 54 = 6 = 3 = 1½ = 1 Hhd
30456	=	864 = 432 = 108 = 12 = 6 = 3 = 2 = 1 Butt

BENGAL LIQUID MEASURE

4 Sa. Rs. weight	make	1 Chittack	Ch
4 Chittacks	"	1 Powa	P
4 Powas	"	1 Seer	Sr
40 Seers	"	1 Maund.	Md

Sa. Wt

5	=	1 Chittack
20	=	4 = 1 Powah
80	=	46 = 1 Seer
3200	=	640 = 160 = 10 = 1 Maund

SQUARE OR LAND MEASURE

144 Sq. Inches	make	1 Square	Sq.
9 Feet	"	1 Rod	Rd
30½ Yards	"	1 Rod Pole or Perch	Rd or P
40 Poles	"	1 Rood	Rood
4 Roods	"	1 Acre	Ac
160 Acres	"	1 Square mile	Sq. mile

Inches

12	=	1 Foot
1296	=	9 = 1 Yard
39204	=	36½ = 30½ = 1 Pole
1568160	=	1080 = 120 = 40 = 1 Rood
6272640	=	4860 = 160 = 4 = 1 Acre

The square a number is obtained by multiplying the number by itself as 12 x 12=144, which is the square of 12.

BENGAL LAND MEASURE

16 Square Ungool	make	1 Sq. Mootee	=	9 Sq. in
9 Mootee	"	1 Sq. Biggot	=	81 Sq. in
36 Mootee or 4 Sq. Biggot	"	1 Gundah	=	2½ Sq. ft.
20 Gundahs	"	1 Chittack	=	5 Sq. ft.
16 Chittacks	"	1 Cottah	=	80 Sq. ft.
20 Cottahs	"	1 Bigah	=	1600 Sq. Yd.

A chittack is a square, measuring about 6½ feet on each side, or containing in all 45 square feet. A cottah is a square, measuring about 26½ feet on each side, or containing 750 square feet. A bigah measures on each side 120 feet, and contains altogether 14,400 square feet, 8 bigahs and ½ cottah equal 1 acre.

The bent by which lands are measured is one cubit wide and 18 long it contains 18 square cubits = 22½ square feet.

FERRAH OR COUNTRY MEASURE FOR BUILDING MATERIALS.

The inside measurement of a Ferrah is

$$2' 5'' + 1' 9'' + 8''$$

			B. Mds.	Seers.
1	Ferrah, Stone lime weighs	...	...	1 10
1	" Soorkey .	...	...	2 5
1	" Sand	...	...	3 4

Purchases of the above description of materials are generally made in the Public Works Department in stacks or heaps, by measurement, taking the cubic contents as follows:—

2·25 or (2 $\frac{1}{4}$) cubic feet Stone lime, Soorkey, and Sand = 1 bazar maund,
or 225 cubic feet to the 100 maunds.

CUBIC OR SOLID MEASURE.

1728	Cubic	(=12×12×12) inches	make	1	Cubic Foot.
27	"	(= 3+ 3+ 3) Feet	"	1	" Yard or load of earth.
40	"	Feet of round timber }	"	1	Ton, or Load.
50	"	Feet of hewn timber }	"	1	Ton of shipping.
42	"	Feet	"	1	Ton of shipping.

By this measure are measured all things that have length, breadth, and depth.

WOOL WEIGHT.

7	Pounds, lb.	make	1	Clove.	Ol.
2	Cloves	"	1	Stone	St.
6	Stones	"	1	Tod.	Tod.
1 $\frac{1}{2}$	Tods	"	1	Wey.	Wey.
2	Weys	"	1	Sack.	Sk.
12	Sacks	"	1	Last.	La.

Pounds.

7	=	1	Clove.
14	=	2	= 1 Stone.
28	=	4	= 2 = 1 Tod.
182	=	26	= 13 = 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ = 1 Wey.
364	=	52	= 26 = 13 = 2 = 1 Sack.
4368	=	624	= 312 = 156 = 24 = 12 = Last.

DRY MEASURE.

2	Prints pt.	make	1	Quart.	Qt.
2	Quarts	"	1	Bottle.	Bot.
2	Bottles	"	1	Gallon.	Gal.
2	Gallons	"	1	Peck.	Pk.
4	Pecks	"	1	Bushel.	Bu.
2	Bushels	"	1	Strike.	Str.
2	Strikes	"	1	Comb.	Comb.
2	Combs	"	1	Quarter.	Qr.
5	Quarters	"	1	Wey, or Load.	Wey.
2	Weys	"	1	Last.	La.

Inches.

268 $\frac{1}{2}$	=	1	Gallon.
537 $\frac{1}{2}$	=	2	= 1 Peck.
2150 $\frac{1}{2}$	=	8	= 4 = 1 Bushel.
4300 $\frac{1}{2}$	=	16	= 8 = 2 = 1 Strike.
8601 $\frac{1}{2}$	=	32	= 16 = 4 = 2 = 1 Comb.
17208 $\frac{1}{2}$	=	64	= 32 = 8 = 4 = 2 = 1 Quarter.
86016	=	320	= 160 = 40 = 20 = 10 = 5 = 1 Wey.
172032	=	640	= 320 = 80 = 40 = 20 = 10 = 2 = 1 Last.

The Bushel in water is

A Score of Coals	...	5	Pecks.
A Sack of Coals	...	21	Chaldrons.
	...	3	Bushels.

A Chaldron of Coal is	..	12	Sacks, or 36 Bushels.
A Load of Corn	..	5	Bushels.
A Cart of Corn	...	40	Bushels.

A standard Bushel is 18½ inches wide and 8 inches deep. This measure is applied to all drossy and coarse things.

BENGAL GRAIN MEASURE.

5 Chittacks	make	1 Koonkee.	Ko.
4 Koonkees	"	1 Raik.	Rk
4 Raiks or 5 Seers	"	1 Pally.	Pal
20 Palties	"	1 Soally.	Soal.
16 Soalties	"	1 Kahun=40 mds.	Khan.

Chittacks.

5 =	1 Koonkee.
20 =	4 = 1 Raik.
80 =	16 = 1 = 1 Pally.
1600 =	320 = 80 = 20 = 1 Soally.
25600 =	5120 = 1280 = 320 = 16 = 1 Kahun.

TIME.

60 Seconds	make	1 Minute	M.
60 Minutes	"	1 Hour.	H.
24 Hours	"	1 Day.	Day
7 Days	"	1 Week	Wk.
52 Weeks, 1 day, 6 hours	"	1 Julian year	Yr.
365 Days, 5 hours, 48 minutes, 57 seconds	"	1 Solar year.	

Seconds

60 =	1 Minute.
3600 =	60 = 1 Hour.
86400 =	1400 = 24 = 1 Day
604800 =	10080 = 168 = 7 = 1 Week.
2419200 =	40320 = 672 = 28 = 4 = 1 Month
31557600 =	525960 = 8766 = 365½ = 52 wks. 1d. 6h. = 1 Jln. Yr.
31558327 =	525948 = 8756 = 365d. 5h. 48m. 57s. = 1 Solar Yr.

The year is divided into twelve months.

To know how many days are in each month, observe.

Thirty days hath September,
April, June and November,
February has twenty-eight alone,
And all the rest have thirty-one.
(Except in leap-year, at which time,
February's days are twenty-nine.)

Every fourth year is called Leap-year, and consists of 366 days - To ascertain if a given year is leap-year, divide it by 4, and if there be no remainder it is leap-year. if there be a remainder, the number over shows how many years have elapsed since the last leap-year.

BENGAL TIME.

18 Pulluck or wink of the eye, P	make	1 Castah.	Cast.
30 Castah	"	1 Kollah.	Kh.
30 Kollah	"	1 Onno-poll.	O pl.
60 Onno-poll	"	1 Be-poll.	B pl.
60 Be-poll	"	1 Poll.	Pl.
60 Poll	"	1 Ghuree=24 min.	Gh.
7½ Ghurees	"	1 Pruhur=3 hours.	Pr.
8 Pruhur	"	1 Day=24 hours.	Dy.
7 Days	"	1 Hufta.	Hu.
15 Days	"	1 Pukha.	Pa.
3 Pukhas	"	1 Maus.	Ma.
3 Maus	"	1 Rhitto.	Rho.
3 Rhitto	"	1 Bataur or year.	Br.
12 Bataur	"	1 Jog.	Jg.
11 Jog	"	1 Munnunturrah.	M.

ASTRONOMICAL TABLE.

60 Seconds (")	make	1 Minute.	(')
60 Minutes	"	1 Degree.	(°)
30 Degrees	"	1 Sign.	
12 Signs, or 360°	"	1 Circle, or the Zodiac.	

MISCELLANEOUS TABLES.

INTEREST TABLES.

FOR CURRENT GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Rules observed at the Treasury for the calculation of anticipated Interest on New Loans and Interest generally.

1. Interest to be paid by the month: each month to be taken as one-twelfth of a year, and to consist of thirty days or parts.
2. In cases where it may be necessary to calculate interest on the fractional parts of a month of thirty-one days, the extra day is to be struck out.
3. Application of above Rule to a Loan on which the half-yearly interest falls due on the 31st December and 30th June of each year.
4. A person subscribing on the 27th October would be entitled to Anticipation Interest from 27th October to 30th December, for two months and three days, thus:
5. From 27th October to 26th December, for two months or two-twelfths of a year.
6. From 27th to 30th December, three days or three-thirtieths of one-twelfth.
7. A person subscribing to the Loan on the 29th December would be entitled to only one day's Anticipation Interest, on the 30th he would not be entitled to pay.
8. A person subscribing to the three-and-a-half per cent. loan on any day in that month previous to the 28th February 1854, is entitled to interest from the day of subscription to the 27th February, both days inclusive, and for each day he will receive one thirtieth of one-twelfth—thus: if he subscribes on the 3rd February, he will receive twenty-five-thirtieths, and if on the 1st February, twenty-seven-thirtieths, of a month's interest.

Interest for One Year.

Principal.	$\frac{1}{2}$ per cent.	3 per cent.	4 per cent.	5 per cent.	6 per cent.
Rs. 10,000	50 0 0	300 0 0	400 0 0	500 0 0	600 0 0
5,000	25 0 0	150 0 0	200 0 0	250 0 0	300 0 0
4,000	20 0 0	120 0 0	160 0 0	200 0 0	240 0 0
3,000	15 0 0	90 0 0	120 0 0	150 0 0	180 0 0
2,000	10 0 0	60 0 0	80 0 0	100 0 0	120 0 0
1,000	5 0 0	30 0 0	40 0 0	50 0 0	60 0 0
500	2 5 0	15 0 0	20 0 0	25 0 0	30 0 0
400	2 0 0	12 0 0	16 0 0	20 0 0	24 0 0
300	1 8 0	9 0 0	12 0 0	15 0 0	18 0 0
200	1 0 0	6 0 0	8 0 0	10 0 0	12 0 0
100	0 8 0	3 0 0	4 0 0	5 0 0	6 0 0
50	0 4 0	1 8 0	2 0 0	2 8 0	3 0 0

Interest for Six Months.

Principal.	$\frac{1}{2}$ per cent.	3 per cent.	4 per cent.	5 per cent.	6 per cent.
Rs. 10,000	25 0 0	150 0 0	200 0 0	250 0 0	300 0 0
5,000	12 8 0	75 0 0	100 0 0	125 0 0	150 0 0
4,000	10 0 0	60 0 0	80 0 0	100 0 0	120 0 0
3,000	7 8 0	45 0 0	60 0 0	75 0 0	90 0 0
2,000	5 0 0	30 0 0	40 0 0	50 0 0	60 0 0
1,000	2 8 0	15 0 0	20 0 0	25 0 0	30 0 0
500	1 4 0	7 8 0	10 0 0	12 8 0	15 0 0
400	1 0 0	6 0 0	8 0 0	10 0 0	12 0 0
300	0 12 0	4 8 0	6 0 0	7 8 0	9 0 0
200	0 8 0	3 0 0	4 0 0	5 0 0	6 0 0
100	0 4 0	1 8 0	2 0 0	2 8 0	3 0 0
50	0 2 0	0 12 0	1 0 0	1 4 0	1 8 0

Interest for Three Months.

Principal.	$\frac{1}{2}$ per cent.	3 per cent.	4 per cent.	5 per cent.	6 per cent.
Rs. 10,000	12 8 0	75 0 0	100 0 0	125 0 0	150 0 0
5,000	6 4 0	37 8 0	50 0 0	62 8 0	75 0 0
4,000	5 0 0	30 0 0	40 0 0	50 0 0	60 0 0
3,000	3 12 0	22 8 0	30 0 0	37 8 0	45 0 0
2,000	2 8 0	15 0 0	20 0 0	25 0 0	30 0 0
1,000	1 4 0	7 8 0	10 0 0	12 8 0	15 0 0
500	0 10 0	3 12 0	5 0 0	6 4 0	7 8 0
400	0 8 0	3 0 0	4 0 0	5 0 0	6 0 0
300	0 6 0	2 4 0	3 0 0	3 12 0	4 8 0
200	0 4 0	1 8 0	2 0 0	2 8 0	3 0 0
100	0 2 0	0 12 0	1 0 0	1 4 0	1 8 0
50	0 1 0	0 6 0	0 8 0	0 10 0	0 12 0

TABLE

For Paying or Receiving Commission at a Quarter, Half, One, Two, Three and Four per Cent.

[illegible]

TABLE showing the rates at from 1 to 20 Rupees per Mound of any commodity, from 1 Star to 1 Mound.

Seers.	At 1 Rupee per Mound.	At 2 Rupees per Mound.	At 3 Rupees per Mound.	At 4 Rupees per Mound.	At 5 Rupees per Mound.	At 6 Rupees per Mound.	At 7 Rupees per Mound.	At 8 Rupees per Mound.	At 9 Rupees per Mound.	At 10 Rupees per Mound.	At 15 Rupees per Mound.	At 20 Rupees per Mound.
1	1000	500	333	250	200	166	142	125	111	100	66	50
2	2000	1000	666	500	400	333	284	250	222	200	133	100
3	3000	1500	1000	750	600	500	428	375	333	300	200	150
4	4000	2000	1333	1000	800	666	571	500	444	400	266	200
5	5000	2500	1666	1250	1000	833	714	625	555	500	333	250
6	6000	3000	2000	1500	1200	1000	857	750	666	600	400	300
7	7000	3500	2333	1750	1400	1166	1000	875	777	700	466	350
8	8000	4000	2666	2000	1600	1333	1142	1000	888	800	533	400
9	9000	4500	3000	2250	1800	1500	1285	1125	1000	900	600	450
10	10000	5000	3333	2500	2000	1666	1428	1250	1111	1000	666	500
11	11000	5500	3666	2750	2200	1833	1571	1375	1222	1100	733	550
12	12000	6000	4000	3000	2400	2000	1714	1500	1333	1200	800	600
13	13000	6500	4333	3250	2600	2166	1857	1625	1444	1300	866	650
14	14000	7000	4666	3500	2800	2333	2000	1750	1555	1400	933	700
15	15000	7500	5000	3750	3000	2500	2142	1875	1666	1500	1000	750
16	16000	8000	5333	4000	3200	2666	2285	2000	1777	1600	1066	800
17	17000	8500	5666	4250	3400	2833	2428	2125	1888	1700	1133	850
18	18000	9000	6000	4500	3600	3000	2571	2250	2000	1800	1200	900
19	19000	9500	6333	4750	3800	3166	2714	2375	2111	1900	1266	950
20	20000	10000	6666	5000	4000	3333	2857	2500	2222	2000	1333	1000

TABLE showing the value of any quantity or number of Goods or Wares, from
to 1,000 at from 1 anna to 10 Rupees each.

Value	At 1 Anna each.	At 2 Annas each.	At 3 Annas each.	At 4 Annas each.	At 5 Annas each.	At 6 Annas each.	At 9 Annas each.	At 12 Annas each.	At 1 Rupee each.	At 2 Rupees each.	At 3 Rupees each.	At 4 Rupees each.	At 6 Rupees each.	At 7 Rupees each.	At 8 Rupees each.	At 9 Rupees each.	At 10 Rupees each.
1000	62	3125	2187	8260	4312	5375	0	750	0	1000	2000	3000	4000	5000	6000	7000	8000
900	56	2812	1868	7225	3981	4937	0	675	0	900	1800	2700	3600	4500	5400	6300	7200
800	50	2600	1751	6750	3600	4500	0	600	0	800	1600	2400	3200	4000	4800	5600	6400
700	43	2375	1613	6175	3218	4062	0	525	0	700	1400	2100	2800	3500	4200	4900	5600
600	37	2150	1475	5625	2850	3600	0	450	0	600	1200	1800	2400	3000	3600	4200	4800
500	31	1925	1337	5100	2468	3150	0	375	0	500	1000	1500	2000	2500	3000	3500	4000
400	25	1700	1200	4575	2081	2675	0	300	0	400	800	1200	1600	2000	2400	2800	3200
300	18	1475	1062	4050	1693	2150	0	225	0	300	600	900	1200	1500	1800	2100	2400
200	12	975	700	2700	1125	1425	0	150	0	200	400	600	800	1000	1200	1400	1600
100	6	487	350	1350	562	712	0	75	0	100	200	300	400	500	600	700	800
90	5	437	312	1225	500	637	0	67	0	90	180	270	360	450	540	630	720
80	4	387	275	1100	437	562	0	60	0	80	160	240	320	400	480	560	640
70	3	337	237	975	375	487	0	52	0	70	140	210	280	350	420	490	560
60	3	287	200	850	312	425	0	45	0	60	120	180	240	300	360	420	480
50	2	237	162	725	250	362	0	37	0	50	100	150	200	250	300	350	400
40	2	187	125	600	187	300	0	30	0	40	80	120	160	200	240	280	320
30	1	137	87	475	125	212	0	22	0	30	60	90	120	150	180	210	240
20	1	87	50	350	87	150	0	15	0	20	40	60	80	100	120	140	160
10	0	37	12	175	37	75	0	7	0	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80
9	0	32	11	162	32	62	0	6	0	9	18	27	36	45	54	63	72
8	0	27	10	150	27	50	0	5	0	8	16	24	32	40	48	56	64
7	0	22	9	137	22	43	0	4	0	7	14	21	28	35	42	49	56
6	0	17	8	125	17	37	0	3	0	6	12	18	24	30	36	42	48
5	0	12	7	112	12	33	0	2	0	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40
4	0	7	6	100	7	25	0	1	0	4	8	12	16	20	24	28	32
3	0	5	5	87	6	20	0	0	0	3	6	9	12	15	18	21	24
2	0	3	3	75	4	16	0	0	0	2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16
1	0	2	2	62	3	13	0	0	0	1	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
0	0	1	1	50	2	10	0	0	0	0	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
0	0	0	0	37	1	6	0	0	0	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
0	0	0	0	25	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
0	0	0	0	12	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	3	4	5
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	3	4
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	3
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

TABLE OF EXPENSE, INCOME, OR WAGES.

From 8 Annas to 16 Rupees per month, for a Month of Thirty-one Days, showing the amount for one or more days.

Days.	8 Annas.	1 Rs.	2 Rs.	3 Rs.	4 Rs.	5 Rs.	6 Rs.	7 Rs.	8 Rs.	9 Rs.	10 Rs.	12 Rs.	15 Rs.	Days.
	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
1	0 0 8	0 0 6	0 1 0	0 1 6	0 2 0	0 2 6	0 3 1	0 3 7	0 4 1	0 4 7	0 5 1	0 6 2	0 6 3	1
2	0 0 9	0 0 7	0 1 1	0 1 7	0 2 1	0 2 7	0 3 2	0 3 8	0 4 2	0 4 8	0 5 2	0 6 3	0 6 4	2
3	0 0 9	0 0 8	0 1 2	0 1 8	0 2 2	0 2 8	0 3 3	0 3 9	0 4 3	0 4 9	0 5 3	0 6 4	0 6 5	3
4	0 1 0	0 0 9	0 1 3	0 1 9	0 2 3	0 2 9	0 3 4	0 4 0	0 4 4	0 5 0	0 5 4	0 6 5	0 6 6	4
5	0 1 1	0 1 0	0 1 4	0 2 0	0 2 4	0 3 0	0 3 5	0 4 1	0 4 5	0 5 1	0 5 5	0 6 6	0 6 7	5
6	0 1 2	0 1 1	0 1 5	0 2 1	0 2 5	0 3 1	0 3 6	0 4 2	0 4 6	0 5 2	0 5 6	0 6 7	0 6 8	6
7	0 1 3	0 1 2	0 1 6	0 2 2	0 2 6	0 3 2	0 3 7	0 4 3	0 4 7	0 5 3	0 5 7	0 6 8	0 6 9	7
8	0 1 4	0 1 3	0 1 7	0 2 3	0 2 7	0 3 3	0 3 8	0 4 4	0 4 8	0 5 4	0 5 8	0 6 9	0 7 0	8
9	0 1 5	0 1 4	0 1 8	0 2 4	0 2 8	0 3 4	0 3 9	0 4 5	0 4 9	0 5 5	0 5 9	0 7 0	0 7 1	9
10	0 1 6	0 1 5	0 1 9	0 2 5	0 2 9	0 3 5	0 4 0	0 4 6	0 5 0	0 5 6	0 6 0	0 7 1	0 7 2	10
11	0 1 7	0 1 6	0 2 0	0 2 6	0 3 0	0 3 6	0 4 1	0 4 7	0 5 1	0 5 7	0 6 1	0 7 2	0 7 3	11
12	0 1 8	0 1 7	0 2 1	0 2 7	0 3 1	0 3 7	0 4 2	0 4 8	0 5 2	0 5 8	0 6 2	0 7 3	0 7 4	12
13	0 1 9	0 1 8	0 2 2	0 2 8	0 3 2	0 3 8	0 4 3	0 4 9	0 5 3	0 5 9	0 6 3	0 7 4	0 7 5	13
14	0 2 0	0 1 9	0 2 3	0 2 9	0 3 3	0 3 9	0 4 4	0 5 0	0 5 4	0 6 0	0 6 4	0 7 5	0 7 6	14
15	0 2 1	0 2 0	0 2 4	0 3 0	0 3 4	0 4 0	0 4 5	0 5 1	0 5 5	0 6 1	0 6 5	0 7 6	0 7 7	15
16	0 2 2	0 2 1	0 2 5	0 3 1	0 3 5	0 4 1	0 4 6	0 5 2	0 5 6	0 6 2	0 6 6	0 7 7	0 7 8	16
17	0 2 3	0 2 2	0 2 6	0 3 2	0 3 6	0 4 2	0 4 7	0 5 3	0 5 7	0 6 3	0 6 7	0 7 8	0 7 9	17
18	0 2 4	0 2 3	0 2 7	0 3 3	0 3 7	0 4 3	0 4 8	0 5 4	0 5 8	0 6 4	0 6 8	0 7 9	0 8 0	18
19	0 2 5	0 2 4	0 2 8	0 3 4	0 3 8	0 4 4	0 4 9	0 5 5	0 5 9	0 6 5	0 6 9	0 8 0	0 8 1	19
20	0 2 6	0 2 5	0 2 9	0 3 5	0 3 9	0 4 5	0 5 0	0 5 6	0 6 0	0 6 6	0 7 0	0 8 1	0 8 2	20
21	0 2 7	0 2 6	0 3 0	0 3 6	0 4 0	0 4 6	0 5 1	0 5 7	0 6 1	0 6 7	0 7 1	0 8 2	0 8 3	21
22	0 2 8	0 2 7	0 3 1	0 3 7	0 4 1	0 4 7	0 5 2	0 5 8	0 6 2	0 6 8	0 7 2	0 8 3	0 8 4	22
23	0 2 9	0 2 8	0 3 2	0 3 8	0 4 2	0 4 8	0 5 3	0 5 9	0 6 3	0 6 9	0 7 3	0 8 4	0 8 5	23
24	0 3 0	0 2 9	0 3 3	0 3 9	0 4 3	0 4 9	0 5 4	0 6 0	0 6 4	0 7 0	0 7 4	0 8 5	0 8 6	24
25	0 3 1	0 3 0	0 3 4	0 4 0	0 4 4	0 5 0	0 5 5	0 6 1	0 6 5	0 7 1	0 7 5	0 8 6	0 8 7	25
26	0 3 2	0 3 1	0 3 5	0 4 1	0 4 5	0 5 1	0 5 6	0 6 2	0 6 6	0 7 2	0 7 6	0 8 7	0 8 8	26
27	0 3 3	0 3 2	0 3 6	0 4 2	0 4 6	0 5 2	0 5 7	0 6 3	0 6 7	0 7 3	0 7 7	0 8 8	0 8 9	27
28	0 3 4	0 3 3	0 3 7	0 4 3	0 4 7	0 5 3	0 5 8	0 6 4	0 6 8	0 7 4	0 7 8	0 8 9	0 9 0	28
29	0 3 5	0 3 4	0 3 8	0 4 4	0 4 8	0 5 4	0 5 9	0 6 5	0 6 9	0 7 5	0 7 9	0 9 0	0 9 1	29
30	0 3 6	0 3 5	0 3 9	0 4 5	0 4 9	0 5 5	0 6 0	0 6 6	0 7 0	0 7 6	0 8 0	0 9 1	0 9 2	30
31	0 3 7	0 3 6	0 4 0	0 4 6	0 5 0	0 5 6	0 6 1	0 6 7	0 7 1	0 7 7	0 8 1	0 9 2	0 9 3	31

TABLE OF DAILY PAY OR ALLOWANCE

Rupess per month	Of 28 Days			Of 29 Days			Of 30 Days			Of 31 Days		
1	0	0	7	0	0	7	0	0	7	0	0	6
2	0	1	2	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	0
3	0	1	9	0	1	8	0	1	7	0	1	7
4	0	2	3	0	2	2	0	2	2	0	2	1
5	0	2	10	0	2	9	0	2	9	0	2	7
6	0	3	5	0	3	4	0	3	3	0	3	1
7	0	4	0	0	3	10	0	3	9	0	3	7
8	0	4	7	0	4	5	0	4	4	0	4	2
9	0	5	2	0	5	0	0	4	10	0	4	8
10	0	5	9	0	5	6	0	5	4	0	5	2
11	0	6	3	0	6	1	0	5	10	0	5	8
12	0	6	10	0	6	7	0	6	5	0	6	3
13	0	7	5	0	7	2	0	6	11	0	6	9
14	0	8	0	0	7	9	0	7	6	0	7	3
15	0	8	7	0	8	3	0	7	0	0	7	9
16	0	9	2	0	8	10	0	8	0	0	8	3
17	0	9	9	0	9	5	0	8	8	0	8	9
18	0	10	3	0	9	11	0	9	1	0	9	3
19	0	10	10	0	10	6	0	10	2	0	9	10
20	0	11	5	0	11	0	0	10	8	0	10	4
21	0	12	0	0	11	7	0	11	2	0	10	10
22	0	12	7	0	12	2	0	11	9	0	11	4
23	0	13	2	0	12	8	0	12	3	0	11	10
24	0	13	9	0	13	3	0	12	10	0	12	6
25	0	14	3	0	13	10	0	13	4	0	12	11
26	0	14	10	0	14	4	0	13	10	0	13	5
27	0	15	5	0	14	11	0	14	5	0	13	11
28	1	0	0	0	15	5	0	14	11	0	14	5
29	1	0	7	1	0	0	1	5	5	0	15	0
30	1	1	2	1	0	7	1	0	0	0	15	6
31	1	1	9	1	1	1	1	0	6	1	0	0
32	1	2	3	1	1	8	1	1	1	1	0	6
33	1	2	10	1	2	2	1	1	7	1	1	0
34	1	3	5	1	2	9	1	2	3	1	1	7
35	1	4	0	1	3	4	1	2	8	1	2	1
36	1	4	7	1	3	10	1	3	2	1	2	7
37	1	5	2	1	4	5	1	3	9	1	3	1
38	1	5	9	1	5	0	1	4	3	1	3	7
39	1	6	3	1	5	6	1	4	10	1	4	2
40	1	6	10	1	6	1	1	5	4	1	4	8
41	1	7	5	1	6	7	1	5	12	1	5	2
42	1	7	0	1	7	2	1	6	5	1	5	8
43	1	8	7	1	7	9	1	6	11	1	6	2
44	1	9	2	1	8	3	1	7	0	1	6	9
45	1	9	9	1	8	10	1	8	0	1	7	3
46	1	10	3	1	9	5	1	8	6	1	7	9
47	1	10	10	1	9	11	1	9	1	1	8	3
48	1	11	5	1	10	6	1	9	7	1	8	9
49	1	12	0	1	11	0	1	10	2	1	9	3
50	1	12	7	1	11	7	1	10	8	1	9	10
51	1	13	2	1	12	2	1	11	2	1	10	4
52	1	13	9	1	12	8	1	11	9	1	10	10
53	1	14	3	1	13	3	1	12	3	1	11	4
54	1	14	10	1	13	10	1	12	10	1	11	10
55	1	15	5	1	14	4	1	13	4	1	12	6
56	2	0	0	1	14	11	1	13	10	1	12	11
57	2	0	7	1	5	5	1	14	5	1	13	5
58	2	1	2	2	0	0	1	14	11	1	12	12

TABLE OF DAILY PAY OR ALLOWANCE.—Continued.

Rupees per month.	Of 28 Days.	Of 28 Days.	Of 28 Days.	Of 21 Days.
59	2 1 9	2 0 7	1 18 8	1 14 5
60	2 2 8	2 1 1	2 0 0	1 15 0
61	2 2 10	2 1 8	2 0 6	1 15 6
62	2 3 5	2 2 2	2 1 1	2 0 0
63	2 4 6	2 2 8	2 1 7	2 0 6
64	2 4 7	2 3 4	2 2 2	2 1 0
65	2 5 2	2 3 10	2 2 8	2 1 7
66	2 5 9	2 4 5	2 3 2	2 2 1
67	2 6 3	2 5 0	2 3 9	2 2 7
68	2 6 10	2 5 6	2 4 2	2 3 1
69	2 7 5	2 6 1	2 4 10	2 3 7
70	2 8 0	2 6 7	2 5 4	2 4 2
71	2 8 7	2 7 2	2 5 10	2 4 8
72	2 9 2	2 7 9	2 6 5	2 5 2
73	2 9 9	2 8 8	2 6 11	2 5 8
74	2 10 3	2 8 10	2 7 6	2 6 2
75	2 10 9	2 9 5	2 8 0	2 6 9
76	2 11 5	2 9 11	2 8 6	2 7 3
77	2 12 0	2 10 6	2 9 1	2 7 9
78	2 12 7	2 11 0	2 9 7	2 8 3
79	2 13 2	2 11 7	2 10 2	2 8 9
80	2 13 9	2 12 2	2 10 8	2 9 3
81	2 14 3	2 12 8	2 11 3	2 9 10
82	2 14 10	2 13 3	2 11 9	2 10 4
83	2 15 5	2 13 10	2 12 3	2 10 10
84	3 0 0	2 14 4	2 12 10	2 11 4
85	3 0 7	2 14 11	2 13 4	2 11 10
86	3 1 2	2 15 5	2 13 10	2 12 5
87	3 1 9	3 0 0	2 14 5	2 12 11
88	3 2 3	3 0 7	2 14 11	2 13 5
89	3 2 10	3 1 1	2 15 6	2 13 11
90	3 3 5	3 1 8	3 0 0	2 14 5
91	3 4 0	3 2 3	3 0 6	2 15 0
92	3 4 7	3 2 9	3 1 1	2 15 6
93	3 5 2	3 3 4	3 1 7	2 0 0
94	3 5 9	3 3 10	3 2 2	2 0 6
95	3 6 3	3 4 5	3 2 8	2 1 0
96	3 6 10	3 5 0	3 3 3	2 1 7
97	3 7 5	3 5 6	3 3 9	2 2 1
98	3 8 0	3 6 1	3 4 5	2 2 7
99	3 8 7	3 6 7	3 4 10	2 3 1
100	3 9 2	3 7 2	3 5 4	2 3 7
200	7 2 3	6 14 4	6 10 8	6 7 3
300	10 11 5	10 5 6	10 0 0	9 10 10
400	14 4 7	13 12 8	13 5 4	12 14 5
500	17 13 9	17 3 10	16 16 3	16 2 1
600	21 6 10	20 11 0	20 0 0	19 5 8
700	25 0 0	24 2 2	23 5 4	22 9 5
800	28 9 2	27 9 5	26 16 8	25 12 11
900	32 2 3	31 0 7	30 0 0	29 0 6
1,000	35 11 5	34 7 9	33 5 4	32 4 2
2,000	71 6 10	68 15 3	66 10 3	64 8 9
3,000	107 3 3	103 7 3	100 0 0	96 12 5
4,000	143 13 9	137 14 11	133 5 4	129 0 6
5,000	178 9 2	172 0 7	168 10 8	161 4 3
6,000	214 4 6	206 14 4	200 0 0	193 8 2
7,000	250 0 9	241 6 1	233 5 4	225 12 11
8,000	285 11 5	275 23 10	266 10 3	258 1 0
9,000	321 6 10	310 5 6	300 0 0	290 5 3
10,000	357 2 3	344 19 2	333 5 4	323 9 3

BAZAR WEIGHT CONVERTED INTO FACTORY AND ENGLISH WEIGHTS.

Bazar weight.			Factory weight.			Dec.	English weight.					
Mds.	sr.	ck.	Mds.	sr.	ck.		Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	lbs.	oz.	drs.
1,000	0	0	1,100	0	0	...	36	13	1	9	5	5
500	0	0	550	0	0	...	18	6	2	18	10	10
100	0	0	110	0	0	...	3	13	1	9	5	5
50	0	0	55	0	0	...	1	16	2	18	10	10
30	0	0	33	0	0	...	1	2	0	0	0	0
10	0	0	11	0	0	...	...	7	1	9	5	5
5	0	0	5	20	0	...	...	3	2	18	10	10
3	0	0	3	12	0	...	...	2	0	22	6	6
1	0	0	1	4	0	...	...	...	2	26	2	2
...	30	0	...	33	0	...	...	...	2	5	9	9
...	20	0	...	22	0	...	...	...	1	13	1	1
...	10	0	...	11	0	...	...	...	...	20	8	8
...	9	0	...	9	14	4	...	...	...	18	7	10
...	8	0	...	8	12	8	...	...	...	16	6	13
...	7	0	...	7	11	2	...	...	...	14	5	15
...	6	0	...	6	9	6	...	...	...	12	5	1
...	5	0	...	5	8	0	...	...	...	10	4	4
...	4	0	...	4	6	4	...	...	...	8	3	6
...	3	0	...	3	4	8	...	...	...	6	2	8
...	2	0	...	2	3	2	...	...	...	4	1	11
...	1	0	...	1	1	6	...	...	...	2	0	13
...	...	8	...	...	8	8	...	...	...	1	0	6
...	...	4	...	...	4	4	...	...	...	...	8	3
...	...	3	...	...	3	3	...	...	...	...	6	2
...	...	2	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	4	1
...	...	1	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	2	0

FACTORY WEIGHT CONVERTED INTO BAZAR AND ENGLISH WEIGHTS.

Factory weight.			Bazar weight.			Dec.	English weight.					
Mds.	sr.	ck.	Mds.	sr.	ck.		Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	lbs.	oz.	drs.
1,000	0	0	909	3	10	18	33	6	2	18	10	10
500	0	0	454	21	13	09	16	13	1	9	5	5
100	0	0	90	36	5	81	3	6	2	18	10	10
50	0	0	45	18	2	90	1	13	1	9	5	5
30	0	0	27	10	14	54	1	0	0	0	0	0
10	0	0	9	3	10	18	...	6	2	18	10	10
5	0	0	4	21	13	09	...	3	1	9	5	5
3	0	0	2	29	1	45	...	2	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	...	36	5	81	...	...	2	18	10	10
...	30	0	...	27	4	36	...	...	2	0	0	0
...	20	0	...	18	2	90	...	...	1	9	5	5
...	10	0	...	9	1	45	...	...	...	18	10	10
...	9	0	...	8	2	90	...	...	...	16	12	12
...	8	0	...	7	4	36	...	...	...	14	14	14
...	7	0	...	6	5	81	...	...	...	13	1	1
...	6	0	...	5	7	27	...	...	...	11	3	3
...	5	0	...	4	8	72	...	...	...	9	5	5
...	4	0	...	3	10	18	...	...	...	7	7	7
...	3	0	...	2	11	63	...	...	...	5	9	9
...	2	0	...	1	13	09	...	...	...	3	11	11
...	1	0	...	...	14	54	...	...	...	1	13	13
...	...	8	...	...	7	27	...	...	...	...	14	14
...	...	4	...	...	3	63	...	...	...	...	7	7
...	...	3	...	...	2	72	...	...	...	...	5	9
...	...	2	...	...	1	81	...	...	...	...	3	11
...	...	1	...	...	...	90	...	...	...	...	1	13

The sale maund is 24 per cent. heavier than the Bazar maund, having 82 tola to the seer.

ENGLISH WEIGHT CONVERTED INTO FACTORY AND TARE WEIGHTS

English weight.				Factory weight.				Tare weight.			
Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.	lbs. oz.	Mds.	sr.	ck.	Dec.	Mds.	sr.	ck.	Dec.
1,000	0	0	0	30 000	0	0	.....	27,272	20	1	45
900	0	0	0	27 000	0	0	.....	24,545	18	2	90
800	0	0	0	24 000	0	0	.....	21,818	7	4	36
700	0	0	0	21 000	0	0	.....	19,090	86	5	81
600	0	0	0	18 000	0	0	.....	16,363	25	7	27
500	0	0	0	15 000	0	0	.....	13,636	14	8	72
400	0	0	0	12 000	0	0	.....	10,909	3	10	18
300	0	0	0	9 000	0	0	.....	8,181	32	11	63
200	0	0	0	6 000	0	0	.....	5,454	21	13	09
100	0	0	0	3 000	0	0	.....	2,727	10	14	54
90	0	0	0	2 700	0	0	.....	2,454	21	18	09
80	0	0	0	2 400	0	0	.....	2,181	32	11	63
70	0	0	0	2 100	0	0	.....	1,909	3	10	18
60	0	0	0	1 800	0	0	.....	1,636	14	8	72
50	0	0	0	1 500	0	0	.....	1,363	25	7	27
40	0	0	0	1 200	0	0	.....	1,090	36	5	81
30	0	0	0	900	0	0	.....	818	7	4	36
20	0	0	0	600	0	0	.....	545	18	2	90
10	0	0	0	300	0	0	.....	272	29	1	45
9	0	0	0	270	0	0	.....	245	18	2	90
8	0	0	0	240	0	0	.....	218	7	4	36
7	0	0	0	210	0	0	.....	190	36	5	81
6	0	0	0	180	0	0	.....	163	25	7	27
5	0	0	0	150	0	0	.....	136	14	8	72
4	0	0	0	120	0	0	.....	109	3	10	18
3	0	0	0	90	0	0	.....	81	32	11	63
2	0	0	0	60	0	0	.....	54	21	13	09
1	0	0	0	30	0	0	.....	27	10	14	54
.....	10	0	0	15	0	0	.....	13	25	7	27
.....	9	0	0	13	20	0	.....	12	10	14	54
.....	8	0	0	12	0	0	.....	10	36	5	81
.....	7	0	0	10	20	0	.....	9	21	13	09
.....	6	0	0	9	0	0	.....	8	7	4	36
.....	5	0	0	7	20	0	.....	6	32	11	63
.....	4	0	0	6	0	0	.....	5	18	2	90
.....	3	0	0	4	20	0	.....	4	3	10	18
.....	2	0	0	3	0	0	.....	2	29	1	45
.....	1	0	0	1	20	0	.....	1	14	8	72
.....	2	0	0	30	0	0	.....	27	10	14	54
.....	1	0	0	15	0	0	.....	13	25	7	27
.....	.....	20	.....	10	11	42	.....	9	11	84	.....
.....	.....	10	.....	5	5	71	.....	4	13	92	.....
.....	.....	5	.....	2	10	86	.....	2	6	96	.....
.....	.....	4	.....	2	2	33	.....	1	15	16	.....
.....	.....	3	.....	1	9	71	.....	1	7	37	.....
.....	.....	2	.....	1	1	14	.....	.....	15	58	.....
.....	.....	1	.....	0	8	57	.....	.....	7	79	.....
.....	.....	10	.....	0	5	39	.....	.....	4	87	.....
.....	.....	5	.....	.....	2	37	.....	.....	9	45	.....
.....	.....	4	.....	.....	2	14	.....	.....	1	94	.....
.....	.....	3	.....	.....	1	66	.....	.....	1	46	.....
.....	.....	2	.....	.....	1	07	.....	.....	.....	97	.....
.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	53	.....	.....	.....	48	.....

MEMORANDA.

JANUARY.

MEMORANDA.**FEBRUARY.**

MEMORANDA.

MARCH.

MEMORANDA.**APRIL.**

MEMORANDA.

MAY.

MEMORANDA.**JUNE.**

MEMORANDA.

JULY.

MEMORANDA.**AUGUST.**

MEMORANDA.

SEPTEMBER.

MEMORANDA.**OCTOBER.**

MEMORANDA.

NOVEMBER.

MEMORANDA.**DECEMBER.**

Date.	May.					June.				
	Milk.		Butter.		Loaves.	Milk.		Butter.		Loaves.
	S.	C.	S.	C.	No.	S.	C.	S.	C.	No.
1										
2										
3										
4										
5										
6										
7										
8										
9										
10										
11										
12										
13										
14										
15										
16										
17										
18										
19										
20										
21										
22										
23										
24										
25										
26										
27										
28										
29										
30										
31										

NOTE—The invariable practice now prevailing among Domestics to deny the receipt of their salaries, and the inability of Masters, in many cases, to repudiate those statements, has induced the Compilers to introduce these pages into the book, which will obviate the evil.]

JANUARY.

MEMORANDUM OF SERVANTS' WAGES.

DETAIL OF SERVANTS.	Rate of Wages.	Number of Days served.	AMOUNT.			Signatures of Recipients.
			Rs.	As.	P.	
Cook ...						
Khansamah ...						
Boy ...						
Bearer ...						
Ayah ...						
Tailor ...						
Coachman ...						
Syce ...						
Gardener ...						
Durwan ...						
Washerman ...						
Bhistee ...						
Sweeper ...						
Baker ...						
Butterman ...						
Milkman ...						
Total				

FEBRUARY.

MEMORANDUM OF SERVANTS' WAGES.

DETAIL OF SERVANTS.	Rate of Wages.	Number of Days served.	AMOUNT.			Signatures of Recipients.
			Rs.	As	P	
Cook			
Khansamah ...						
Boy ...						
Bearer ...						
Ayah ...						
Tailor ...						
Coachman ...						
Syce ...						
Gardener ...						
Durwan ...						
Washerman ...						
Bhistee ...						
Sweeper ...						
Baker ...						
Butterman ...						
Milkman ...						
Total ...						

MARCH.

MEMORANDUM OF SERVANTS' WAGES.

DETAIL OF SERVANTS.	Rate of Wages.	Number of Days served.	AMOUNT.			Signatures of Recipients.
			Rs.	As.	P.	
Cook ...						
Khansamah ...						
Boy ...						
Bearer ...						
Ayah ...						
Tailor ...						
Coachman ...						
Syco ...						
Gardener ...						
Durwan ...						
Washerman ..						
Bhistee ...						
Sweeper ...						
Baker ...						
Butterman ...						
Milkman ...						
Total				

APRIL.

MEMORANDUM OF SERVANTS' WAGES.

DETAIL OF SERVANTS.	Rate of Wages.	Number of Days served.	AMOUNT.			Signatures of Recipients.
			Rs.	As.	P.	
Cook ...						
Khansamah ...						
Boy ...						
Bearer ...						
Ayah ...						
Tailor ...						
Coachman ...						
Syce ...						
Gardener ...						
Durwan ...						
Washerman ...						
Bhistee ...						
Sweeper ...						
Baker ...						
Butterman ...						
Milkman ...						
Total				

M A Y.

MEMORANDUM OF SERVANTS' WAGES.

DETAIL OF SERVANTS.	Rate of Wages.	Number of Days served.	AMOUNT.			Signatures of Recipients.
			Ra.	As.	P.	
Cook ...						
Khansamah ...						
Boy ...						
Bearer ...						
Ayah ...						
Tailor ...						
Coachman ...						
Syce ...						
Gardener ...						
Durwan ...						
Washerman ...						
Bhistee ...						
Sweeper ...						
Baker ...						
Butterman ...						
Milkman ...						
Total				

JUNE.

MEMORANDUM OF SERVANTS' WAGES.

DETAIL OF SERVANTS	Rate of Wages	Number of Days served	AMOUNT			Signatures of Recipients.
			Rs	As	P.	
Cook ...						
Khansamah ...						
Boy ...						
Bearer ..						
Ayah ...						
Tailor ...						
Coachman ...						
Syce ...						
Gardener ...						
Durwan ...						
Washerman ...						
Bhistee ...						
Sweeper ...						
Baker ...						
Butterman						
Milkman ...						
Total				

JULY.

MEMORANDUM OF SERVANTS' WAGES.

DETAIL OF SERVANTS	Rate of Wages	Number of Days served	AMOUNT			Signatures of Recipients.
			Rs	As	P	
Cook ...						
Khansamah .						
Boy ...						
Bearer ...						
Ayah ..						
Tailor ...						
Coachman ...						
Syco ...						
Gardener ...						
Durwan ...						
Washerman ...						
Bhistee ...						
Sweeper ...						
Baker ...						
Butterman ...						
Milkman ..						
Total				

AUGUST.

MEMORANDUM OF SERVANTS' WAGES.

DETAIL OF SERVANTS.	Rate of Wages.	Number of Days served.	AMOUNT.			Signatures of Recipients.
			Rs.	As.	P.	
Cook ...						
Khansamah ...						
Boy ...						
Bearer ...						
Ayah ...						
Tailor ...						
Coachman ...						
Syce ...						
Gardener ...						
Durwan ..						
Washerman . .						
Bhistee ...						
Sweeper ...						
Baker ...						
Butterman ...						
Milkman ...						
Total ...						

SEPTEMBER.

MEMORANDUM OF SERVANTS' WAGES.

DETAIL OF SERVANTS.	Rate of Wages.	Number of Days served.	AMOUNT.			Signatures of Recipients.
			Rs.	As.	P.	
Cook ...						
Khansamah ...						
Boy ...						
Bearer ...						
Ayah ...						
Tailor ...						
Coachman ...						
Syce ...						
Gardener ...						
Durwan ...						
Washerman ...						
Bhistee ...						
Sweeper ...						
Baker ...						
Butterman ...						
Milkman ...						
Total				

OCTOBER.

MEMORANDUM OF SERVANTS' WAGES.

DETAIL OF SERVANTS.	Rate of Wages.	Number of Days served.	AMOUNT.			Signatures of Recipients.
			Rs.	As.	P.	
Cook ...						
Khansamah ...						
Boy ...						
Bearer ...						
Ayah ...						
Tailor ...						
Coachman ...						
Syce ...						
Gardener ...						
Durwan ...						
Washerman ...						
Bhistee ...						
Sweeper ...						
Baker ...						
Butterman ...						
Milkman ...						
Total ...						

NOVEMBER.

MEMORANDUM OF SERVANTS' WAGES.

DETAIL OF SERVANTS.	Rate of Wages.	Number of Days served.	AMOUNT.			Signatures of Recipients.
			Rs.	Aa.	P.	
Cook ...						
Khansamah ...						
Boy ...						
Bearer ...						
Ayah ...						
Tailor ...						
Coachman ...						
Syce ...						
Gardener ...						
Durwan ...						
Washerman ...						
Bhistee ...						
Sweeper ...						
Baker ...						
Butterman ...						
Milkman ...						
Total				

DECEMBER.

MEMORANDUM OF SERVANTS' WAGES.

DETAIL OF SERVANTS.	Rate of Wages.	Number of Days served.	AMOUNT.			Signatures of Recipients.
			Rs.	As.	P.	
Cook ...						
Khansamah ...						
Boy ...						
Bearer ...						
Ayah ...						
Tailor ...						
Coachman ...						
Syce ...						
Gardener ...						
Durwan ...						
Washerman ...						
Bhistee ...						
Sweeper ...						
Baker ...						
Butterman ...						
Milkman ...						
Total				

April

LADIES'

Dresses	...	...
Chintz Skirts	...	...
White Ditto	...	...
Body Petticoats	...	...
Dressing Gowns	...	...
Night Ditto	...	...
Chemises	...	...
Drawers	...	...
Jackets	...	...
Bodies	...	...
Cuffs and Collars	...	...
Handkerchiefs	...	...
Stockings	...	...
Flannels	...	...
Stays	...	...

CHILDREN'S

Frocks	...	...
Petticoats	...	...
Pinafores	...	...
Jackets	...	...
Drawers	...	...
Bodies	...	...
Morning Shirts...	...	...
Day Ditto	...	...
Night Ditto	...	...
Trowsers	...	...
Flannels	...	...
Socks	..	...
Goodries	...	...
Clouts	...	...
Jungias	...	...

[illegible]

ARTICLES	November				December			
GENTLEMEN'S								
Pantaloon	...							
Shirts	...							
Coats						
Waistcoats						
Short Drawers	..							
Collars						
Socks	..							
Dressing Gowns								
Night Shirts								
Ditto Drawers								
Flannels	...							
Handkerchiefs	.							
MISCELLANEOUS.								
Table Cloths	...							
Table Napkins	...							
Dusters	...							
Couch & Chair Covers								
Window & Door Purdahs								
Punkah Fringes								
Towels	.							
Bathing Ditto	..							
Coarse Ditto	...							
Bed Sheets	...							
Pillow Cases	.							
Bed Curtains	.							
Counterpanes	.							
Blankets						
Bedroom Dressers...	.							

LIST

or

Roads, Streets, & Lanes, throughout Calcutta.



- Aga Kurbulla Mahomed's street, 10, Portuguese Church street
 Aheereetollah street, 105, Durmahatta street
 Albert road, 8, Camac street
 Amherst street, 167, Bow Bazar street
 Amratollah street, 71, Canning street
 Amratollah lane, 3, Amratollah street
 Anees Barber's lane, 33, South Cullingah street
 Anthony Bagan lane, 58, Upper Circular road, town side
 Annund Khan's lane, 21, Baniatollah street
 Anundchunder Chatterjee's lane, 28, Bagh Bazar street
 Arkooly lane, 99, Champatollah 2nd lane
 Armenian street, 7, Khengraputty street
 Arpooly lane, 34, College street
 Aushootosh Dey's lane, 97, Bulloram Dey's street

 Baboo Lall's lane, 79, Cotton street
 Babooram Ghose's lane, 28, Aheereetollah street
 Babooram Seal's lane, 18, Scavenger's lane
 Bacharam Chatterjee's lane, 37, Kallipersand Dutt's street
 Bachoo Chatterjee's street, 4, Cornwallis street
 Bagh Bazar street, 198, Upper Chitpore road
 Bakery road, Hastings
 Balakhanua street, 15, ditto
 Bacharam Ukoor's lane, 72, Sakarytollah lane
 Baniatollah lane, 7, College square
 Baniatollah street, 130, Durmahatta street
 Bankshall street, 3, Coilah Ghaut street
 Banstollah gully, 52, Burtollah street
 Banstollah lane, 11, Government place
 Banstollah street, 33, Moirahatta street
 Baranussee Ghose's street, 75, Upper Chitpore road
 Barretto's lane, 4, Mangoe lane
 Bazar road, Hastings
 Beadon street, 27, Upper Chitpore road
 Beerchand Gosain's lane
 Bentinck (late Cossitollah) street, 12, Loll Bazar street
 Benodbehary Shaw's lane, 79, Manicktollah street
 Beparreetollah lane, 30, Emambagh lane

 Bheem Ghose's lane, 38, Hurry Ghose's street
 Bhobanychurn Dutt's lane, 1, Halliday street
 Bhobanychurn Dutt's 1st lane, 15, Bhobanychurn Dutt's lane
 Bholanath Coondoo's lane
 Bhobun Banerjee's lane, 92, Mooktaram Baboo's street
 Bhobun Chatterjee's lane, 55-2, Baronee Ghose's street
 Bhobun Mohun Dhr's lane, 131, Amherst street
 Bhugwan Banerjee's lane, 155, Aheereetollah street
 Bhoyrub Biswas' lane, 37, Manicktollah street
 Bibee Rozio's lane, 12, College street
 Bindoo Palit's lane, 56, Chassah Dhobaparah street
 Biprodoss Dey's lane, 1, Nather Bagan lane
 Bissumbhur Mullick's lane, 6, Bonomally Sircar's street
 Bissonath Moteelall's lane, 12, Hidaram Banerjee's lane
 Blackburn's lane, 88, Choona gully
 Bonfield's lane, 33, Olive street
 Borthoo Oostagur's lane, 96, Old Boytakhanah Bazar road
 Boloram Dey's street, 151, Baranussee Ghose's street
 Boloram Ghose's street, 47, Sham Bazar street
 Boloram Mozoomdar's street, 68, Sobha Bazar street
 Bonomallee Sircar's street, 263, Upper Chitpore road
 Boseparah lane, 14, Bagh Bazar street
 Bow Bazar lane, 39, Bow Bazar street
 Bow Bazar street (North Side) 12, Loll Bazar street
 Bow Bazar street (South side) 149, Dhurumtollah street
 Brahmaj lane, 9, Sakareetollah street
 Brindaban Bose's lane, 42, Hurry Ghose's street
 Brindaban Banerjee's lane, 10, Gour Laha's street
 Brindaban Ghose's lane, 40, Sakareetollah lane
 Brindaban Mullick's lane, 38, Sukeas' street
 Ditto ditto 1st lane

Brindaban Pal's lane, 90, Sham Bazar street
 Brindaban Pal's 1st lane, 5, Brindaban Pal's lane
 British Indian street, 2, Old Court House street
 Borjokola's street
 Brojogondo Shakti's lane, 193, Dhurmahatta street
 Brojonath Dutt's lane, 16, Panchanantollah lane
 Brojoo Dookall's street, 54, Rutton Sircar's garden street.
 Burtollah street, 14, Moirahatta street.
 Bysack's lane, 63, Banstollah street

Camao street, 7, Park street
 Canning street, 28, Strand road
 Carey's Church lane, 22, Amherst street
 Champatollah lane, 20, Chooona gully
 Champatollah 1st lane, 42, Champatollah 2nd lane
 Ditto 2nd lane, 18, College street
 Chaudney Chowk 1st lane, 8, Merodith's lane.
 Ditto ditto 2nd lane, 6, Howe's lane
 Ditto ditto street, 39, Trambang lane
 Chaudputty road, 8, Muldun Pal's lane
 Chapel road, (Hastings)
 Chassah Dhubaparah street, 149, Baranasee Ghose's street
 Chattrawallah lane, 8, Lower Chitpore road
 Chatterjee's lane, 57, Upper Chitpore road
 Chodan Moody's lane, 33, Durzeeparah street
 China Bazar lane, 103, Old China Bazar street
 Chitpore Road, Lower, 311, Bow Bazar
 Ditto, Upper, 87, Lower Chitpore road
 Chitpore Bridge road, from Bang Bazar Bridge
 Choolarparah lane, 52, Champatollah 2nd lane.
 Chowder's lane, 13, Sham Bazar street
 Chowringhee lane, 21, Sudder street
 Chowringhee road, junction of Esplanade Row, Dhurumtollah and Bentinck street
 Chucko Khansamah's lane, 37, Upper Circular road
 Chunam Gullee, 273, Bow Bazar street
 Chinnapookoor lane, 171, Bow Bazar street
 Church lane, 5, Hastings' street
 Churrukdangah street, 354, Upper Chitpore road
 Chytun Sen's lane, 51, Wellington street
 Circular Road, Lower (town side) 58, Chowringhee road
 Ditto, Upper (ditto) 149, Bow Bazar street
 Clive Row, 8, Clive street
 Clive street, North-west Dalhousie square
 Clive Ghaut street, 22, Strand road, north Clive row, (Hastings)
 Cockburn's lane, 20, Royd street
 Coffin Ghaut street, 14, Strand road
 Colingah Bazar street, 31, Jann Bazar street
 Colingah 1st lane, 8, Wellesley square

College square, 53, College street
 College street, 211, Bow Bazar street
 Colootollah lane, 13, Colootollah street
 Colootollah street, 31, Southern Chitpore road
 Commercial Buildings, —, Clive street
 Cooper's lane, 11, Bentinck street
 Cornwallis square, 126, Manicktollah street
 Cornwallis street, 76, College street
 Cotton street, 56, Clive street
 Council House street, 10, Hare street
 Creek Row, 12, Wellington square road
 Crooked lane, 6, Dacre's lane
 Cross street, 21, Clive street
 Crouche's lane, 5, St. James's square

Dacre's lane, 1, Waterloo street
 Dalhousie square, 12, Old Court House street
 Damzen's lane, 17, Tiretta Bazar street
 David Joseph's lane, 12, Sukeas' lane
 Dayn's lane, 70, Banatollah street
 Demer Sukhit's lane, 69, Banatollah street
 Deo's lane, 92, Doorgachurn Mitter's street
 Dhubaparah street, 20, Free School street
 Dhokereah Bagan lane, 12, Omachurn Dass's lane
 Dhurumtollah lane, 39, Lower Chitpore road
 Dhurumtollah street, —, Chowringhee road
 Dinga Bhaaga lane, 3, Sakareetollah lane
 Dixon's lane, 12, Oomachurn Dass's lane
 Dookhareah Bagan lane, 48, Serpentine lane
 Dooga Dass Mookerjee's lane
 Doorgachurn Mitter's street, 118, Upper Chitpore road
 Doorgachurn Mookerjee's street, 200, ditto
 Doorgachurn Pithoree's lane, 55, Hidaram Banerjee's lane
 Doyhutta street, 88, Burtollah street
 Durmahatta street, 56, Clive street
 Durponarain Thakoor's lane, 32, Durmahatta street
 Durzeeparah street, 38, Nyanchand Dutt's street
 Dwarkanath Tagore's lane, 59, Upper Chitpore road

Elliot's Road, 17, South Cullingah street
 Elysium Row, 2, Theatre road
 Emamberry lane, 68, Bentinck street
 Emambaugh lane, 37, Emambaugh lane
 Emambaugh 2nd lane, 36, Emambaugh lane
 Esplanade Row, east, 15, Government place
 Ditto ditto west, 1, Strand
 European Asylum lane, 58, Lower Circular road
 Ezra street, 13, Rada Bazar street

Fairlie place, North of Custom House
 Falgoun Dass's lane, 10, Sakareetollah lane
 Fancy lane, 5, Government place

- Fenwick Bazar street, 6, Korbardar's lane
 Fordyce's lane, 184, Bow Bazar street
 Fox's lane, 52, College street
 Free School street, 33, Dhurramtollah street
 Fuckerchand Chackerbutty's lane, 38, Gura-
 rahatta street
 Fuckerchand Dey's lane, 17, Goopee Mohan
 Bose's lane
 Fuckerchand Mitter's street, 81, Machhoo
 Bazar road
 Furria Pookur street, 94, Cornwallis street

 Gangooly's lane, 24, Durmahatta street.
 Gardner's lane, 21, Hareeparah lane
 Garstin's place, 7, Hare street
 Gibson's lane, 28, Bentinck street
 Goa Bagan lane, 33, Bendon street
 Goa Bagan street, 44, Bendon street
 Gobind Chunder Sein's lane, 97, Champa-
 tollah 2nd lane
 Gobind Sircar's lane, 25, Bancharam Ukoor's
 lane
 Gobindchund Dhur's lane, 16, Armenian
 street
 Gobind Chunder Sen's lane, 25, Bancharam
 Ukoor's lane
 Gocool Mitter's lane, 161, Chitpore road
 Goluck Dutt's lane, 23, Bariatollah street
 Gomes's lane, 99, Lower Circular road
 Gooloo Oostagur's lane, 90, Doorgachurn
 Mitter's lane
 Goolighur lane, 57, Chandney Chowk street
 Goopee Sein's lane, 118, Upper Chitpore
 road
 Gopeemohun Bose's lane, 12, Kenderdine's
 lane
 Gopeekishan Pal's lane, 13, Gour Laha's
 street
 Gopeemohun Dutt's lane, 14, Bagh Bazar
 street
 Goopto's lane, 82, Chitpore road
 Gootceenah's lane, 12, Kenderdine's lane
 Gootoprosad Chowdry's lane, 43, Bechoo
 Chatterjee's street
 Gootoprosad Ghose's lane, 49, Gowaltolee
 Gopal Biswas's lane, 6, Bulram Ghose's
 street
 Gopal Chunder's lane, 39, Chooona gully
 Gopalchunder Neogee's lane, 202, Upper
 Chitpore road
 Goristan lane, 28, Park street
 Gossain's lane, 175, Upper Chitpore road
 Gouchurn Dey's lane, 64, Hidarum Baner-
 jee's lane
 Gour Laha's street, 67, Neematollah Ghant
 street
 Gour Mohun Mookerjee's street, 18, Simin
 street
 Gowardhone Dass' lane, 128, Shambazar
 street
 Government place, The Government House
 Gowaltola lane, 123, Jann Bazar street
 Gopalparah lane, 14, Goa Bagan street
 Grant's lane, 81, Bentinck street

 Great's street, 18, Dhurramtollah street
 Gree Baboo's lane, 261, Bow Bazar street
 Grey street, 42, Kalseepernad Dutt's street
 Gudace Khansamah's lane, 28, South Cal-
 lingah street
 Gangadhar Baboo's lane, 240, Bow Bazar
 street
 Gangannarain Dutt's lane, 20, Pathoores
 Ghat street
 Gangaram Palit's lane, 142, Dhurramtollah
 street
 Gauranhatta street, 109, Upper Chitpore road

 Haberley's lane, 269, Bow Bazar street
 Halliday street, 59, Colootollah street
 Hanspookur lane, 71, Bariatollah street
 Ditto 1st lane, 2, Hanspookur lane
 Hare street, 13, Strand road, north
 Hareeparah lane, 45, Toltollah Bazar street
 Harington street, 44, Chowringhee road
 Harkatta lane, 187, Bow Bazar street
 Hartford lane, 11, Lindsay street
 Hastings, south of Port William and north
 of Kidderpore bridge
 Hastings' street, 6, Strand road, north
 Hattibagan street, 78, Cornwallis street
 Hemchunder Kurr's lane, 134, Sham Bazar
 street
 Hilderam Banerjee's lane, 59, Wellington
 street
 Hill's lane, 49, Wellesley street
 Holwell's lane, 54, Mirzapore street
 Hoogulkooreah lane, 76, Cornwallis street
 Hospital lane, 14, Emaumbaz lane
 Howe's lane, 17, Chandney Chowk 1st lane
 Hulodhur Bodun's lane, 26, Hilderam
 Banerjee's lane
 Humayoon place, 17, Chowringhee road
 Hungerford street, 2, Short street
 Hurry Ghose's street, 21, Nyanchand Dutt's
 lane
 Hurry Mohan Bose's street, 163, Musjeed-
 laree street
 Hurree Pal's lane, 11, Cornwallis square
 Hurrinbarce lane, 22, Tiretta Bazar street
 Hurrinbarce 1st lane, 18, Hurrinbarce lane
 Hurrolal Mitter's lane, 72, Bang Bazar
 street
 Hurrolal Dass's lane, 19, Jora Bagan street
 Hurrolal Mitter's lane, 4, Hurrolal Mitter's
 street
 Hurrolal Mitter's 1st lane, 4, Hurrolal Mit-
 ter's lane
 Hurroperwad Dey's lane, 32, Shibtallah
 street
 Hurry Sircar's lane, 128, Mookaram Baboo's
 street
 Huro Dhole's lane, 125, Aheerettollah street
 Hutokey Bagan lane, 114, Manicktollah
 street
 Hazopreemul's Tank lane, 150, Bow Bazar
 street
 Hyat Khan's lane, 81, Old Bytakanah Bazar
 road

Old Court House street, 16 Govt. place.
 Old Post Office street, 5, H. Kings' street
 Oomachura Dass's lane, 67, Free School
 street
 Omceeb Chunder Dutt's lane, Rajah Gooroo-
 Dass's street.
 Oomanath Deb's lane, 32, Beadon street
 Ooryaparah lane, 55, Nellootollah lane
 Ontram street, 5, Short street
 Omes Chunder Dutt's Lane, Rajah Gooroo-
 Dass, street

Panchee Dhobanee's lane, 1, Mudden Mo-
 hun Chatterjee's lane
 Panchoo Khansamah's lane, 30, Old Ey-
 takannah bazar road
 Parbattychurr (Ghose's lane, 33, Baranus-
 see Ghose's street
 Park street, 31, Chowringhee road
 Parser Church street, 15, Ezra street
 Patour Bagan lane, 79, Old Boyakhannah
 Bazar road
 Peary Dass's lane, 4, Manicktollah street
 Pearylah Mullick's lane, 20, Tarachand
 Dutt's street
 Peeroo Khansamah's lane, 71, Wellesley
 street
 Pertabchunder Ghose's lane, 30, Baranussee
 Ghose's street
 Peter's lane, 11, Sreenath Baboo's lane
 Petamber Sein's lane, 97, Mooktaran Bi-
 boo's street
 Pollock street, 18, Radha Bazar street
 Portuguese Church street, 100, Canning
 street
 Prasoogoooor Tagore's street, 67, Parthoo-
 ran Ghat street
 Puddonath's lane, 11, Bulloram Ghose's
 street
 Paryaputty street, 102, Cross street
 Panchanuttollah lane, 17, Hideram Baner-
 jeck's lane
 Panchanuttollah street, 91, Champatollah
 2nd lane
 Pathoorah Ghaut street, 38, Darmahatta
 street
 Pattotollah lane, 68, Mirzapore street
 Pattullahah street, 23, Anilcort street

Radha Bazar lane, 3, Radha Bazar street
 Radha Bazar street, 23, Tell Bazar street
 Radhamadub Pal's lane, 6, Harkatta lane
 Radhamadub Shaw's lane, 39, Mooktaran
 Baboo's street
 Radhanath Bose's lane, 7, Issur Mitter's
 lane
 Radhanath Mullick's lane, 22, Mirzapore
 street
 Rajah Gooroo Dass's street, 6, Beadon
 street
 Rajah Kaleekrishnan's lane, 42, Kulepersaud
 Dutt's street
 Rajah Nobakrishnan's street, 135, Upper
 Chitpore road

Rajah Rajbullah's street, 165, Upper Chit-
 pore road
 Rajah Woodmunt's street, 40, Strand road,
 north
 Rajah's lane, 51, Machee Bazar road
 Rajchunder Sein's lane, 30, Scott's lane
 Rajendernath Sein's lane, 80, Baranussee
 Ghose's street
 Rajkissore Dey's lane, 86, Aheerchollah's
 street
 Rajkisso's lane, 12, Beaton street
 Rajmohun Bose's lane, 30, Dhurmantollah
 lane
 Rajnarain Biswas' lane, 21, Shahu Bazar
 street
 Rananath Mozoomdar's street, 53, Pattoo-
 tollah lane
 Ram Bagan lane, 10, Boloran Dey's street
 Ramchand Nundee's lane, 66, Doorgachurn
 Mitter's street
 Ramchun ler Ghose's lane, 85, Beadon street
 Ramchunder Baunerjee's lane, 78, Cham-
 patollah 2nd lane
 Ramchunder Mourree's lane, 146, Shahu Ba-
 zar street
 Ramcoomar Rokbit's lane, 151, Cation
 street
 Ramdhone Mitter's lane, 43, Telleeparah lane
 Ramchury Ghose's lane, 11, Anilcort street
 Ramchury Mistry's lane, 29, Canning
 Dass's lane
 Ranjan Oostagar's lane, 72, Dornchatta
 street
 Ranjoy Seal's lane, 99, Dootga Churn Mit-
 ter's street
 Ramkristo Bagchi's lane, 183, Manicktol-
 lah street
 Rankunt Mistry's lane, 26, Mirzapore
 street
 Rankunt Bose's street 181, Upper Chit-
 pore road
 Rankunt Bose's lane, 191, Upper Rihitpore
 road
 Rankunt Bose's 1st lane, 8, Rankunt
 Bose's street
 Rankunt Bose's 2nd lane, 77, Rankunt
 Bose's street
 Ramnahun Ghose's lane, 48, Ruttoo Sir-
 car's lane
 Ramnahun Shaw's lane, 8, Goo Bagan
 street
 Ramnahun Mullick's street, 65, Olive street
 Ramnahun Mullick's lane, 89, Cross street
 Ramnarain Bhattacharjee's lane, 29, Dur-
 zeeparah street
 Ram Pal's lane, 51, Baniatollah street
 Rampersaud Shaha's lane, 65, Lower Chit-
 pore road
 Ramsunker Roy's lane, 2, Taltollah Bazar
 street
 Ramtonoo Bose's lane, 60, Bulloram Dey's
 street
 Rawdon street, 25, Park street
 Robinson street, 17, Loudon street

- Roopchand Roy's street, 28, Armenian street
 Roy-Bagan street, 46, Bandon street
 Royd street, 41, Free School street
 Ruffick Serang's lane, 40, Emumbaree lane
 Rugghoonath Chatterjee's street, 24, Sookas' street
 Russell street, 1, Park street
 Rutton Sircar's lane, 73, Colootollah street
 Ruttun Mistry's lane, 14, College square
 Ruttun Sircar's Garden street, 24, Durmahatta street
 Sagore Dhur's lane, 90, Bullonam Dey's street
 Sakareetollah lane, 7, Wellington square
 Sakraparah lane, 91, Bow Bazar street
 Santaram Ghose's street, 99, Sham Bazar street
 Scavenger's lane, 5, Nabootollah lane
 Scott's lane, 1, Amherst street
 Seetaram Ghose's street, 118, Amherst street
 Serang's lane, 39, Taltollah Bazar street
 Serpentine lane, 7, St. James's square
 Seth-bagan lane, 88, Upper Chitpore road
 Shama Bacc's lane, 141, Cotton street
 Sham Bazar street, 66, Rajah Nobokrishen's street
 Shampookur lane, 28, Shampookur street
 Shampookur street, 36, Sham Bazar street
 Shibchunder Dey's lane, 14, Free School street
 Shikristo Dey's lane, 13, Baranussee Ghose's street
 Shibnarain Dass's lane, 20, Cornwallis street
 Shiboo Thakoor's lane, 13, Shibtollah street
 Shibtollah lane, 11, Bow Bazar street
 Shibtollah street, 49, Banstollah street
 Shikdar Bagan street, 82, Cornwallis street
 Shikdarparah lane, 50, Shikdarparah street
 Shikdarparah street, 25, Ruttun Sircar's Garden street
 Short street, 13, Camac street
 Shurif Duffree's lane, 60, South Cullingah street
 Siddeshur Chander's lane, 6, Chooturparah lane
 Simla street, 207, Cornwallis street
 Sindhu Dutt's lane, 3, Harhee Bagan lane
 Sittakant Banerjee's lane, 19, Rajah Rajbullub's street
 Smith's lane, 18, Wellesley square
 Sobha Bazar street, 143, Durmahatta street
 Sobharam Bysack's street, 7, Mydaputtee street
 Sobharam Bysack's 1st lane, 39, Chuanam gully
 Ditto 2nd ditto, 11, Sobharam Bysack's 1st lane
 Somerset Buildings, 5, Strand road
 Sona Ghazee's lane, 111, Doorgachurn Mitter's street
 Sonstun Sank's lane, 14, Golind Sircar's lane
 Sookas' lane, 32, Radha Bazar street
 Sookas' street bye lane, 33, Sookas' street
 Sookas' street, 22, Cornwallis street
 Sooklall Joboory's lane, 2, Hamstollah street
 Sookur Sircar's lane, 9, Wellesley street
 Sooreeparah lane, 85, Manicktollah street
 Sooree-rank path lane, 29, Serpentine lane
 Soortee Bagan lane, 10, Rammohun Ghose's lane
 Sooterkin's lane, 56, Bentinck street
 South Cullingah street, 42, Free School street
 Sreemusto Dey's lane, 14, Mullungah lane
 Sreenath Dass, lane, 14, Wellington street
 Sreenath Baboo's lane, 11, Peter's lane
 Sreenath Roy's lane, 28, Mooktaram Baboo's street
 St. James's square, 25, Nabootollah lane
 Strand road, north, 1, Esplanade, west
 Strand road, south, South of Chandpal ghat
 Stuart's lane, 36, Joratalao street
 Sudder street, 27, Chowringhee road
 Sumbhoochunder Chatterjee's street, 24, Muchooa Bazar road
 Sumbhoonath Dass' lane, 16, Kopalitollah lane
 Sumbhoonath Mullick's lane, 9, Mullick's street
 Sunker Ghose's lane, 10, Cornwallis street
 Sunker Haldar's lane, 120, Ahereetollah street
 Sutturpunn Ghose's lane, 128, Amherst street
 Swallow lane, 4, New China Bazar street
 Syed Ishmael's lane, 4, Kerr's lane
 Syud Sahib's lane, 1, Machooa Bazar road
 Tamer's lane, 54, College street
 Tarachand Dutt's street, 62, Lower Chitpore road
 Taruck Chatterjee's lane, 75, Kalleepersaud Dutt's street
 Teleepara lane, 64, Shampookur street
 Thakoordas Palit's lane, 4, Bancharam Unkoor's lane
 Theatre road, 47, Chowringhee road
 Tiritta Bazar street, 12, Lower Chitpore road
 Taltollah Bazar street, 1, Harceeparah lane
 Taltollah lane, 45, Jami Bazar street
 Tottie's lane, 33, Joratalao street
 Ukoor Dutt's lane, 38, Wellington street
 Upper Wood street, 12, Theatre road
 Vandenberg's lane, 19, Tiritta Bazar street
 Vansittart Row, 32, Dalhousie square
 Victoria Terrace, 6, Camac street
 Waterloo street, 10, Government place

Wellesley place, 24, Dalhousie square,
south
Ditto square, 75, Wellesley street
Ditto street, 49, Dhurumtollah street
Ditto 1st lane, 12, Cullingah 1st lane
Ditto 2nd lane, 5, Peroo Khansamah's lane.
Wellington square, 39, Wellington street
Ditto street, 83, Bow Bazar street.

Weston's lane, 73, Bentinck street
Williams' lane, 160, Bow Bazar street
Wood street, 5, Park street
Ditto, Upper, 12, Theatre road
Zig-Zag lane, 69, Bentinck street
Zuriff's lane, 76, Beadon street

List of Roads, Streets, and Lanes in the Suburbs of Calcutta and Howrah.

Suburbs of Calcutta.

Alipore, South of Race Course
Alipore road, 19, Gopalnugger road
Alipore lane, 6, Alipore road
Alipore Jail lane, 15, Nawab's lane
Alipore Jail road, 5, Alipore Jail lane

Balinghaut road, between Lower and Upper Circular roads, 24-Pergunnahs' side
Ballygunge Circular road, South-East of La Martiniere, and 22, Lower Circular road
Ballygunge store road, 31, Ballygunge Circular road
Ballygunge lane, 30, Ballygunge Circular road
Bansea Pookur road, back of South Gow-khanah
Barrackpore Trunk road, Sham Bazar bridge
Barrowastollah road, Belgatchea road
Belgatchea road, Sham Bazar bridge road
Belvedere road, Alipore
Bhowanipore road, South end of Chowringhee road
Bhookoglass road, Collah-surruck road
Budge-Budge road, Kidderpore road
Barrackpore road, Barrackpore bridge

Chitpore Bridge road, North end of Baug-Bazar
Circular road, lower (24-Pergunnahs' side)
Kidderpre bridge
Ditto upper (ditto), Sealdah
Collah-surruck road, Kidderpore road
Coolis Bazar (now called Hastings) South of Fort William
Coopore road, north end of Chitpore Bridge
Curry street, south-east end of Lower Circular road
Coolla road, Balinghatta
Chandopetty road, Russa road
Chokkharah road, 3, Ballygunge Circular road
Cally road, Russapuglah road
Diamond Harbour road, 5, Alipore lane

Ekbalpore road, 11, Kidderpore road
Entally, Canal street, 7, North-road Entally
Ditto, Middle road, 83, South-road Entally
Ditto, South road, Lower Circular road, 24-Pergunnahs' side

Garden Reach road, south of the Kidderpore Docks
Gopalnugger road, 13, Alipore Jail road
Gowarparah, Manicktollah Bridge road
Gurbarree lane, Kidderpore road
Gorachand road, Manton's Rifle Gallery, commences from Jannigora road
Gobrah road, Entally
Goaltoolee road, Bhowanipore
Gurcha lane, 20, Ballygunge Circular road
Gurriah hat road, 24, Ballygunge Circular road

Hathi Bagan road, 31, South road Entally.
Hazrah road, 17, Ballygunge Circular road

Katabdee Sircar's street, Moonshie Bazar street
Kidderpore road, south-west of the Race Course
Kumeeedan lane, 8, Kidderpore road

Lushkurparah lane, 5, Ballygunge road
Lockgate road, Baug Bazar Bridge to Pykeparah Rajah's house

Malye Bustee road, south of La Martiniere
Manicktollah Bridge road, Upper Circular road—North end
Meetapookur lane, Old Garden Reach road
Moneepore lane, Kidderpore road
Moocheeparah lane, between Tolly's Nallah and Sham Bazar Bridge
Moonshie Bazar street, 362, Upper Circular road, N. E. end
Moonshiegunge road, Kidderpore road
Mussulmanparah road, 8, Ballygunge Circular road

Narauldangah Bridge road, between Man-
nicktollah Bridge and Sealdah
Nawab's lane, 7, Diamond Harbour road
Neemuck Mehm road lane, Old Garden
Reach road
Nussur Ali's lane, 53, Ballygunge Circular
road

Old Ballygunge road, 24, Ballygunge Cir-
cular road
Old Ballygunge 1st lane, 2, Old Ballygunge
road
Ooltadangah Bridge road, between Sham
Bazar and Manicktollah Bridges

Parabagan lane, 14, Ballygunge Circular
road
Police Hospital lane, south end of Gow-
khanah
Peepulputty road, south end of Loudon
street
Pundarikot road, 14, Ballygunge Circular
road

Russapuglah road, south end of Tolly Gunge
road
Russomoy Dutt's Garden street, end of Ma-
nicktollah Bridge road
Rashmoney's road, Balinghatta road,
Rowland's lane, Peepulputty road

Sealdah road, east end of Bow Bazar street.
Sham Bazar Bridge road, between Moochee-
parah and Ooltadangah Bridge road
Sonai 1st lane, Old Garden Reach road
Ditto 2nd lane, Ditto
Ditto 3rd lane, Ditto
Shapore road, Diamond Harbour

Tengrah road (leading to the Salt Water
Lakes), west end of north road lately
Tijalah road, south end of Baneeapooker
road
Tollygunge or Shahnugur road, south end
of Bhowanepore road
Watgunge road, Kidderpore road

Howrah.

Avenue road, Grand Trunk road
Baboodangah road, Goosery road
Baja Seepore lane, 184, Grand Trunk road,
south
Bandah Ghaut road
Banstollah Ghaut road, 438, Grand Trunk
road, south
Baptist Burial Ground lane
Barwell's Ground road
Bastien's lane, 18, Watkins lane
Batra road
Bellihos's lane
Bellihos's road, 7, Grand Trunk road, south
Bellore road
Bhole Gossain's lane
Bishop's College road, 315, Grand Trunk
road, south
Buxafah road

Casseenath Chatterjee's lane
Chandimaree road, 14, Cullen place
Chatterjee's Haut road
Chowdryparah lane
Choytolparah lane
Chuckerbort road or Satragachee
Chulquity Ghaut road, 11, Salt Golah road
Church road
Church road, Grand Trunk road
Cowie's Ghaut road, 480, Grand Trunk road,
south
Cullen place, 48, Chandimaree road

Dhurruntollah lane (Bathurst)
Dhurruntollah road
Deben's road, 31, Chandimaree road
Dore's road, Bellihos's road

Golabaree road, 135, Salt Golah road
Golabaree Ghaut road, 2, Salt Golah road
Gholadangah road, 63, Grand Trunk road,
south
Grand Trunk road, North, commences at the
Railway bridge
Ditto ditto, South, ditto ditto
Grish Baberjee's lane

Harcourt's lane, 35, Grand Trunk road, south
Howrah Ghaut road, Howrah Ghaut
Howrah road, 19, Howrah Ghaut road
Hurrugunge road, 48, Salt Golah road

Jail road
Jelliparoh lane, 53, Moorogchatta road
Juggut Banerjee's Ghaut road

Kalytollah lane
Khooroot road, 87, Grand Trunk road, south-
ern division
King's lane, 49, Grand Trunk road, northern
division
King's road, 1, Salt Golah road
Kowrahparah Ghaut road, 406, Grand Trunk
road, south

Lallah Baboo's Ghaut road
Loddiggy road, 60, Telkul Ghaut road
Lustarparah road

M. C. Ghose's lane, 16, Panchanath
Maidah road, 66, Telkul Ghaut road
Makundah road
McKenzie's lane, 137, Salt Golah road
Moorgachatta lane
Moorgachatta road, 110, Salt Golah road

New Botanical Garden road
 Near Chandrasee Ghaut road
 New Goosey road
 New street, 72, Tindal Garden road
 Rundes Bagin lane

Old Goosey road
 Over Bridge road, Howrah

Parce lane
 Poran-Bhade road
 Panchanuntollah lane, 15, Grand Trunk road,
 south

Rajbullah Shaw's lane, 108, Grand Trunk
 road, south
 Ramkrishnapore Ghaut road, 448, Grand Trunk
 road
 Rosemerry lane, 57, Dobson's road

Ross' road, 10, Cullen place

Salt Golah lane, 246, Salt Golah road
 Salt Golah road, 1, King's road
 Seebchunder Chatterjee's lane
 Seebpore Ghaut road, 386, Grand Trunk road,
 south
 Seebpore Village road, 228, Grand Trunk
 road, south
 Seebtollah lane (Bellore)
 Seestollah road
 Strand road, 84, Ramkrishnapore Ghaut road
 Sulkes Burning Ghaut road

Telkul Ghaut road 514, Grand Trunk road
 Tiocaparrah lane
 Tundel Garden road, 14, Cullen place
 Watkins's lane, 14, Dobson's road

LIST OF BAZARS IN CALCUTTA AND ITS SUBURBS.

NAMES.	WHERE LOCATED.	REMARKS.
Anundo Narain Ghose's Bazar	... Dhurumtollah street ...	Contains miscellaneous dry goods shops; no market is held here.
Ballygange Haut	... North of the Body-Guard Lines ...	Held every Sunday and Thursday when poultry, &c., are procurable.
Baug Bazar	... At the Junction of Baug Bazar street and Chit- pore road ...	Native Bazar.*
Bakoo Hakkuk's Bazar	... Curryah ...	Ditto.
Babee Ketty's Bazar	... Coopers ...	Ditto.
Beroo Seal's Bazar	... South-east end of Pud- dopooker, Entally...	Ditto.
Beroo Chunder Seal's Bazar	... St. James's square ...	Ditto.
Bhooban Paul's Bazar	... Bhoolyas road ...	Ditto.
Bhoolyas Bazar	... Bow Bazar ...	Ditto.
Bhasonath Muttvi li's Bazar	... Garden Reach ...	Ditto.
Buddertollah Bazar	... South of the Mint ...	Known as the Rajah's Outra.—No market is held here, but large quantities of country vegetables, fruits, and betel leaves are brought in twice a week for disposal wholesale, spices of all kinds in any quantity can also be procured.
Burdwan Rajah's Postah...	...	Native Bazar.
Bullorampore Bazar	...	Woolen and cotton cloths of every description; millinery; hosiery; brass and iron hard-ware, and almost every thing that one can require may be procured here.
Burra Bazar	... North of the Armenian Church ...	Closed for the present.
Bytakhannah Bazar	... East of the Bytakhannah Church ...	Native Bazar. A Haut is held here every Monday and Friday when poultry, &c., are procurable.
Bytakhannah (new) Bazar	... 15 & 16, Old Bytakhannah Bazar road	

* In a Native Bazar, fish, fruit and vegetables are the only fresh goods offered for sale.

NAME.	WHERE LOCATED.	REMARKS.
Casinath Mullick's Bazar...	Chitpore road ..	The largest and best Native Bazar in Town.
Chandney Chowk ...	Dhurruntollah street ...	Brass and iron hard-ware, clothes; umbrellas; shoes; stationery, and various other articles of domestic use are retailed here. It is besides a notorious receptacle for stolen goods, and as such, encourages theft by domestic. Commonly called 'Cheapside.'
Chambatollah New Bazar	Amherst street ...	Native Bazar.
Chingreehatta ...	Salt-Water Lakes ...	Two Fish Bazaars.
Col. Pearce's Bazar ...	Garden Reach, at Arrup-nugger ...	Native Bazar.
Cooly Bazar ...	South-east of Fort William ...	Not a regular Bazar; but meat, grain, &c., shops are established.
Cossipore Bazar ...	Cossipore—North-west of Ram Botton Roy's Garden ...	Native Bazar.
Crook's Bazar ..	Ooltadangah-bridgeroad	Ditto.
Cullingah Bazar ...	Wellesley street, south of the square ...	Ditto.
Dewan Gokul Ghosal's Bazar ...	Kidderpore—near the Dock-yard ..	Ditto.
Dhurruntollah Municipal Bazar ...	North end of Chowringhee road ...	Hitherto every family in Town derived their daily supplies from this bazar, but since it has become the property of the Municipality it has become a second class bazar.
Garden-Reach Bazar ...		Native Bazar.
Gas Street Rajah's Bazar ..		Ditto.
Gopal Mullick's Bazar ...	Lower Chitpore road ...	Ditto.
Gunganarain Sircar's Bazar	Bhowanipore ...	Ditto.
Hudwa or Simlah Bazar ...	Manicktollah street ...	Ditto.
Hill's Bazar ...	Theatre Road ...	Ditto.
Hautkhole Bazar ..	Aheerpetollah street ...	Ditto.
Hurrischunder Bose's Bazar	Narcoldanga Bridge Road ...	Ditto.
Jagoo Baboo's Bazar ...		Ditto.

NAMES.	WHERE LOCATED.	REMARKS.
Kaleenath Moonshree's Bazar	Cossipore	Native Bazar.
Kallighaut Bazar	Kallighaut	Ditto.
Kasee Mullick's Bazar	Lower Circular Road—town side	Ditto.
Khoiroo Moonshree's Bazar	Moonshree Bazar street—Upper Circular road	Ditto.
Kurryah Bazar	Kurryah	Ditto.
Lalla Baboo's Bazar	Upper Chitpore road	Ditto.
Madhub Dutt's Bazar	Colootollah and College street	Ditto.
Machooa Bazar	Machooa Bazar street	Ditto.
Manicktollah Bazar	Corner of Manicktollah street—Upper Circular road	Ditto.
Mazzuchelli Bazar	Kidderpore—near the Bridge	Is the Orphan Gunge Bazar. This Bazar has been re-built on an entirely new plan, and meat, poultry, vegetables, &c., &c., are sold here.
Moharry Choyton Coomoo's Bazar	Bhowanipore	Native Bazar.
Moonshree Ameer's Bazar	Sealdah road	Ditto.
Municipal Market	Lindsay street	A market specially opened to meet the wants of European residents. As a structure unequalled in India, and where the wants of the entire European community can be supplied. The sanitary arrangements and appliances are perfect.
Naupit Bazar	Dhurrantollah street	Native Bazar
Nawab Soulat Jung's Bazar	North of the Chitpore Road Bridge	Ditto.
New China Bazar	North of Writers' Buildings	No longer a bazar, but the place is mostly engaged as godowns for merchants' goods and taken up for offices by Brokers, ships' Banians, &c.
Notoon (New) Bazar	Russapongla	Native Bazar.

NAMES.	WHERE LOCATED.	REMARKS.
Old China Bazar	... North of Radha Bazar	Milinery, crockery, glass-ware, piece goods, hard-ware, &c., of every description may be obtained at this Bazar as also furniture—new & second-hand.
Orphan Gunge Bazar	... Kidderpore	Meat, fish and vegetable (also cattle sold twice a week.) It is called Mazzachelli Bazar.
Pantee's Bazar	... Near Tallygunge Bridge	Native Bazar.
Pora Bazar	... Machooa Bazar Street	Ditto.
Rajah Ramlochan's Bazar	... Naraidanga Bridge road	Ditto.
Rajah Soekhmoy's Postah	Strand - North of the Meri	Famous place for mangoes and potatoes, spices, &c., known as the Mangoe Postah.
Rajendro Moonshee's Bazar	Near Mowlalee Durgah	Meat Market.
Ramtonoo Mookorjee's Bazar	Amherst street	Native Bazar.
Raushonoss Dasee's Bazar	Bhowanipore	Ditto.
Rye Churn Paul's Bazar	Near Mohlab Arie's Durgah	Ditto.
Sectarani Ghouse's Bazar	South of Bajee Talao, Bhowanipore	Ditto
Sham Bazar	... Sham Bazar street	Ditto.
Shiboo Biswas's Bazar	... Machooa Bazar street	Ditto.
Sobha Bazar	... Upper Chitpore road	Ditto.
Sonie Bazar	... Sonie	Ditto.
Tandish Bazar	... Harceparah lane	Beef, mutton, fish, poultry, &c., though not of superior quality, are sold at this market.
Tallygunge Bazar	... Tallygunge	Native bazar.
Ticketkee Bazar	... Machooa Bazar street	Ditto.
Tiretta's Bazar	... Lower Chitpore road	This Bazar was built by the late Mr. Tiretta and afterwards disposed of by lottery. It is now the property of the Rajah of Burdwan, but it still bears the name of its founder. Supplies for the European community procurable in large quantities with exception of meat which is of inferior description.
Watgunge Bazar	... Kidderpore—near the river-side	Native Bazar.
Wooltadingee Bazar	... Wooltadingee	Ditto.

List of Offices, Banks, Clubs, &c.

Account Branch, Controller of Military Accounts—Office, No. 5, Strand, Somerset Buildings, Strand.

Accountant General of Bengal—Office, Treasury Buildings

Accountant General, Military Department—No. 9, Dacre's lane

Accountant General, Public Works Department—London's Buildings

Adjutant General's Office—Simla.

Administrator General's Office, High Court

Advocate General's Office, High Court

Agent Governor-General with the King of Oudh and Superintendent Political Pensioners, Office, No. 34, Jorattulao street.

Agent for Landing Government Consignments—Office No. 10, Strand

Agra Bank, Limited—No. 26, Mangoe lane

Agriculture, Revenue, and Commerce, Department of, Secretariat—London's buildings

Agricultural and Horticultural Society's Office—Metcalf Hall, Hare street

Aide-de-camp's Office—Government House.

Alipore Jail—Alipore.

American Consulate—No. 4, Bankshall street

Asiatic Society—No. 67, Park street.

Austro-Hungarian Consulate—No. 8, New China Bazar street.

Bank of Bengal—No. 3, Strand

Barrack Master's Department, Staff Barracks—No. 5, Fort William.

Belgian Consulate—Office, No. 1, Mangoe lane

Bengal Club—No. 33, Chowringhee road, No. 1, Park street, and Nos. 1 and 2, Russell street.

Bengal Police Office—No. 13, Chowringhee road

Bengal Secretariat—No. 23, Chowringhee road, and No. 1, Sudder street

Board of Revenue (including Customs, Salt and Opium)—No. 2, Bankshall street

Bonded Warehouse—No. 102, Clive street

Botanic Garden—Seebpore

Boundary Commissioner—Office, No. 10, Middleton street

Brigade Major's Department, Staff Barracks—No. 1, Fort William.

British Indian Association—Office, No. 18, British Indian street

British Indian Steam Navigation Company, Limited—No. 16, Strand, north

British Medical Department—Office at Simla

Brokers' Exchange—No. 102, Clive street

Calcutta and South-Eastern State Railway—No. 3, Sealdah road

Calcutta Collectorate—No. 5, Church lane

Calcutta Court of Small Causes—No. 3, Bankshall street

Calcutta Municipality—142, Jaun Bazar street

Calcutta Police—No. 18, Lall Bazar street

Calcutta Observatory—No. 46, Park street

Campbell Medical School and Hospital—Sealdah

Chamber of Commerce—Office, No. 102, Clive street

Chartered Bank of India, Australia, and China—No. 5, Council House street

Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China, No. 28, Dalhousie square

Civil Fund Office—No. 2, Treasury Buildings

Civil Service Annuity Fund Office—Ditto.

Collector of Calcutta Canals—Office, Dhappa

Collector of Stamps—Office, No. 4, Church lane

Commissioners for making improvements in the Port of Calcutta—Office, 7, Commercial Buildings

Commander-in-Chief's Office—Simla

Commissary General—Office, No. 6, Park street

Commissary of Ordnance—Office, Water-Gate, Fort William

Commissioner of Revenue and Circuit, Presidency Division—No. 3, Theatre road

Comptroller General of Accounts—No. 2, Government place, west

Comptoir d'Escompte of Paris—No. 1, Mangoe lane

Conservator of Forests—Darjeeling

Consulting Engineer to Government of India for Guaranteed Railways—Office, No. 21, Writers' Buildings.

Consulting Naval Officer to Government of India—6, Esplanade row
 Controller of Accounts, Military works—Office at Simla
 Controller of Military Accounts—Office, No. 6, Strand, Somerset Buildings
 Controller of Telegraph Accounts—Office, Dalhousie square
 Coroner's Court and Office—No. 3, Mudge's lane
 Custom House—Dalhousie square, west

Dalhousie Institute—Dalhousie square, south
 Danish Consulate—No. 4, Fairlie place
 Delhi and London Bank—No. 4, Council House street
 Deputy Commissary General—Office No. 6, Park street
 Deputy Surgeon General, Indian Medical Department—Office No. 3, Victoria Terrace
 Deputy Surveyor General—Office, No. 10, Middleton street
 Director of Public Instruction—Office, No. 22, Chowringhee road
 District Charitable Society's Office—No. 4, Jaun Bazar street

East Indian Railway Company's Offices—No. 22, Dalhousie Square north
 Eastern Bengal Railway Company's Offices—Sealdah Terminus
 Ecclesiastical Registry Office—No. 5, Hastings' street
 Electric Telegraph Department—Dalhousie square, south
 Emigration Department—No. 1, Jaun Bazar street
 European Female Orphan Asylum—No. 58, Lower Circular road
 Examiner of Civil Claims—Treasury Buildings
 Examiner to Government of India for Guaranteed Railway Accounts—Office, No. 21, Writers' Buildings
 Examiner Ordnance, Barrack, and Clothing Accounts—Office, No. 1, Coliah Ghaut street
 Examiner Commissariat and Stud Accounts—Office, No. 7, Coliah Ghaut street
 Examiner Pay Department—Office, No. 1, Bankshall street
 Examiner Medical Accounts—No. 7, Coliah Ghaut street
 Examiner of Public Works Accounts, Bengal—Office, No. 18, Writers' Buildings
 Exchange Department (Paper Currency)—No. 1, Dalhousie square
 Executive Commissariat Office—No. 6, Park street
 Executive Engineer, Northern Drainage and Embankment Division—Office, No. 1, Commercial Buildings
 Executive Engineer Fort William—Calcutta Gate Fort William
 Executive Engineer, 1st Calcutta Division—15, Writers' Buildings
 Executive Engineer, 2nd Calcutta Division—Office at Imperial Museum
 Executive Engineer, 3rd Calcutta Division—No. 16, 3rd floor Writers' Buildings
 Executive Engineer, 4th Calcutta Division—No. 15, Writers' Buildings
 Executive Engineer, 21 Berghs District—Road Cross Works—Alipore
 Eye Infirmary—Holliday street
 Executive Engineer, Circular and Eastern Canal Division, 14, Writers' Buildings

Financial Department—No. 2, Government place, west
 Foreign Department—No. 2, Council House street
 Foundry and Shell Factory—Gossipore
 Free Mason's Hall—No. 55, Bentinck street
 French Consulate—No. 2, Royd street

Garrison Quarter Master's Department—South Barracks, Fort William
 General Hospital—No. 5, Lower Circular road
 General Post Office—Dalhousie Square, west
 Geological Museum—Imperial Museum—Chowringhee
 German Consulate—No. 7, Old Court House street
 Government Attorney's Office—No. 1, Hastings' street
 Government Dock Yard—Kidderpore
 Government Medical Store Department—No. 8, Wellesley place
 Government Savings' Bank—In the Bank of Bengal
 Gunpowder Factory—Ishapore

High Court of Judicature, ORIGINAL JURISDICTION—No. 3, Esplanade, west
 High Court of Judicature, APPELLATE JURISDICTION, ditto ditto
 Home Department—London's Buildings
 Hong-Kong and Shanghai Banking Corporation—2, Mangoe lane

House of Industry, No. 57, Amherst street
 Ice-House—No. 16, Hare street
 Indian Medical Department—Office, No. 1, Humayoon place
 India General Steam Navigation Company—No. 17, Strand, north
 Insane Hospital—Bhowanipore
 Insolvent Debtors' Court—No. 3, Esplanade, west
 Inspector-General Bengal Police, 13, Chowringhee road
 Inspector-General of Jails Lower Provinces—Office, Alipore
 Inspector-General of Ordnance and Magazines—Office, No. 4, Garstin's Buildings
 Inspector-General of Registration—Office, 1, Larkin's lane
 Italian Consulate—Office, No. 3, Mission row

Judge Advocate General's Department—Simla

Land Mortgage Bank of India—Office, No. 1, New China Bazar
 Law Council of the Government of India—Office No. 2-1, Government place
 Law Council of the Government of Bengal—Office, ditto ditto
 Legal Remembrancer's Office—High Court
 Leper Asylum—No. 96, Amherst street,
 Lloyd's Agency—No. 101, Clive street
 Lunatic Asylum—South-west of the Great Jail

Mahomedan Literary Society—16, Toltollah lane
 Marine Department—No. 11, Strand
 Master Attendant's Office—No. 11, Strand and Kidderpore
 Mathematical Instrument maker's Department—Office, No. 9, Park street
 Medical College—No. 32, Colootollah street
 Medical Retiring Fund—Office, Treasury Buildings

Military Department—No. 6, Esplanade row, east
 Military Secretary to the Commander-in-Chief of India—Office at Simla
 Military Secretary to the Viceroy—Office in the Government house
 Military Fund Office—No. 1, Coliah Ghaut street.
 Military Store Department—Office, 2, Staff Barracks, Fort William
 Mint—Strand, North-end
 Money Order Office—1, Dalhousie square
 Municipal Commissioners for the Town of Calcutta—Office, No. 4, Jaun Bazar
 Municipal Commissioners for the Town of Canning—Office, Alipore
 Municipal Commissioners for the Suburbs of Calcutta—Alipore

National Bank of India, Limited—No. 5, Council House street
 Netherlands Consulate—No. 134, Clive street

Official Assignee's Office—No. 3, Old Post Office street
 Official Trustee's Office—High Court
 Opium Godowns—Clive street, South of the Custom House
 Oriental Bank Corporation—No. 1, Clive street
 Oriental Gas Company, Limited—Office, Narkuldangah

Paper Currency Office—Head Office, Treasury Buildings—Branch Office, No. 1, Dalhousie square, east
 Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company's Office—No. 3, Strand
 Persian Consulate—No. 5, Bentinck street
 Police Office—No. 18, Loll Bazar street
 Police Hospital—Amherst street
 Portuguese Consulate—No. 7, Mission row
 Postal Department—Dalhousie square, west
 Presidency Pay Office—No. 5, Strand, Somerset Buildings
 Presidency Jail—South Chowringhee
 Presidency Executive Commissariat Office—No. 6, Park street
 Presidency College—College Square
 Private Secretary to the Governor-General—Office, in the Government house
 Protector of Emigrants—Office, No. 1, Jaun Bazar street
 Public Instruction Department—No. 22, Chowringhee road

Public Library—Metcalfe Hall, Hare Street, and No. 12, Strand.
 Public Works Department, Bengal Irrigation Branch—Office, 12, Writers' Buildings.
 Public Works Secretariat, Government of India—London's Buildings
 Public Works Secretariat, Government of Bengal—No. 20, Writers' Buildings

Quarter Master General's Department—Simla
 Quarter-Master-General's Office, Presidency—Staff Barracks, No. 2, Fort William.

Receiver's Office—3rd floor, High Court
 Registrar of Calcutta and Registrar of Joint Stock Companies—No. 1, Larkin's lane.
 Registrar of the Archdeaconry of Calcutta and Secretary to the Lord Bishop—Office, 5, Hastings' street.
 Registry Office for Cargo Boats—Office, Custom House.
 Registry Office for Hackney Carriages, Palankeens and Boats—No. 4, Jaun bazar 1st lane.
 Royal Botanic Garden—Seebpore

Sailors' Home—No. 13, Strand road
 Salt Golabs, Government and Bonded—Sulkeah, Howrah
 Sanitary Commissioner, Bengal—Office, No. 1, Sudder street
 Spanish Consulate—No. 1, Vansittart row
 Stamp and Stationery Office—No. 4, Church lane
 Services Maritimes des Messageries Imperiales—Office, No. 3, Mission row
 Sheriff's Office—High Court
 Shipping Master—No. 13, Strand
 Small Causes Court, Calcutta—3, Banskhal street
 Small Cause Court for the Suburbs—At Sealdah
 Soonderbun Commissioner's Office—Alipore
 Superintendent and Agent for Army Clothing—Office, Alipore
 Superintendent of Government Dockyard—Office, Kidderpore
 Superintendent of Government Printing—Office, No. 8, Hastings' street
 Superintendent of Revenue Surveys—No. 10, Middleton street
 Superintending Engineer 1st Circle Military Works—No. 11, Kyd street
 Superintending Engineer, Presidency Circle—Office, No. 15, Writers' Buildings
 Superintending Engineer, South Western Circle—Office, No. 12, Writers' Buildings
 Superintending Surgeon-Major Presidency Circle, British Forces—Office, No. 12, Theatre road.
 Superintendent and Remembrancer of Legal Affairs—Office, High Court
 Surveyor-General's Office—No. 46, Park street
 Swedish and Norwegian Consulate—No. 3, New China Bazar street

Telegraph Signal Office—Dalhousie square
 Trades' Association Office—No. 9, Dalhousie square

Uncovenanted Service Family Pension Fund—Office, No. 14, Kyd street
 United Service Club—Nos. 29 and 30, Chowringhee road, Nos. 1 and 2, Kyd street, and No. 36, Park street

Volunteer Rifle Corps—Head Quarters, 6, Lindsay street

PART II.

GARDENING.

GARDENER'S CALENDAR.

JANUARY.

VEGETABLES.

From this month forward vegetables of every kind will need to be constantly watered, and if once or twice a week with liquid manure, all the better.

Water Squashes every day copiously.

Make sowings of Radishes, Mustard, Cress Spinach, and Lettuce for a succession.

In the Upper Provinces Peas may also be sown during this month; but not in Bengal. Sowings of Celery may now be made for young plants to preserve through till the following cold season, if thought worth the while.

Put out young plants of Cabbage and Knol-Kohl to fill up vacant places in beds. Put out young Celery plants for succession.

Celery will now be in a condition fit for earthing up to blanch.

Keep a few plants of Lettuce, Mustard, and Cress for seed. Reserve one or two of the earliest formed heads of Artichoke for seed in Bengal it is not necessary to do so in Upper India.

The plants should now be taken up for the manufacture of Tapioca and Arrowroot.

FRUITS.

Strawberries will now be blossoming and fruiting, and will require to be well watered, and nets or other means provided to protect them from birds.

Water Lognats copiously.

Fig trees, Peaches, Plums, and Grapevines should now be pruned.

ORNAMENTAL PLANTS.

Commence giving surface-dressings of fresh cow-manure to Roses.

Chrysanthemums will have done flowering, and should be taken out of their pots, pulled to pieces, and put out in a nursery-bed for a supply of new plants.

The following plants will be much benefited by being well pruned in at this season:—

Alamandas.
Bignones.
Hamelias.
Ribisers mutabilis.
— rose sinensis.
— Syracus.

Ixoras.
Jasminums.
Jatropha panduræfoha.
Lagerströmias.
Lantanas.

Malvaricus arboreus.
Mussandas.
Nyctanthes.
Quisqualis.
Racinas.

FEBRUARY.

VEGETABLES.

Little can be done during this month in the cultivation of European vegetables, except copiously watering those that are already in the ground.

Sowings of Lettuce, Mustard, and Cress, may still be made.

To Peas that are reserved for seed, less and less water, if any, should be given as they ripen.

FRUITS.

Water Lognats liberally, as well as Peach, Plum, Lichee and Mango trees, as soon as the fruit is set.

Earth up and water pine-apples.

Fertilise Vanilla flowers.

Sow seed of Water-melon.

ORNAMENTAL PLANTS.

This is the best season for transferring such Orchids as require it to new pots or baskets.

Hoyas will be starting into growth, and should either have the soil in the old pots partially changed, or be potted afresh; they will now bear dividing, so as to make several plants out of one.

Re-pot or re-plant *Caladiums*, *Arum pictum*, *Manettia cordifolia*, *Cyrtopera flava*, *Hibiscus Jerroldianus*, *Gloriosa superba*, and all such-like plants, that have been lying dormant during the cold season, as well as the several species of *Crinum*, *Globba*, *Panoratum*, *Alpinia*, *Hedychium*, *Hippeastrum*, and *Kämpferia*.

Put in the border *Petasas*, *Tholxes*, *Salpiglossis*.

Sow seeds of *Poinciana*, *Tecoma*, &c.

Pot off the choice kinds of *Roses* raised from cuttings laid down in November, and keep them in the shade, well watered.

Roses now may be layered with success.

MARCH.

VEGETABLES

About the middle of this month remove the soil from the stools of *Asparagus* and cover them over again immediately with fresh soil, well enriched with old manure, and commence watering copiously.

Take up *Carrots* and *Beet*, and store them in pots of dry earth for future use.

Take up and store *Onions*.

At the beginning of this month, in the Upper Provinces, seeds of American *Squash* should be sown.

The stumps of *Cabbages* that have been cut should be allowed to remain, and be watered, as by their sprouts they will afford nice gatherings for the table for some time to come.

Dry the leaves of *English Sage* and *Thyme*, and store in bottles.

Make sowings of *Parsley* in a shady place.

FRUITS.

Lichees will be ripening; cover the trees betimes with nets, to save the fruit from birds.

Well water *Peach*, *Plum*, and *Mango* trees, and *Grape-vines*.

Fertilise *Vanilla* flowers.

Cut back closely all wood, of last year's growth of *Bâer* trees.

This is the season both in *Bengal* and *Upper India* for sowing the seeds of fine kinds of *Melons*.

Thin out *Plantains*, remove the soil from the roots, fill in with fresh cow-manure, and water liberally.

ORNAMENTAL PLANTS.

Withhold water from *Dahlias*, and when the stems have died down, take up the tubers and store them in pots of earth or sand in a dry godown.

Treat in the same way the several species of *Oxalis*.

Withhold water from *Gloxinia maculata*, *Lilium longifolium*, and *Richardia Ethiopica*, and when the stems and leaves have died down, remove the pots, with the bulbs within them undisturbed, to some dry godown, till the time of re-potting in the following October. Other bulbous and tuberous-rooted plants of a similar description should, of course, receive similar treatment.

Cut well back the wood of last season's growth of shrubs, such as *Poinsettia*, *Holmskoldia*, *Hamiltonia phlogacanthus*, *Aphelandra*, *Buddleia*, *Thunbergia*, and *Cassia alata*, that have lately finished flowering.

Euphorbia jacquandora should be treated in a similar way, and the cuttings inserted in pots of sand kept in a sheltered place and well watered: they will afford a nice stock of new plants.

Take up the choicer kinds of *Verbena* to pot, and keep under shelter during the rains.

APRIL.

VEGETABLES

Little can be done now in the cultivation of vegetables.

Well water *Asparagus*.

Gather seed of Onion and Salsify.

Pot Yams in the ground and construct trellis-work for them to trail upon.

FRUITS.

Water Melons unremittingly.

Keep Strawberry-plants watered while the Hot season lasts.

ORNAMENTAL PLANTS.

The leaves of Gladiolus and some other bulbous plants will be dying down. The pots containing them should be removed to some dry place, where they may remain till the time for re-potting comes round again.

Achimenes, which at this time will be starting into growth, should be potted and well watered as soon as they appear above ground.

MAY.

VEGETABLES.

Asparagus will now be in season, and the beds must be kept most plentifully watered. Lettuce may be raised in a shady place from acclimated seed. Beyond this there is nothing that can be done as regards European vegetables.

At the close of the month is the proper time for sowing most native vegetables; the several kinds of country Beans, Cucumbers and other Gourds; of Maize, Oshro, Brinjals, &c.

This is the period likewise for planting Ginger, Arrowroot, Jerusalem Artichoke, Kuchoo or Ghoján, Sweet Potatoes, and the Tapioca plant.

FRUITS.

Continue to water Pine-apple.

This is the proper season for inarching and making gootees or layers of all the different kinds of fruit-trees.

ORNAMENTAL PLANTS.

There is little to be done in this department besides watering abundantly young and choice plants.

JUNE.

VEGETABLES.

Maize and the ordinary country vegetables may still be sown. There is nothing that can be done as regards European vegetables.

FRUITS.

Seeds of Mango should now be sown for a supply of stock for inarching upon.

The operations of gootee, layering, and inarching may still be carried on, and cuttings laid down to strike.

ORNAMENTAL PLANTS.

The slips of Chrysanthemum laid down in January will now have become large plants. They should be taken up from the nursery-bed and pulled apart; and each rooted slip be potted in a single pot, and those of the choicer kinds put under shelter before the heavy rains set in.

For potted plants, which are to be left exposed to the weather during the Rains, bricks should be laid whereon the pots may rest, out of access from worms.

At the end of this month cuttings of most tropical plants may be put down for striking.

As soon as the Rains have set in, examination should be made to ascertain where plants are liable to suffer from the lodgment of water around them, and the speediest means that can be devised be taken for draining it off.

JULY.

VEGETABLES.

During this month sowings of most native vegetables, such as Brinjals, Oshro, Pulwuls, Cucumbers, and the different kinds of runner Beans and Gourds may be continued.

Arrowroot, Ginger, Turmeric, and Jerusalem Artichokes about this time will require earthing up.

FRUITS.

The crowns of Pine-apples, of a fine kind when wrenched off should not be thrown away, but inserted in pots of sand under shelter. If watered regularly, they will soon form beautiful healthy plants.

This is the best time for budding Peaches, Plums and trees of the Orange and Lemon tribe.

Sow Indian Sorrel and Cape Gooseberry.

ORNAMENTAL PLANTS

At this season sow seeds of—

Amaranthus
Calonyction
Carthamus.
Cockscombs
Dahlia.
Datura

Ipomoea rubro-cerulea
Martynia diandra.
Nicandra physaloides
Nicotiana.
Pentapetes phoenicea.

Qualit
Sesamum
Spilanthus oleracea
Sunflowers.
Zinnia

On examining Dahlia tubers that have been stored away in pots of earth or sand it will very likely be found that they have begun to make shoots, if so they should be potted immediately.

Gloxinia maculata will now require to be re-potted.

Now is the most favourable time for budding Roses.

This is the most successful season for striking cuttings of all tropical plants, which can be propagated in that way.

Cuttings also of Rose Edouard, Devoniensis, and the China Roses will strike at this period.

AUGUST.

VEGETABLES

Sowings of Celery should now be made in pots under shelter from the Rains. The seed will be slow in germinating, but it is important that plants should be brought as forward as possible for planting out when the Rains are over in October.

At this time also Asparagus-seed should be sown, for a supply of plants to make new beds within October, if needed.

Sow the small kind of Tomato

FRUITS.

It will be found that Peaches, Plums and the Orange and Lemon tribe, may now be budded successfully.

Cuttings also of the Orange tribe now laid down will strike readily.

The fruit of Guavas, Custard apples, and Pomegranates should be tied up in muslin, to protect them from the attacks of birds and vermin.

Now is the season for planting out suckers or offsets of Pine-apples

ORNAMENTAL PLANTS

Roses may be budded successfully during this month

Stephanotis floribunda, and many of the choicest tropical plants may now be propagated by cuttings in sand under glass.

SEPTEMBER.

VEGETABLES.

Make sowings of Patna Pea.

Commence sowings of Cauliflower, Cabbage, Knol-Khol, and Artichoke in pots under shelter, or on a raised piece of ground under a hogla, in order to have plants well forward for putting out in the open ground as soon as the Rains are over.

FRUITS.

Peach-stones, sown now, will come up in February, and afford stocks for budding upon in August.

Prune away the lowermost leaves of Cocoa-nut-trees.

ORNAMENTAL PLANTS.

Sowings of German Aster, Heartsease, and Cineraria should be made this month, as these plants take a long time to mature for blossoming favorably.

At the beginning of this month sow Balsama.

Richardia Ethiopica and the several species of Oxalis will now be moving. They should be potted and brought to the light immediately they appear above ground.

This is the season for a general pruning of Rose-trees.

OCTOBER.

VEGETABLES.

As soon as the Rains are well over, no time should be lost in preparing the ground and making sowings of Turnips, Carrots, Peas, Beans, French Beans, Lettuce, Tomato, Spinach, Endive, Parsify, Mustard, Cress, Radishes, Beet, Onions, and Leeks.

Sow in Bengal English Cucumber-seed and American Squash.

Put out in their places in the open ground young plants of Cauliflower, Cabbage, Knol-Kohl, Artichoke, and Asparagus.

FRUITS.

Now is the season for making up Strawberry-beds and putting in the plants.

In the Upper Provinces gather Putwa, before it is injured by the cold.

Sow Seeds of

Almonds.

Avocado Pear.

Bey cook en Nut.

Gow-mangosteen.

Gustara Apple.

Guava.

Hog-plum

Kbirnee

Lichee.

Peaches.

Plums.

Pumelo.

Strawberry.

Wampee.

ORNAMENTAL PLANTS.

About the middle of this month is the time for making sowings of all the English Annuals, either in pots or on a raised border under a boogla.

Pots containing bulbs of Lillium longifolium should be well soaked with water; and about twelve hours afterwards, the soil being thus rendered perfectly loose, the bulbs should be gently taken out and re-potted.

This is the best time for imported bulbs to arrive for potting, such as Hyacinths, Anemone, Ranunculus, and the several kinds of Narcissus, Iris, Ixia, &c.

Re-pot

Aloysia citrodora.

Antirrhinums.

Carnations.

Centradenia.

Columbine.

Daisies.

Franciscas.

Geraniums.

Geum.

Habrothamnus.

Heliotrope.

Hydrangea.

Iris.

Linum.

Lophospermum.

Pinks.

Plumbago rosea.

Scabious.

Sweetwilliam.

Verbenas.

Violet.

In Upper India repair the paths.

NOVEMBER.

VEGETABLES.

Make succession sowings of Peas, French-Beans, Turnips, Carrots, Radishes, Lettuce, Beet, Mustard, and Cress.

Thin out betimes Turnips, Carrots, and Beet.

Make succession plantings of Cauliflowers, Cabbages, Knol-Kohl, Lettuce, and Celery. Stick Peas before they begin to fall about.

Earth up Potatoes.

Yams are now fit to be taken up for use.

Plant out Onion-bulbs for obtaining a crop of seed from in April.

Take up Mint and plant it in a fresh soil, well enriched.

FRUITS.

By the end of the month it is well to lay open the roots of mangoes, and also of Peaches, plums, and grape-vines, and to withhold water entirely, in order to accelerate the fall of the leaf and the opening of the bearing wood.

ORNAMENTAL PLANTS.

This is the best season for putting down cuttings of all kinds of Roses, and indeed of most exotics, natives of a colder climate.

The several species of Canna may now be dug up, parted, and planted in fresh ground.

DECEMBER.

VEGETABLES.

Make sowings of Radishes, Mustard, Cress, Lettuce, Peas, and French-Beans for succession.

Put out fresh plants of Khol-Kohl, Cabbage, Cauliflower, and Celery.

The most advanced crops of Celery will be now in a condition for earthing up to blanch previous to use.

Water well Celery, Squashes, Radishes, and Asparagus seedlings.

Withhold water from old Asparagus plants, that they may die down and go to rest.

FRUITS.

Gather Roselle.

Well water Cape Gooseberries. In the North-West Provinces the Plants should be covered in at night during the cold months, or they will be much injured by the cold, and the fruit will not ripen.

Place seedling Bilimbi in a warm sheltered place during the cold months.

Prune Fig-trees, Peaches, and Grape-vines.

Towards the close of the month cover again the roots of fruit-trees that had been exposed, with fresh well-enriched soil.

ORNAMENTAL PLANTS.

Put down cuttings of Aloysia citriodora, Heliotrope, Geranium, Pinks, Carnations, Habrothamnus, and Verbenas.

Allow to dry down Arum pictum, Gesnera tubiflora, Sprekelia, the varieties of Caladium, and such-like potted bulbous plants.

In the North-West Provinces cover over at night, to protect from frost, young Heliotropes, Tropaeolums, Canary Creeper, and seedling Menhdee plants.

Keep under the shelter of a warm verandah Ixora Javanica, Hoyas, and Vanilla plants, that are in pots.

Make succession sowings of such quick-growing things as Browallia, Linaria, Cuphea Mignonette, French Marigold, and Convolvulus Major.

German Aster, Cinerarias, and Pansies will require re-potting in a richer soil.

NOTES ON SOME ORNAMENTAL PLANTS;
SHRUBS AND TREES.

[The preceding Calendar and the following Notes, the Compilers beg to state are extracted from Firminger's *Manual of Gardening for Bengal and Upper India*.]

ANNUALS.

Few persons, perhaps, who in this country care to cultivate a flower-garden at all, would be willing to dispense with Annuals.

For those who do not desire to cultivate more than a limited few, I subjoin a list of such as are never likely to cause disappointment in flowering, if only the seed prove good and germinate.

Acroclinium roseum.
Ageratum Mexicanum.
Aster Chinensis.
Brachycome iberidifolia.
Browallia elata.
Cacalea coccinea.
Calendula pluvialis.
Calliopsis, of sorts.
Callirhoe digitata.
Centranthus macrosiphon.
Cuphea purpurea.

Delphinium.
Dianthus Chinensis.
Didiscus cæruleus.
Gaura Lindheimeria.
Theris.
Ipomœa limbata.
Linaria.
Linum grandiflorum.
Lobelia ramosa.
Lupinus, of sorts.
Malcomia maritima.

Mimulus.
Nemophila inaignis.
Petunia.
Phlox.
Portulaca.
Reseda odorata.
Rhodanthe Manglesii.
Salpiglossis.
Tagetes, of sorts.
Tropæolum, of sorts.
Whitlavia grandiflora.

The following is a list of those the seeds of which should be sown in June and July :—

Amaranthus tricolor.
 —caudatus.
 —hypochondriacus.
Carthamus tinctorius.
Celosia cristata and
 varieties.
Crotalaria juncea.
Datura, of sorts.

Desmodium gyrans.
Exacum teragonum.
Omphrena Globosa.
Hibiscus giganteus.
 —Lindleyi.
Ipomœa rubro-cærulea.
Martynia diandra.

Nicotiana, of sorts.
Nicandra physaloides.
Pentapetes phœnicea.
Quamoclit vulgaris.
Sesamum Indicum.
Spilanthes theracæ.
Zinnia elegans.

In the case of most Annuals the time for sowing the seed is when the rains are over, about the middle of October. In the Upper Provinces the sowing should take place as soon as the abatement of the heat will allow, in order that the seedlings may be well advanced before the weather sets in at its coldest, during which period they remain quite stationary, making little or no growth whatever. *Nasturtiums*, for instance, with the pretty *Canary Creeper*, must be sown in time to make a good growth before the frosty nights come, when they have to be carefully protected from the cold. If the sowing be deferred till the cold season is over, the plants will be killed by the approach of the Hot season before they have put forth a blossom.

In Bengal again there are certain of the Annuals which take the whole of the time that the cold weather lasts to complete their growth, and only come into blossom just at its close. If the seeds of such kinds be not sown very early, it amounts almost to a certainty, that the plants will die without flowering. Among these in particular may be mentioned *Cineraria*, German Asters, *Jacobæa* and *Salpiglossis*.

Others on the other hand, blossom within a much shorter period; of such it is advisable always to reserve a portion of the seed for sowing in November. Among these may be mentioned more especially *Nemophila* and *Larkspurs*, the seed of which will not germinate till the weather has become quite cold, and when sown early is liable to be lost before germinating.

Sowing Annuals in pots is, no doubt, the more sure and economical plan; for in that case the seeds are comparatively safe from the ravages of ants, of all things the most to be guarded against.

It is essential that the soil used should be of a loose description, so that there be as little risk as possible of breaking the tender thread-like roots of the seedlings in the process of what is called "pricking out." No better compost can be used than that recommended by Mr. Ross for the purpose, consisting of

Leaf mould	...	...	8 parts.
Common mould	...	...	8 parts.
Sand	...	...	1 part.

The seeds when sown should be covered with nothing more than a mere sprinkling of soil, pressed down upon them gently with the hand.

It is of the utmost importance that the seedlings should from the very first, have during the day, all the light and air that can possibly be given them short of absolute sunshine, and at night, when the weather will admit, be put out in the open air to receive the dew.

The mode of raising Annuals, however, attended with least trouble is to select a small plot of ground just of sufficient size for the purpose; well dig it, and make it very light

and mellow with vegetable mould, and perfectly level. Then divide it off into three compartments, and in each sow a different kind of seed, and mark a label. But a better plan yet, in my opinion, is to draw drills over the plot at the distance of half a foot between each drill, and sow in them the different kinds of seed in succession. It is thus known exactly where to look for the seeds to come up, when up also they are far more easily transplanted from drills than when the seed has been sown broadcast. Still, whichever plan is adopted, the whole plot must be sheltered from the sun during the day, and in bad weather at night, with a covering of hoggia, supported on a bamboo frame about three feet from the ground. About four-and-twenty hours previous the soil should be well detached, so that at the time of sowing, without being wet and cloggy, it may be found moist and mellow.

"Annuals," says Sir J. Paxton, 'with the exception of a few particular sorts, all will derive great benefit from being transplanted. It will check the natural exuberance of their growth, and promote the production of flowers.' "I am convinced," says Mr. McMeekin, head gardener formerly to the Agri Horticultural Society, "that annuals in this country are improved by transplanting."

As a general rule for guidance in this matter, I have observed, with regard to all herbaceous plants, as well as annuals, that those which love rich damp soil, such as *Mimulus*, *Nemophila*, *German*, *Antirrhinum*, *Linaria*, *Balsam*, &c. will suffer, but are rather benefited by transplantation, while those plants the nature of which is a dry, and soil, such as *Impatiens*, *Portulaca*, *Poppy*, *Eschscholzia*, *Mignonette*, &c. suffer severely and often irretrievably from the process.

Seeds of Annuals, such as it has been stated sufficient to grow a check from being transplanted may equally be sown plentifully very advantageously sown at once in the border on the spot where they are to remain.

The soil must not consist merely on the hard dry soil of the border but a little mellow leaf-mould or old well-decayed cow-manure be mixed up with the soil on the spot where the sowings are to be made.

Annuals in the border require daily watering

FERNS

In my opinion nothing can surpass in beauty a choice assortment of these plants tastefully arranged and in a healthy condition and it seems strange that the ornamental glass Fern-glass, now so common in England have not been introduced generally into the halls and drawing-rooms of Calcutta, to which they would be admirably adapted. "Ferns of many kinds," Mr. John Scott observes, 'may be grown in Bellie houses but for a general collection of tropical species glass structures are absolutely necessary in order that their young and tender fronds may be protected from the scorching influence of the atmosphere throughout the Hot season.' There are notwithstanding several species which will thrive satisfactorily enough under the shade of a verandah among other potted plants, and it is, by the contrast afforded by their foliage there that their beauty and grace can be more specially recognised perhaps than in any other situation. To confine them to Bellie-houses, if intended for decoration, is unquestionably to sacrifice in a great measure the object for which they are grown.

The soil in which according to my experience, Ferns thrive best is a mixture of cocoanut shavings and leaf-mould with peat. Mr. John Scott recommends a compost, one half pieces of charcoal of about the size of a bean and equal parts of vegetable mould, sand, and potshards, and that repotting should be done in the Cold season.

They are usually grown in pots. Place three or four large pieces of brick at the bottom of the pot so as to fill more than a third way up. Upon these lay the Cocoanut shavings, after it over which if much is the pot is gradually filled to the top. The Fern may then be planted and a few large pieces of brick should be laid on the surface of the soil to keep it fixed and steady. With few exceptions they may be multiplied easily by division.

Ferns may also be raised from seed. The plan perhaps best to be pursued is to fill a shallow pot with the material in the manner just described, finishing with a smooth layer of sandy leaf-mould within an inch of the top. Lower the pot into water to the rim, till the water, rising through the hole at the bottom of the pot, soaks the whole of the contents. Then take it out, scatter the spores lightly over the surface, and cover with a piece of glass. When it appears to be getting dry dip the pot again into water as before.

ORCHIDS.

For the successful cultivation of the larger part of this peculiar and delightful race of plants an atmosphere either naturally humid, or rendered so artificially, is absolutely essential. In the arid climate of the Upper Provinces it is hopeless to attempt to grow them, and even in the comparatively damp region of Bengal their culture is attended with no more than what may be called partial success. The Khasia Hills, Nepal, Assam, Java, and the locality of the Straits, are the native districts of large numbers, where the air is almost constantly saturated with moisture, and where they flourish in all their vigour and loveliness. In the locality of Calcutta there are a certain few only that can be cultivated with much satisfaction. Numbers, it is true, have from time to time been introduced and been seen to blossom beautifully; but it would be difficult as well as useless to enumerate them, as they have been here but the one season and gone the next. More especially may this perhaps be said of many of the superb species from tropical America and the Brazils, which have been imported of late years. These for the most part live in a lower temperature than they can obtain in this country; and their cultivation with success is as yet uncertain.

The following directions for propagating them equally applicable here as elsewhere, are given by Mr. B. S. Williams in his work, 'The Orchid Grower's Manual':—

"Some are easily increased by dividing them into pieces, or by cutting the old pseudo-bulbs from the plants after they have done flowering. Such plants as *Dendrobium* are increased in this way. The best time for this is just as they begin to grow, or when they are at rest. They should be cut through with a sharp knife between the pseudo-bulbs, being careful not to harm the roots. Each piece should have some roots attached to it. They should be parted and potted, and receive no water till they have begun to grow.

Dendrobium nobile, *D. Pierardii*, &c. are propagated:—

"1. By bending the old pseudo-bulbs round the basket or pot in which they are growing.

"2. By cutting old flowering-bulbs away from the plant; laying them on damp moss, and, when they make roots, potting.

Dendrobium aggregatum, *D. densiflorum*, and similar, are increased by dividing the roots.

Aerides: *Vanda*: *Angraecum*: *Saccolabium*: *Reranthera*.

"1. Cut off the top of the plant, just below the first root.

"2. Take young growth, from the bottom of the plant.

Epidendrum: *Cymbidium*: *Calogyne*: *Cattleya*: *Bletia*: and many others.

"Divide into pieces with portions of the roots attached, and a young bulb on the pseudo-bulb."

The period of the year when the plants are at rest is the same here as in England, that is to say, from the beginning of November to the end of February. The close of this period is considered the fittest time for repotting them,—just as they begin to start into growth. Some, however, consider the month of June or July preferable for the purpose. Previous to potting it is laid down as indispensable that they receive no water for a few days. They should be elevated somewhat above the level of the pot. The principal point to be attended to is that they be provided with thorough drainage; for it is said that "although the plants are fond of moisture they never thrive, except the water has a free passage through the pot." But in connection with this it must also be remembered that here when they are in the condition of most vigorous growth, it is the driest period of the whole year. At this season, therefore, when they are most craving of moisture, frequent waterings must be given them, to counteract the perfect state of dryness to which such through drainage would soon reduce them. And herein indeed seems to consist the main difficulty in their cultivation—the making the drainage effectual, and the compensating, by a seasonable fresh supply of water, for that which by evaporation and drainage is so soon withdrawn. The difficulty is removed of itself when the Hot season is over and the rains have set in: but then a difficulty of just the opposite tendency occurs. The plants now do not dry soon enough: damp stagnates, and mouldiness and rot ensue. The remedy is obvious,—abundance of fresh air, and all the ventilation possible.

For watering Orchids, when the collection is large, a brass syringe, made for the purpose, is all but indispensable. They for the most part rest from growth during the two or three months of the Cold season, previous to which watering should be gradually more and more abstained from.

Different modes of growing them are adopted, suited to the peculiar habit of each. Some thrive best fastened with moss upon the bough of a tree or upon a log, some in open work baskets of wire or wood, and some few in pots.

When grown in pots, the system given by Sir J. Paxton, as that adopted by Messrs. Rollinson, is as follows :—

"Take a pot somewhat smaller than the one in which the plant is to be placed. Turn it upside down in the bottom of the said pot. This tends to fill up the pot, and assists the drainage very much—a very important object, as the plants will not thrive at all if allowed to become saturated with water. Put large pieces of potsherds into the bottom of the pot, then above these smaller pieces, then a layer of peat, and potsherds in succession till the pot is filled. On these materials the plant is placed.

"It will be loose and ready to tumble over, if of such kinds as *Catleas* or *Dendrobium* to prevent which, thrust into the compost some stout sticks; and tie each pseudobulb to each stick firmly. These will secure the plant, and give it a neat, tidy appearance."

When grown in suspended baskets, the materials with which the baskets are filled will be much the same as those employed in the system of potting above given. Peat, however, such as used in England, is not to be obtained in the plains of this country; therefore what comes nearest to it, leaf-mould, with which cocoa-nut fibre is well-intermixed, must be made use of in its place. Mr. John Scott informed me that the material he used was charcoal and cocoa-nut fibre exclusively with no corks.

For many, lighter kinds of material than the above mentioned should be employed. *Aerides*, *Vanda*, *Saccolabium*, *Vanilla*, *Epidendrum nocturnum*, and *Dendrobium formosum*, thrive better in moss than in soil.

THE ROSE.

Those who are really fond of "the Queen of flowers," and desire to possess a collection of the finest Roses, I most strongly recommend to procure them direct from England. There is no other way of obtaining them so cheaply or so satisfactorily. Most persons here who possess choice Roses seem anxious to keep them, as much as possible exclusively to themselves, and the few choice ones which native dealers have at their disposal, including the now not uncommon one *Elise Sauvage*, they sell at as much as four or five rupees a plant—more than twice the cost at which they can be imported.

It is generally supposed that the procuring of Roses from Europe is attended with considerable expense. This is a great mistake. "Dwarfs," by which are meant Roses on their own roots, as those are called that are raised from cuttings or layers, as well as those which are budded on the stock beneath the soil, and "Dwarf-Standards," as those are called which are budded on stocks under two feet high, mostly cost a shilling each, and none except the very newest, that is, such as have been produced within the last two years, cost more than eighteen-pence. The cost of conveyance by Peninsular and Oriental Steamer of a package containing about fifty Roses is 2*l.* 1*s.* For case and packing the nurseryman charges 5*s.* There is no duty upon them. From these items, then, it will be seen that for sixty rupees (£7) a package of fifty of the finest Roses grown may be obtained.

The layering of many Roses may be performed at all seasons of the year, but with some few of the choicer kinds, such as *Glorie di Dijon*, it will prove most successful in February.

Mr. Errington very kindly communicated to me the following happy method he has adopted for layering Roses. He plunges a pot filled with soil in the ground, at the place where the layer is to be made, and layers the Rose in the usual way. This is done in February, shortly before the hot season. He then places another pot upon the soil of the pot in which the layer has been made; half fills this upper pot with earth, and keeps the remaining half always filled with water. The water slowly trickles down to the layer below and keeps it constantly moist. The layer is ready to be cut by the beginning of the Rains.

The best season for laying down cuttings of Roses is undoubtedly in November. By March they become nice little rooted plants, and may then be taken up and potted off. Cuttings of vigorous and healthy growth from the Tea-Roses *Devoniensis* and *Elise Sauvage* will, I have found, strike readily if put down in July during the Rains.

I am indebted likewise to Mr. Errington, Head Gardener of the Agri-Horticultural Society, for the following particulars respecting his mode of raising Roses from cuttings. To strike them in he uses a mixture of one part of fine charcoal to three of sand. One advantage of this mixture, he says, is that the cuttings when struck, will continue growing and thriving; but that when struck in sand alone, they must be removed and potted in soil, or they soon die. He always uses slips with heels of the old wood. He takes care to lay the heel of the slip against the side of the pot, but not the whole length of the slip. He says the mixture cannot be pressed too closely round the slips. He covers them with a bell-glass.

During one cold season I made experiments on striking cuttings of Roses in bottles of

water. The ones I attempted were the delicate Tea-roses *Devoniensis*, *Elise Sauvage* and *Peel's Rose*, and with each I met with complete success. The following I found the points essential to be attended to :

The water must be perfectly clean and pure, and changed frequently to keep it so. Not more than one or two slips must be put in the same bottle, or the water will become corrupt and the slips rot.

The slips must be of the youngest growth, foot-stems of a flower that has just blossomed and fallen off.

The bottles should be placed on the north side of the house, or behind some screen where they may have plenty of light without sunshine, and be sheltered from wind. An old box, without the lid, laid upon its side with the outer surface of the bottom facing the sun, serves admirably for putting the bottles in.

Small vials do not contain water enough ; ten-ounce confectionery bottles should be used ; tumblers will do, but are rather inconvenient.

It is exceedingly interesting to watch the cuttings gradually from their callus, as they will completely do in about three weeks, and then some time after emit one or two white silvery fibrous roots. As soon as they do this they should be potted off at once.

The budding of Roses is performed with the greatest facility and success in the Upper Provinces, and by this method choice Roses may soon be multiplied there to any extent. The kind employed for a stock is the *Rose Edouard*, which grows there with great vigour, the bark yielding most freely to receive the bud. The operation may be performed in March, but much better at any time during the months of July and August.

In Bengal, from the difficulty of finding a stock the bark of which will separate freely from the wood, budding is seldom or never attempted, I have not the least doubt, however, that by a proper way of proceeding, budding may be resorted to there also as one of the most ready and satisfactory means of multiplying choice Roses.

When one has become possessed of buds of any valuable Rose an efficacious way of turning them to account would no doubt be, by sacrificing any common young Rose plant by cutting it completely down, removing the soil, and inserting the buds upon the stump or upon the root, the bark of which will always yield readily.

Grafting, or more properly inarching, is the practice that has been almost uniformly adopted in Bengal for the propagation of the choicer kinds of Roses,—in my opinion a very inferior mode of proceeding. The stocks employed for this purpose in the garden of the Agri-Horticultural Society are of the *Rosa gigantea*, and the *China Rose Due de Berri*.

Roses, raised either from cuttings or layers, will come into full perfection of bearing by the second season after they have been planted out, particularly if they have received liberal treatment. They do not like a wet, undrained soil, and as little do they like a dry and one. It is therefore best to plant them in a gently raised bed, from which the superabundance of wet during the rains may pass off, but as a situation of this kind subjects them to a greater degree of drought during the hot months, they must, at that season be, from time to time, liberally supplied with water.

General Jenkins, in his MS. notes, gives the following plan :—"To make Roses blow every month : Have the roots taken up with plenty of earth before they are usually pruned and let them stand without water till they lose their leaves. Then give just enough to keep them alive, and when you wish them to blow plant them in good mould. Pruned and watered a little they will blow in six weeks."

I can to some extent certify from my own experience to the efficacy of this plan. Roses love now and then an entirely new soil, and transplantation every year or two is the very best thing that can be done for them. When not transplanted, they should in October, after the rains are over, have their roots laid bare by the removal of the earth for two or three weeks, and then covered in with new soil well enriched with old cow-manure.

Surface-dressing during the months of December and January I have found of prodigious benefit, making the plants break forth with wonderful vigour. Drawing the earth away from the stem, so as to form a circular ridge at a foot's distance around it, I throw into the shallow basin thus formed a basket of fresh cow-dung, and from a considerable height pour water upon it. The water thus passes into the soil as a thick liquid manure. A fresh quantity of cow-dung is applied at the interval of about a month.

When well-cultivated, Roses appear to me to thrive and blossom far more satisfactorily in the open ground than they do in pots. A common mode of cultivating Roses, and one of which the natives are very fond, is to grow them in ring-pots. These are earthen cylinders sixteen inches in diameter and two feet long, let into the earth endwise about a foot deep, and filled with soil to within three inches of the rim. The method of the natives is to cut the Roses, planted in these completely down, to within two or three inches of the roots in October ; a week or two later to remove the soil from the roots, and having

left them exposed a few days, to fill in with a solution of oil-cake, of the consistency of thick mud, very offensive to the nose at the time. The plants under this treatment it is true blossom very beautifully a month or so afterwards, but it is a mode of cultivation that possibly would not suit every one's taste.

PLANTING, TRANSPLANTING AND CUTTINGS.

PLANTING consists, for the most part, in transferring young shrubs or trees from the pots, in which they have been growing, into the places in the open ground where they are permanently to remain. As, with many plants of a robust nature may be done almost indifferently at any season, but the two seasons more especially suited for the operation are at the setting in of the rains, and at the commencement of the Cold season. As a general rule it may be laid down that plants natives of this country are planted out most successfully just previous to their breaking for their summer growth, a little after the commencement of the Rains. While plants natives of a colder climate and that are in the greatest vigour of growth during the Cold season, as Roses, for instance, should be planted about October. Most plants of the former class may, however, be planted out in February, but in that case those of a less robust habit demand a vast deal of attention, both in sheltering them from the sun, and in keeping them well watered during the hot months.

The usual method with malees, if not looked after, when planting out a young shrub or fruit-tree, is to dig a hole in the ground only just large enough to receive the ball of earth in which the roots are contained; whereas the proper plan is to dig the hole as much as two feet in diameter, and a foot and a-half deep, for moderate-sized shrubs, and proportionately larger for those of a larger size and for fruit-trees. The soil that is taken out should be broken up somewhat small, and mixed with old stable refuse, decayed cowdung, and rotten leaves, and then thrown into the hole again. If the ground be then drenched with water for a day or two previous, it will sink to the level at which it will remain, and the plant may be put down at once at its proper height without any fear of its crown becoming buried beneath the soil by subsequent sinking, as might otherwise happen. The plant should be copiously watered at the time, and for some little time afterwards, when the soil becomes dry.

TRANSPLANTING.—There are few things in which the malee will manifest his intolerance more than when employed in transplanting. If not keenly watched, he will, to make easy work of it, begin digging round the plant almost close to the stem so that the ball of earth he has to take up be as small as possible, cutting through or tearing away all the large long roots that come in his way, rather than extracting them carefully out.

In lifting a plant great care, and often much patience, are required, so that the roots sustain the least possible injury. It will sometimes, however, unavoidably happen that the roots become so much broken or disturbed in the operation that the plant would suffer severely, if removed at once to the spot intended for it and immediately exposed to the sun and air. In such case it will be found advantageous to put it into as small a pot as will contain it, fill in the pot with soil, and well water it; then convey it to a darkened room and keep it there during the day, bringing it out in the evening to remain in the open air and receive the benefit of the dew during the night. After a few days it may be left out in some well-shaded spot during the whole day, and in no great length of time when its wounds begin to have become healed, it will bear any amount of exposure. It may then be shifted from its pot and planted in the place where it is intended to remain. The worst it will have suffered will be the temporary shedding of its leaves merely.

CUTTINGS.—Some plants may be propagated by cuttings at nearly all times of the year, but the majority most successfully in the Rains. Some of our choicer plants, natives of a cold climate, and that are in vigorous growth only in the Cold season, cannot be multiplied by cuttings successfully except at that season.

Some cuttings strike so readily that it is almost immaterial how they are put into the ground. But most cuttings, it has been ascertained, strike more readily by being inserted slopingwise in the ground, than when they are planted upright. Indeed, it is well to lay them so slopingwise, that their summits go not more than an inch high above the ground, and then earth up and cover all but the two uppermost buds. The cuttings thus protected are not nearly so liable to become dried up and to perish as when almost their whole length is left exposed to the air.

The end of the cutting which is to be inserted in the soil should be cut across with a clean cut just below a leaf bud. Some gardeners are of opinion that slips strike more readily than cuttings. A slip is a small shoot pulled off a plant at its point of junction with the stem bringing away with it a heel of wood and bark from the stem.

None of the leaves, or as few as possible, should be removed from the upper end of a cutting.

METHODS OF STRIKING AND SOIL.—A large number of the plants kept for distribution in the gardens of the Agri-Horticultural Society are raised from cuttings laid down in common garden-soil during the Rains in an open situation without shelter either from sun or wet weather. And possibly a situation thus exposed to the full action of the atmosphere is the very best for them; for, of all things, most baneful to cuttings is that tendency in the earth to become sour, which occurs during the Rains, in situations at all sheltered and secluded. The native nurserymen I have observed, to strike their cuttings, make use of a mellow soapy description of clay, seemingly the substratum thrown up in the cleaning of tanks. This appears to be singularly tenacious of wet and yet to have no tendency whatever to turn sour.

To propagate the choicer kinds of plants, however, a more careful mode of proceeding must be adopted.

Fill small pots with sand, place the cuttings close around the inside of them, sink the pots to the rim in the bed of sand, and cover them with bell-glasses. When the cuttings are struck the pots may be taken out and other pots with fresh cuttings fitted into their places. In this way, when the cuttings are removed, the bed of sand is not disturbed, as it would be were pots not employed. Moreover, it is maintained, cuttings strike far more readily by being laid in contact with the sides of the pots.

The sinking of the pots to the rim I consider of great importance: as one point essential to success in striking cuttings is that the soil in which they are inserted should, if anything, be of a somewhat higher temperature than the surrounding atmosphere. Whereas if the pots be left above ground, the evaporation that takes place through their porous sides must necessarily much reduce the temperature of the soil within them and so be very prejudicial to the cuttings.

Mr. Errington, Head-Gardener of the Agri-Horticultural Society, informed me that of some thousands of cuttings, he put down one year in pure sand, most succeeded; but that on the following year nearly all that he so put down, failed. He therefore had adopted the material employed in the Botanical Gardens, which, he said, uniformly proved efficacious; that is to say, three parts of sand to one of fine charcoal. Thus then, in all cases will be the material safest to use. Notwithstanding, I fancy in the instance where Mr. Errington failed with sand only, the sand was not pure; as, indeed, it hardly ever can be, when used just in the condition in which it is brought from the bed of the river. And the greater or less degree of impure matter incorporated in the sand may make all the difference in the cuttings, for which it is employed, not succeeding in one case, and succeeding in the other. I have myself on occasions well washed the sand; and it needs only to do so to find out how far from pure it is: but this is a very troublesome operation, which the admixture of a little charcoal renders needless as it is the nature of charcoal to correct all impurity.

1.] *The striking of cutting in water*, Dr. Lindley says, is an old practice, and quotes a communication to the 'Gardeners' Chronicle,' to show the manner of it:—

"I tie vial-bottles by the neck and hang them in the windows of our small greenhouse, having filled them with clean soft water. I then put in slips of *Salvia Calceolaria*, *Mimulus*, *Myrtle*, or any thing I wish to propagate of the same description of plant; in about two or three weeks or a month, the little silver-like roots appear, and in a week or ten days I plant them in small pots well watered; they never seem to flag, or mind the change, and I rarely lose a slip."

I have myself practised this method during the Cold season with *Verbenas*, *Habrothamnus*, *Salvia splendens* and *Roses*, and found no method more successful or less troublesome. The points to be attended to as most conducive to success I conclude to be the following:—

1. That the cuttings be the summits of the youngest shoots, in a state of vigorous growth at the time.
2. That capacious bottles be used, so that there be less likelihood of the water becoming foul.
3. That the water be changed often, to ensure its being quite pure.
4. That when changed it be tepid, so as to afford, in some degree, the bottom heat, so essential for the speedy formation of a callus.
5. That the cuttings be sheltered from wind and sun, but otherwise have all the light and air possible.
6. That they be removed out of the cold air into the house at night; and, if the bottles be plunged half-way up in a tepid bath, probably so much the better.

2.] I subjoin a few remarks by Miss Maling on the *striking of cutting in sand and water* :—"Heliotropes, Verbenas, Lobelias, and Begonias do most beautifully, as do any of the very young soft shoots, when planted in pans of silver-sand, soaked and overflowed with a little sheet of water. Many hard-wooded plants, even hard to strike by other means, will grow in this way well.

"The shoots taken off as short as possible, and as fresh, and having only the lowest leaves snipped off, if necessary, near the stalk (not close to it) may be stuck in all over, and if put in a warm and sheltered place, as over a greenhouse-stove, will grow most rapidly and make the most charming bunches of little fibry roots. These things will often strike even in small bottles of rain-water, the convenience of which is that they take up so little room. Carelessly to drawing out the little plants, it is well to soak the sand thoroughly, to avoid tearing the rootlets. The cuttings raised in sand must, as a rule, have their roots shed in with sand, when they are first removed."

3.] The method of *propagating by eyes or buds* is simply to take a plump shoot of the season, on which the leaves are healthy and the buds not yet started. About half an inch or less above and below a bud, cut the shoot slopingwise into the wood, so that the cut each way may meet just about a quarter of an inch behind the bud. The piece of the shoot with the bud upon it, just as it is, is planted firmly in a pan of sand, with the point of the bud just visible above the surface. It is essential that the bud have a leaf attached to it, which should not be taken off. The sand is kept moistened and the pan covered with a pane of glass. This is a practice that has long been employed in England in raising plants of the Orange tribe, and has proved equally successful with Camellias and Roses.

4.] *Propagation by layering*, though, generally speaking, a slower process than by cuttings, is a much surer one, for there are few plants which, when in a thriving condition, cannot be multiplied by this method. It is obvious, moreover, that larger and more advanced plants may be obtained by layers than by cuttings.

The operation is as follows: select a branch of ripened wood of the plant to be layered, that will bear being bent down to the earth without breaking. Cut the branch half through with a sharp knife just under one of the leaf-buds towards its extremity, and then pass the knife upwards, so as to slit the branch about an inch or two up. The slit-piece, with the leaf-bud at its extremity, called the "tongue," should be kept open by inserting a small piece of tile. Remove the earth to the depth of two or three inches from, or place a flowerpot over, the spot just where the tongue falls, on the branch being bent down then carefully bend the tongued part of the branch into the earth, or into the flowerpot; secure it in that position by a peg, and cover it over with earth, which should be pressed down and watered. It is recommended to bend down the branch when layered; but this is not always done. If the layer is put down in the month of February or March, it is very essential that the soil be frequently watered, and never allowed to become dry and hard. What Mr. Rivers enjoins with regard to the layering of Roses may, no doubt, be considered applicable to all layered plants: "Have the tongue at the upper part of the shoot, so as not to be in the part which forms the bow, as it is of consequence that it should be within two inches of the surface, so as to feel the effects of the atmospheric heat. Unless this is attended to, the roots will not be emitted quickly."

A modification of the above process, I have found attended with great success in layering some kinds of Roses and other plants, the boughs of which are too rigid to be bent down—

Procure a flowerpot which has had part of its side broken out, make a tongue in the branch to be layered, as before directed. Raise the flowerpot up so that the branch, passing through the broken side, may have its tongued part just about two inches below the level of the soil, when the pot is filled in. Keep the flowerpot permanently in this position by some support placed beneath it; insert a piece of tile in the pot where the side is broken away, and then fill in with a mellow soil composed of leaf-mould and sand, which must be kept constantly moist.

5.] *The mode of propagation by Goutte* is thus described by Mr. Masters, formerly head-gardener in the Calcutta Botanical Gardens—

"Select a firm healthy branch, the wood of which is well-ripened; and immediately under a leaf-bud take off a small ring of bark, about one inch wide. Scrape the woody part well, so that no bark remains. Apply a ball of well-tempered clay; bind it on securely with tow or other soft bandage; make it fast to a stake, if necessary; hang a small pot, having a hole in the bottom, just over the Goutte; supply it with water daily. In a few months you will obtain a fine well-rooted plant.

"As the fibres are emitted from the buds that are above the wound, they will descend into the ball of earth and form roots. As soon as they are seen protruding

themselves through the bandage, the branch may be cut off from the parent-tree, and planted where it is intended that it should remain. This appears to be the most expeditious method of obtaining strong well-rooted plants, and, at the same time, is a sure method of procuring duplicates of any desirable variety. Of sixty-five Gootess, made in June, of the *Jonesia Asoca*, the whole were well-rooted in October; while of forty-five layers made at the same time, and on the same individual tree, none were well rooted and some only just beginning to form. The Lichee requires four months to form good roots."

6.] *The operation of inarching* is commonly called grafting here, and is always substituted for it, being performed with far greater certainty of success; but, except for Mangoes, Sapotas, and in Bengal Peach trees, there is not often need to resort to it. Some of the choicer kinds of Roses, it is true, are frequently inarched; but with due care more thriving plants may be procured by means of cuttings or layers, if not by budding. The process is performed thus:—Procure a seedling, of about one or two years old, of the plant to be inarched, or where a seedling is not to be obtained, a rooted cutting of the same age, of the plant that is to supply the stock. Put it in a pot, and when it is well established it will be ready to be operated upon. Slice away from one side of the young stem a piece of bark, with a thin layer of the wood beneath it, about two inches long; do the same to a young stem of the plant to be inarched from, and then bring together the two stems that have thus been operated upon so that the cut parts lie close in contact face to face, and bandage them with cotton twist. In course of time, when the parts have united, head down the stock and dis sever the scion from the parent plant by cutting it through below the bandage. The grafted plant must then be put somewhere in a shaded place and not removed from its pot till it has made a vigorous growth, and stock and scion have become thoroughly incorporated.

IMPERIAL ACTS,—GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

STAMP ACT NO. XVIII. OF 1869.

This Act may be called "The General Stamp Act, 1869." It extends to the whole of British India; and is in force from the first day of January 1870.

On and after that day, the enactments specified in the third Schedule hereto annexed shall be repealed to the extent specified in the third column of the same schedule.

For every instrument mentioned in the schedule hereto annexed and executed in British India, on or after the first day of January 1870, or executed out of British India on or after that day, but relating to any property within British India, there shall be payable to the Government of India, as stamp duty, the amount indicated in the first or second schedule hereto annexed to be the proper duty for such instrument.

(a)—All instruments chargeable under this Act with the duty of one anna, bills of exchange and promissory notes drawn or made out of British India, and transfers by endorsement of shares of Companies and Associations may (subject to the provisions hereinafter contained) be stamped with adhesive stamps.

(b)—The stamp on every other instrument chargeable under this Act shall either be impressed on the paper whereon the instrument is written, or be otherwise denoted by the Collector or the Superintendent of Stamps, in accordance with such rules as the Governor-General of India in Council may from time to time prescribe in this behalf.

Duties by whom payable.—In the absence of an agreement to the contrary, the expense of providing the proper stamp shall be borne—

1st,—In the case of any instrument mentioned in the first schedule to this Act (other than a policy of insurance, a mortgage-deed, a settlement, a conveyance, a lease, an instrument of exchange of partition-deed where money is paid for equality of exchange of partition, an appraisal of valuation, an award and a copy, duplicate or extract),—by the person drawing, making, or executing such instrument:

2nd,—In the case of a policy of insurance—by the insured:

3rd,—In the case of settlement—by the settler:

4th,—In the case of a conveyance, mortgage-deed, or lease—by the grantee, mortgager or lessee:

5th,—In the case of a counterpart of a lease—by the lessor:

6th,—In the case of a partition-deed—by the parties thereto in proportion to their respective shares in the property comprised therein: and

7th,—In the case of an exchange where money is paid for equality of exchange—by the person paying such money.

SCHEDULE I.

Instruments chargeable with ad valorem Stamp duties.

DESCRIPTION OF INSTRUMENTS.	PROPER STAMP-DUTY.					
	If drawn singly.			If drawn in set of 2 for set of 3, for each part of each part of the set.		
	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.
1. BILL OF EXCHANGE PAYABLE OTHERWISE THAN ON DEMAND ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
When the amount of the Bill or Note does not exceed Rs. 100	0	1	0	0	1	0
And when the amount exceeds Rs. 100, but does not exceed Rupees 200	0	2	0	0	1	0
200, ditto	0	3	0	0	2	0
" 300, ditto	0	6	0	0	3	0
" 600, ditto	0	9	0	0	5	0
" 900, ditto	0	12	0	0	6	0
" 1,200, ditto	0	15	0	0	8	0
" 1,500, ditto	1	8	0	0	12	0
" 2,500, ditto	3	0	0	1	8	0
For every Rs. 2,500 or part thereof in excess of Rs. 2,500 up to Rs. 10,000	6	0	0	3	0	0
For every Rs. 5,000 or part thereof in excess of Rs. 10,000 up to Rs. 30,000	...	...	...	...	...	...
And for every Rs. 10,000 or part thereof in excess of Rupees 30,000	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. PROMISSORY NOTE PAYABLE OTHERWISE THAN ON DEMAND ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. POLICY OF INSURANCE ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
When the amount insured does not exceed Rs. 1,000	...	...	...	...	...	...
And for every further sum of Rs. 1,000 insured or for every part thereof	...	...	...	...	...	...
When the amount paid for such share does not exceed Rs. 100	...	...	...	...	...	...
For every Rs. 100 of such amount or part thereof in excess of 100 up to 1,000	...	...	...	...	...	...
And for every Rs. 500 of the same or part thereof in excess of Rupees 1,000	...	...	...	...	...	...
When the amount secured does not exceed Rs. 25	...	...	...	...	...	...
When such amount exceeds Rs. 25 but does not exceed Rs. 50	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ditto " 50 ditto	...	...	...	...	...	...
For every Rs. 100 or part thereof in excess of Rs. 100 up to Rs. 1,000	...	...	...	...	...	...
For every Rs. 500 or part thereof in excess of Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 10,000	...	...	...	...	...	...
For every Rs. 1,000 or part thereof in excess of Rs. 10,000 up to Rs. 30,000	...	...	...	...	...	...
And for every Rs. 10,000 or part thereof in excess of Rs. 30,000	...	...	...	...	...	...
4. COMPANY OR ASSOCIATION. Bond.	...	...	...	...	...	...
5. BOND.—For any specified amount, other than an Administration Bond.	...	...	...	...	...	...
6. PORTFOLIO BOND.	...	...	...	...	...	...
7. REPENDENTIA BOND.	...	...	...	...	...	...

NOTE.—The Stamp-duty chargeable on the instrument marked * may be denoted by an adhesive stamp when the transfer is made by endorsement.

SCHEDULE I.—(continued.)
Instruments chargeable with ad valorem Stamp-duties.

DESCRIPTION OF INSTRUMENTS.		PROPER STAMP-DUTY.
8. Customs Bond	{ (a.) When the amount secured does not exceed Rs. 1,000 ... { (b.) When such amount exceeds Rs. 1,000 ...	{ The Stamp-duty with which a Bond for such amount is chargeable (No. 5). { Five Rupees.
9. Indemnity Bond	{ (a.) When the amount secured does not exceed Rs. 3,000 ... { (b.) When such amount exceeds Rs. 3,000 or is not expressed ...	{ The Stamp-duty with which a Bond for such amount is chargeable (No. 5). { Sixteen Rupees.
10. Mortgage Deed, when possession of the Property comprised therein is not given by the Mortgager at the time of execution	...	{ The Stamp-duty with which a Bond for the amount secured is chargeable (No. 5).
11. Instrument of further charge on such property (whether by endorsement or otherwise.)	...	...
12. Bond or Mortgage deed for the due execution of an office, or to account for money received by virtue thereof	{ (a.) When the amount secured does not exceed Rs. 3,000 ... { (b.) When such amount exceeds Rs. 3,000 or the amount is not expressed ...	{ The Stamp-duty with which a Bond for such amount is chargeable (No. 5). { Sixteen Rupees.
13. Assignment of any interest secured by a Bond or Mortgage Deed	{ (a.) When the amount of such interest does not exceed Rs. 3,000 ... { (b.) In any other case ...	{ Stamp-duty with which a Bond for such amount is chargeable (No. 5). { Sixteen Rupees. { The Stamp-duty with which a Bond for such amount or value of the property thereby settled is chargeable (No. 5).

SCHEDULE I.—(continued.)

Instruments chargeable with ad valorem Stamp-duties.

DESCRIPTION OF INSTRUMENTS.		PROPER STAMP-DUTY.		
		Rs.	A.	P.
15. CONVEYANCE	... ..	When the amount paid or secured does not exceed Rs. 50	0	8
		When it does not exceed Rs. 100	1	0
		For every Rs. 100 or part thereof in excess of Rs. 100 up to Rs. 1,000	1	0
		For every Rs. 1,000 or part thereof in excess of Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 10,000	5	0
		For every Rs. 10,000 or part thereof in excess of Rs. 10,000 up to Rs. 30,000	5	0
		For every Rs. 30,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000	50	0
		For every Rs. 20,000 or part thereof in excess of Rs. 100,000	75	0
16. MORTGAGE-DEED—when possession of the Property comprised therein is given by the Mortgagor at the time of execution.	...	...	...	...
17. INSTRUMENT OF FURTHER CHARGE on such property, whether by endorsement or otherwise	...	...	...	...
18. INSTRUMENT OF EXCHANGE OR PARTITION OF IMMOVABLE PROPERTY when money is paid for equality of Exchange of Partition.	...	...	...	...
19. LEASE	...	...	...	...

The Stamp-duty with which a conveyance amount so paid is chargeable (No. 15), in addition to the Stamp-duty with which an instrument of exchange of immovable property or a partition-deed is chargeable under Schedule II.

The Stamp-duty with which a Bond No. 5 for the total amount payable under such lease is chargeable.

The Stamp-duty with which a Bond No. 5 for the total amount payable under such lease during the first year of the term is chargeable.

The Stamp-duty with which a conveyance No. 15 for the total amount payable under such lease during the first year of the term is chargeable.

The Stamp-duty with which a conveyance No. 15 for the amount so paid is chargeable.

19. LEASE	(c). Where the lease is granted in consideration of a fine or premium and also of a rent	...	{ The Stamp-duty with which a conveyance No. 15 for the amount of the fine or premium is chargeable, in addition to the Stamp-duty with which the lease would be chargeable in case no such fine or premium had been paid.
20. SURRENDER OF LEASE.	(a). Where the amount of Stamp-duty chargeable on the lease does not exceed Rs. 16	...	{ The Stamp-duty with which the lease is chargeable (No. 19).
	(b). In any other case	...	{ Sixteen Rupees.
21. APPRAISEMENT OR VALUATION— Of any property or of any interest therein; Or of the annual or monthly value thereof; Or of any repairs wanted; Or of the materials used or to be used in any building; Or of any Artificer's work	(a). Where the amount of such appraisement or valuation does not exceed Rs. 500	...	{ Eight Annas.
	(b). Where it exceeds Rs. 500	...	{ One Rupee.
22. AWARD	(a). Where the amount or value of the property in dispute expressed in such award does not exceed Rs. 500	...	{ Eight Annas.
	(b). Where such amount or value exceeds Rs. 500 or where no amount or value is expressed in the award.	...	{ One Rupee.
23. COPY, DUPLICATE OR EXTRACT, attested to be a true copy, duplicate or extract	(a). If the duty chargeable on the original does not exceed Rs. 5, or if no duty is chargeable on the original	...	{ Eight Annas.
	(b). If the duty chargeable on the original exceeds Rs. 5, but does not exceed Rs. 20	...	{ One Rupee.
	(c). If such duty exceeds Rs. 20, but does not exceed Rs. 50	...	{ Two Rupees.
	(d). If such duty exceeds Rs. 50	...	{ Four Rupees.

SCHEDULE I.—(continued.)

Table showing the Stamp-duty chargeable under this Schedule on any Bill of Exchange or Promissory Note, the amount of which does not exceed Rs. 2,00,000.

When the amount exceeds— But does not ex- ceed—	PROPER STAMP-DUTY.						When the amount exceeds— But does not ex- ceed—	PROPER STAMP-DUTY.									
	Rs.	P.	If drawn singly.		If drawn in sets of two, for each part of the set.			Rs.	P.	If drawn singly.		If drawn in sets of two, for each part of the set.		Rs.	P.	If drawn in sets of three, for each part of the set.	
			Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.				Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.			Rs.	As.
...	...	1 0	0	1	0	1	0	1	40,000	50,000	30	0	15	0	10	0	
100	200	0	2	0	1	0	1	50,000	60,000	36	0	18	0	12	0		
200	300	0	3	0	2	0	1	60,000	70,000	42	0	21	0	14	0		
300	600	0	6	0	3	0	2	70,000	80,000	48	0	24	0	16	0		
600	900	0	9	0	5	0	3	80,000	90,000	54	0	27	0	18	0		
900	1,200	0	12	0	6	0	4	90,000	1,00,000	60	0	30	0	20	0		
1,200	1,500	0	15	0	8	0	5	1,00,000	1,10,000	66	0	33	0	22	0		
1,500	2,500	1	8	0	12	0	3	1,10,000	1,20,000	72	0	36	0	24	0		
2,500	5,000	3	0	1	8	1	0	1,20,000	1,30,000	78	0	39	0	26	0		
5,000	7,500	4	8	2	4	1	8	1,30,000	1,40,000	84	0	42	0	28	0		
7,500	10,000	6	0	3	0	2	0	1,40,000	1,50,000	90	0	45	0	30	0		
10,000	15,000	9	0	4	8	3	0	1,50,000	1,60,000	96	0	48	0	32	0		
15,000	20,000	12	0	6	0	4	0	1,60,000	1,70,000	102	0	51	0	34	0		
20,000	25,000	15	0	7	8	5	0	1,70,000	1,80,000	108	0	54	0	36	0		
25,000	30,000	18	0	9	0	6	0	1,80,000	1,90,000	114	0	57	0	38	0		
30,000	40,000	24	0	12	0	8	0	1,90,000	2,00,000	120	0	60	0	40	0		

Table showing the Stamp-duty chargeable under this Schedule on any Conveyance the consideration money set forth in which does not exceed Rs. 4,00,000.

When the amount of such consideration-money does not exceed.	Proper Stamp-duty.		When the amount of such consideration-money does not exceed.	Proper Stamp-duty.		When the amount of such consideration-money does not exceed.	Proper Stamp-duty.	
	Rs.	As.		Rs.	As.		Rs.	As.
50	0	8	8,000	80	0	30,000	200	0
100	1	0	8,500	85	0	40,000	250	0
200	2	0	9,000	90	0	50,000	300	0
300	3	0	9,500	95	0	60,000	350	0
400	4	0	10,000	100	0	70,000	400	0
500	5	0	11,000	105	0	80,000	450	0
600	6	0	12,000	110	0	90,000	500	0
700	7	0	13,000	115	0	1,00,000	550	0
800	8	0	14,000	120	0	1,20,000	625	0
900	9	0	15,000	125	0	1,40,000	705	0
1,000	10	0	16,000	130	0	1,60,000	775	0
1,500	15	0	17,000	135	0	1,80,000	850	0
2,000	20	0	18,000	140	0	2,00,000	925	0
2,500	25	0	19,000	145	0	2,20,000	1,000	0
3,000	30	0	20,000	150	0	2,40,000	1,075	0
3,500	35	0	21,000	155	0	2,60,000	1,150	0
4,000	40	0	22,000	160	0	2,80,000	1,225	0
4,500	45	0	23,000	165	0	3,00,000	1,300	0
5,000	50	0	24,000	170	0	3,20,000	1,375	0
5,500	55	0	25,000	175	0	3,40,000	1,450	0
6,000	60	0	26,000	180	0	3,60,000	1,525	0
6,500	65	0	27,000	185	0	3,80,000	1,600	0
7,000	70	0	28,000	190	0	4,00,000	1,675	0
7,500	75	0	29,000	195	0			

SCHEDULE I.—(concluded.)

Table showing the Stamp-duty chargeable under this Schedule on Bonds for any sum not exceeding Rs. 4,00,000.

When such sum does not exceed	Proper Stamp-duty.	When such sum does not exceed	Proper Stamp-duty.	When such sum does not exceed	Proper Stamp-duty.
Rs.	Rs. As.	Rs.	Rs. As.	Rs.	Rs. As.
25	0 2	10,000	50 0	1,20,000	212 8
50	0 4	11,000	52 8	1,30,000	223 0
100	0 8	12,000	55 0	1,40,000	237 8
200	1 0	13,000	57 8	1,50,000	250 0
300	1 8	14,000	60 0	1,60,000	262 8
400	2 0	15,000	62 8	1,70,000	275 0
500	2 8	16,000	65 0	1,80,000	287 8
600	3 0	17,000	67 8	1,90,000	300 0
700	3 8	18,000	70 0	2,00,000	312 8
800	4 0	19,000	72 8	2,10,000	323 0
900	4 8	20,000	75 0	2,20,000	337 8
1,000	5 0	21,000	77 8	2,30,000	350 0
1,500	7 8	22,000	80 0	2,40,000	362 8
2,000	10 0	23,000	82 8	2,50,000	373 0
2,500	12 8	24,000	85 0	2,60,000	387 8
3,000	15 0	25,000	87 8	2,70,000	400 0
3,500	17 8	26,000	90 0	2,80,000	412 8
4,000	20 0	27,000	92 8	2,90,000	425 0
4,500	22 8	28,000	95 0	3,00,000	437 8
5,000	25 0	29,000	97 8	3,10,000	450 0
5,500	27 8	30,000	100 0	3,20,000	462 8
6,000	30 0	40,000	112 8	3,30,000	475 0
6,500	32 8	50,000	125 0	3,40,000	487 8
7,000	35 0	60,000	137 8	3,50,000	500 0
7,500	37 8	70,000	150 0	3,60,000	512 8
8,000	40 0	80,000	162 8	3,70,000	525 0
8,500	42 8	90,000	175 0	3,80,000	537 8
9,000	45 0	1,00,000	187 8	3,90,000	550 0
9,500	47 8	1,10,000	200 0	4,00,000	562 8

SCHEDULE II.

Instruments chargeable with fixed Stamp-duties.

DESCRIPTION OF INSTRUMENTS.	PROPER STAMP-DUTY
1.—Bill of Exchange, Promissory Note, Cheque or Order, for the payment on demand of an amount exceeding 20 rupees
2.—Letter of Credit
3.—Agreement or Memorandum of an Agreement relating to the sale of any Government Security, share in a Company or Association, or Bill of Exchange
4.—Certificate or other Document purporting to denote the right or title of the holder thereof, or any other person, either to any shares, scrip or stock in or of any Company or Association, or proposed Company or Association, or to become proprietor of shares, scrip or stock in or any such Company or Association ...	One anna.*
5.—Note or Memorandum written in any book or written on a separate paper, whereby any account, debt or demand, or any part of any account, debt or demand therein specified, and amounting to twenty rupees or upwards, is expressed to have been balanced, or is acknowledged to be due
6.—Shipping Order or relating to the conveyance of goods on board of any vessel

* This duty may be denoted by an adhesive stamp.

SCHEDULE II.—(concluded.)

7.—Receipt or Discharge given for or upon the payment of money, or delivery of goods, in satisfaction of a debt, the amount or value of which money or goods exceeds twenty rupees	...
8.—Proxy to vote at any one meeting of—	
(a).—Members of a Company or Association whose stock or funds is or are divided into shares, and transferable	One anna.*
(b).—Municipal Commissioners	...
(c).—Justices of the Peace being a body corporate	...
(d).—Proprietors, members or contributors to the funds of any institution	...
9.—Bill of Lading. 10.—Dock Warrant	Four annas.
11.—Any Agreement or Memorandum of an Agreement not otherwise provided for by this Act	...
12.—Notice of Protest by the master of a ship	...
13.—Power of Attorney to present for registration—	Eight annas.
(a).—A single instrument	...
(b).—Any number of instruments required for the completion of a single transaction	...
14.—Affidavit not made for the immediate purpose of being produced in any Court	...
15.—Collateral Instrument not otherwise provided for by this Schedule	...
16.—Counterpart of any Instrument chargeable with stamp duty under this Act:	One rupee.
17.—Instrument of Dissolution of Partnership	...
18.—Power of Attorney for the performance of a single act when the value of the matter to be dealt with does not exceed five hundred rupees	...
19.—Power of Attorney for the performance of a single act when the value of the matter to be dealt with exceeds five hundred rupees.	...
20.—Bond or Mortgage-deed executed as a collateral security for the performance of any act...	...
21.—Instrument evidencing an Agreement to secure the repayment on or before the expiration of three months from the date of such instrument of a loan made upon the deposit of title deeds or other valuable security	Two rupees.
22.—Charter Party.	...
23.—Notarial Act	...
24.—Protest of a bill of Exchange or Promissory note	...
25.—Protest of the Master or Owner of a Ship	...
26.—Instrument of Co-partnership	...
27.—Re-conveyance of Mortgaged property when the original Mortgage-deed has been stamped in accordance with the law in force in British India at the time of its execution	Four rupees
28.—Composition-deed. 29.—Letter of Licence. 30.—Release	...
31.—Instrument purporting to confer an authority to adopt	Eight rupees.
32.—Power of Attorney not otherwise provided for by this schedule	...
33.—Articles of Association of a Company	...
34.—Memorandum of Association of a Company	...
35.—Appointment or execution of a power, whether of Trustees, or of property, moveable or immoveable, where made by any writing not being a will	Sixteen rupees.
36.—Declaration of any use or trust of or concerning any property, moveable or immoveable, where made by any writing not being a will	...
37.—Instrument of gift of immoveable property	...
38.—Instrument of Exchange of immoveable property where no money is paid or agreed to be paid for equality of exchange	Sixteen rupees.
39.—Partition-deed relating to immoveable property where no money is paid or agreed to be paid for equality of exchange	...
40.—Petition for leave to file a specification of an invention, or for the extension of the term of the exclusive privilege of making, using or selling such invention in India	One hundred rupees.
41.—Articles of Clerkship or Contract whereby any person shall first become bound to serve as a clerk in order to his admission as an attorney in any High Court	Five hundred rupees.

* This duty may be denoted by an adhesive stamp.

COURT FEES ACT—1870.

SCHEDULE I.

Ad valorem fees.

Number.		Proper Fee.
1. <i>Plaint or memorandum of appeal (not otherwise provided for in this Act), presented to any Civil or Revenue Court, except those mentioned in Section three.*</i>	When the amount or value of the subject-matter in dispute does not exceed five rupees ...	Six annas,
	When such amount or value exceeds five rupees: For every five rupees or part thereof, in excess of five rupees, up to one hundred rupees ...	Six annas.
	When such amount or value exceeds one hundred rupees: For every ten rupees, or part thereof, in excess of one hundred rupees, up to one thousand rupees ...	Twelve annas.
	When such amount or value exceeds one thousand rupees: For every one hundred rupees, or part thereof, in excess of one thousand rupees, up to five thousand rupees ...	Five rupees.
	When such amount or value exceeds five thousand rupees: For every one hundred and fifty rupees, or part thereof, in excess of five thousand rupees, up to ten thousand rupees ...	Ten rupees.
	When such amount or value exceeds ten thousand rupees: For every five hundred rupees, or part thereof, in excess of ten thousand rupees, up to twenty thousand rupees ...	Fifteen rupees.
	When such amount or value exceeds twenty thousand rupees: For every one thousand rupees, or part thereof, in excess of twenty thousand rupees, up to thirty thousand rupees ...	Twenty rupees.
	When such amount or value exceeds thirty thousand rupees: For every two thousand rupees, or part thereof, in excess of thirty thousand rupees, up to fifty thousand rupees ...	Twenty rupees.
	When such amount or value exceeds fifty thousand rupees: For every five thousand rupees, or part thereof, in excess of fifty thousand rupees ...	Twenty-five rupees.
	Provided that the maximum fee leviable on a <i>plaint or memorandum of appeal</i> shall be three thousand rupees.	A fee of half the amount prescribed in the foregoing scale.
1. <i>Plaint or memorandum of appeal in a suit for possession under Act No. XIV of 1859, (to provide for the limitation of suits), section fifteen.</i> 8. <i>Petition under the Indian Registration Act, section fifty-three.</i>	... ..

* To ascertain the proper fee leviable on the institution of a suit, see the Table annexed to this Schedule.

SCHEDULE I.—(continued.)

Ad valorem fees.

<i>Number.</i>		<i>Proper Fee.</i>
4. Application for review of judgment, if presented on or after the ninetieth day from the date of the decree.	... ..	The fee leviable on the plaint or memorandum of appeal.
5. Application for review of judgment, if presented before the ninetieth day from the date of the decree.	... ..	One-half of the fee leviable on the plaint or memorandum of appeal.
6. Copy or translation of a judgment or order not being, or having the force of a decree.	When such judgment or order is passed by any Civil Court other than a High Court, or by the presiding officer or any Revenue Court or Office, or by any other Judicial or Executive Authority,— (a).—If the amount or value of the subject-matter is fifty or less than fifty rupees (b).—If such amount or value exceeds fifty rupees When such judgment or order is passed by a High Court	Four annas. Eight annas. One rupee.
7. Copy of a decree or order having the force of a decree.	When such decree or order is made by any Civil Court other than a High Court, or by any Revenue Court,— (a).—If the amount or value of the subject-matter of the suit wherein such decree or order is made is fifty or less than fifty rupees (b).—If such amount or value exceeds fifty rupees When such decree or order is made by a High Court	Eight annas. One rupee. Four rupees.
8. Copy of any document liable to stamp-duty under the General Stamp Act, 1869, when left by a party to a suit or proceeding in place of the original withdrawn.	(a).—When the stamp-duty chargeable on the original does not exceed eight annas (b).—In any other case	The amount of the duty chargeable on the original. Eight annas.
9. Copy of any revenue or judicial proceeding or order not otherwise provided for by this Act, or copy of any account, statement, report or the like, taken out of any Civil or Criminal or Revenue Court or office or from the office of any chief officer charged with the executive administration of a Division.	For every three hundred and sixty words or fraction of three hundred and sixty words	Eight annas.

SCHEDULE I.—(continued)

Ad valorem fees.

Number.		Proper Fee.
<p>10. Certificate of administration granted under Act No. XL of 1858 (for making better provision for the care of the persons and property of minors in the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal), or under Act No. XX of 1864 (for making better provision for the care of the persons and property of minors in the Presidency of Bombay.</p>	<p>If the amount or value of the property in respect to which such certificate is granted does not exceed five hundred rupees ...</p> <p>If such amount or value exceeds five hundred rupees but not one thousand rupees ...</p> <p>And for every one thousand rupees, or part thereof, in excess of one thousand rupees ...</p>	<p>Five rupees.</p> <p>Ten rupees.</p> <p>Five rupees.</p>
<p>11. Probate of a will or letters of administration with or without will annexed.</p>		
<p>12. Certificate granted under Act No. XXVII of 1860 (for facilitating the collection of debts on successions, and for the securities of parties paying debts to the representatives of the deceased persons) or under Bombay Regulation VIII of 1827 (to provide for the formal recognition of Heirs, Executors and Administrators, and for the appointment of Administrators and Managers of Property by the Courts.)</p>	<p>If the amount or value of the property in respect of which the probate or letters or certificate shall be granted exceeds one thousand rupees ...</p>	<p>Two per centum on such amount or value</p>

NOTE.—The person to whom any such certificate is granted, or his representative, shall, after the expiration of twelve months from the date of such certificate, and thereafter whenever the Court granting such certificate requires him so to do, file a statement on oath of all monies recovered or realized by him under such certificate.

If the monies so recovered or realized exceed the amount of debts or other property as sworn to by the person to whom the certificate is granted, the Court may cancel the same and order such person to take out a fresh certificate and pay the fee prescribed by this Schedule for such excess.

In default of filing such statement within the time allowed, the Court may cancel the certificate.

Table of rates of ad valorem Fees, leviable on the institution of suits.

When the amount or value does not exceed	Proper Fee.	When the amount or value does not exceed	Proper Fee.	When the amount or value does not exceed	Proper Fee.	When the amount or value does not exceed	Proper Fee.
Rs.	R. A.	Rs.	R. A.	Rs.	R. A.	Rs.	Rs. A.
5	0 6	440	33 0	970	72 12	7,500	375 0
10	0 1	450	33 12	980	73 8	7,750	385 0
15	1 2	460	34 8	990	74 4	8,000	395 0
20	1 8	470	35 4	1,000	75 0	8,250	405 0
25	1 14	480	36 0	1,100	80 0	8,500	415 0
30	2 4	490	36 12	1,200	85 0	8,750	425 0
35	2 10	500	37 8	1,300	90 0	9,000	435 0
40	3 0	510	38 4	1,400	95 0	9,250	445 0
45	3 6	520	39 0	1,500	100 0	9,500	455 0
50	3 12	530	39 12	1,600	105 0	9,750	465 0
55	4 2	540	40 8	1,700	110 0	10,000	475 0
60	4 8	550	41 4	1,800	115 0	10,500	490 0
65	4 14	560	42 0	1,900	120 0	11,000	505 0
70	5 4	570	42 12	2,000	125 0	11,500	520 0
75	5 10	580	43 8	2,100	130 0	12,000	535 0
80	6 0	590	44 4	2,200	135 0	12,500	550 0
85	6 6	600	45 0	2,300	140 0	13,000	565 0
90	6 12	610	45 12	2,400	145 0	13,500	580 0
95	7 2	620	46 8	2,500	150 0	14,000	595 0
100	7 8	630	47 4	2,600	155 0	14,500	610 0
110	8 4	640	48 0	2,700	160 0	15,000	625 0
120	9 0	650	48 12	2,800	165 0	15,500	640 0
130	9 12	660	49 8	2,900	170 0	16,000	655 0
140	10 8	670	50 4	3,000	175 0	16,500	670 0
150	11 4	680	51 0	3,100	180 0	17,000	685 0
160	12 0	690	51 12	3,200	185 0	17,500	700 0
170	12 12	700	52 8	3,300	190 0	18,000	715 0
180	13 8	710	53 4	3,400	195 0	18,500	730 0
190	14 4	720	54 0	3,500	200 0	19,000	745 0
200	15 0	730	54 12	3,600	205 0	19,500	760 0
210	15 12	740	55 8	3,700	210 0	20,000	775 0
220	16 6	750	56 4	3,800	215 0	21,500	795 0
230	16 12	760	57 0	3,900	220 0	22,000	815 0
240	17 6	770	57 12	4,000	225 0	23,500	835 0
250	18 0	780	58 8	4,100	230 0	24,000	855 0
260	18 12	790	59 4	4,200	235 0	25,500	875 0
270	19 6	800	60 0	4,300	240 0	26,000	895 0
280	20 0	810	60 12	4,400	245 0	27,500	915 0
290	21 12	820	61 8	4,500	250 0	28,000	935 0
300	22 6	830	62 4	4,600	255 0	29,000	955 0
310	23 0	840	63 0	4,700	260 0	30,000	975 0
320	24 0	850	63 12	4,800	265 0	32,000	995 0
330	24 12	860	64 8	4,900	270 0	34,000	1,015 0
340	25 6	870	65 4	5,000	275 0	36,000	1,035 0
350	26 0	880	66 0	5,250	285 0	38,000	1,055 0
360	27 0	890	66 12	5,500	295 0	40,000	1,075 0
370	27 12	900	67 8	5,750	305 0	42,000	1,095 0
380	28 6	910	68 4	6,000	315 0	44,000	1,115 0
390	29 0	920	69 0	6,250	325 0	46,000	1,135 0
400	30 0	930	69 12	6,500	335 0	48,000	1,155 0
410	30 12	940	70 8	6,750	345 0	50,000	1,175 0
420	31 6	950	71 4	7,000	355 0	55,000	1,200 0
430	32 0	960	72 0	7,250	365 0	60,000	1,225 0

Table of rates of *ad. valorem* Fees, &c.—(concluded.)

When the amount or value does not exceed	Proper Fee.	When the amount or value does not exceed	Proper Fee.	When the amount or value does not exceed	Proper Fee.	When the amount or value does not exceed	Proper Fee.
Rs.	R. A.	Rs.	R. A.	Rs.	R. A.	Rs.	R. A.
65,000	1,250 0	1,55,000	1,700 0	2,45,000	2,150 0	3,35,000	2,600 0
70,000	1,275 0	1,60,000	1,725 0	2,50,000	2,175 0	3,40,000	2,625 0
75,000	1,300 0	1,65,000	1,750 0	2,55,000	2,200 0	3,45,000	2,650 0
80,000	1,325 0	1,70,000	1,775 0	2,60,000	2,225 0	3,50,000	2,675 0
85,000	1,350 0	1,75,000	1,800 0	2,65,000	2,250 0	3,55,000	2,700 0
90,000	1,375 0	1,80,000	1,825 0	2,70,000	2,275 0	3,60,000	2,725 0
95,000	1,400 0	1,85,000	1,850 0	2,75,000	2,300 0	3,65,000	2,750 0
1,00,000	1,425 0	1,90,000	1,875 0	2,80,000	2,325 0	3,70,000	2,775 0
1,05,000	1,450 0	1,95,000	1,900 0	2,85,000	2,350 0	3,75,000	2,800 0
1,10,000	1,475 0	2,00,000	1,925 0	2,90,000	2,375 0	3,80,000	2,825 0
1,15,000	1,500 0	2,05,000	1,950 0	2,95,000	2,400 0	3,85,000	2,850 0
1,20,000	1,525 0	2,10,000	1,975 0	3,00,000	2,425 0	3,90,000	2,875 0
1,25,000	1,550 0	2,15,000	2,000 0	3,05,000	2,450 0	3,95,000	2,900 0
1,30,000	1,575 0	2,20,000	2,025 0	3,10,000	2,475 0	4,00,000	2,925 0
1,35,000	1,600 0	2,25,000	2,050 0	3,15,000	2,500 0	4,05,000	2,950 0
1,40,000	1,625 0	2,30,000	2,075 0	3,20,000	2,525 0	4,10,000	2,975 0
1,45,000	1,650 0	2,35,000	2,100 0	3,25,000	2,550 0	4,20,000	3,000 0
1,50,000	1,675 0	2,40,000	2,125 0	3,30,000	2,575 0		

SCHEDULE II.—Fixed Fees.

Number.		Proper Fee.
	(a) When presented to any officer of the Customs or Excise Department or to any Magistrate by any person having dealings with the Government, and when the subject-matter of such application relates exclusively to those dealings ;	
	or when presented to any officer of Land Revenue by any person holding temporarily settled land under direct engagement with Government, and when the subject-matter of the application or petition relates exclusively to such engagement ;	
	or when presented to any Municipal Commissioner under any Act for the time being in force for the conservancy or improvement of any place, if the application or petition relates solely to such conservancy or improvement ;	0 1 0
1 Application or petition.	or when presented to any Civil Court other than a principal Civil Court of original jurisdiction, or to any Cantonment Magistrate sitting as a Court of Civil Judicature under Act No. III of 1859, or to any Court of Small Causes constituted under Act No. XI of 1865, or under Act No. XVI of 1868, section twenty, or to a Collector or other officer of revenue in relation to any suit or case in which the amount or value of the subject-matter is less than fifty rupees ;	
	or when presented to any Civil, Criminal, or Revenue Court or to any Board or executive officer for the purpose of obtaining a copy or translation of any judgment, decree or order passed by such Court, Board or officer, or of any other document on record in such Court or Office.	
	(b) When containing a complaint or charge of any offence other than an offence for which Police officers may, under the Criminal Procedure Code, arrest without warrant, and presented to any Criminal Court ;	0 8 0
	or when presented to a Civil, Criminal, or Revenue Court, or to a Collector, or any revenue officer having jurisdiction equal or subordinate to a Collector, or to any Magistrate in his executive capacity, and not otherwise provided for by this Act ;	

SCHEDULE II. (continued.)

Fixed fees.

Number.		Proper Fee.
1. Application on or petition.	or to deposit in Court revenue or rent ; or for determination by a Court of the amount of compensation to be paid by a landlord to his tenant.)	0 8 0
	(c). When presented to a Chief Commissioner or other chief controlling, revenue or executive authority, or to a Commissioner of Revenue or Circuit, or to any chief officer charged with the executive administration of a Division and not otherwise provided for by this Act	1 0 0
	(d). When presented to a High Court	2 0 0
2. Application for leave to sue as a pauper.		0 8 0
3. Application for leave to appeal as a pauper	(a). When presented to a District Court	1 0 0
	(b). When presented to a Commissioner or a High Court	2 0 0
4. Complaint or memorandum of appeal in a suit to obtain possession under Act No. XVI of 1863, or Bombay Act No. V of 1864 (to give Mamul-dars' Courts jurisdiction in certain cases to maintain existing possession, or to restore possession, to any party dispossessed otherwise than by course of law).	}	0 8 0
5. Complaint or memorandum of appeal in a suit to establish or disprove a right of occupancy		
6. Bail-bond or other instrument of obligation not otherwise provided for by this Act, when given by the direction of any court or executive authority.		
7. Undertaking under section forty-nine of the Indian Divorce Act		
8. Petition of objection to assessment under the Indian Income Tax Act		
	When presented for the conduct of any one case	1 0 0
	(a). to any Civil or Criminal Court other than a High Court, or to any Revenue Court, or to any Collector or Magistrate, or other executive officer, except such as are mentioned in clauses (b) and (c) of this Number	0 8 0
9. Petition of appeal under the Indian Income Tax Act, section twenty-one	(b). to a Commissioner of Revenue, Circuit or Customs, or to any officer charged with the executive administration of a Division, not being the chief revenue or executive authority	1 0 0
10. Mukhtasama or Vakalatnama	(c). to a High Court, Chief Commissioner, Board of Revenue, or other chief controlling revenue or executive authority	2 0 0

SCHEDULE II.—(concluded.)

Fixed fees.

Number.		Proper Fee.
11. Memorandum of appeal when the appeal is not from an order rejecting a plaint or from a decree or an order having the force of a decree, and is presented	(a). to any Civil Court, other than a High Court, or to any Revenue Court or executive officer other than the High Court or chief controlling revenue or executive authority (b). to a High Court or Chief Commissioner, or other chief controlling executive or revenue authority ...	0 8 0 2 0 0
12. Caveat ...		
13. Application under Act No. X of 1859, section twenty-six, or Bengal Act No. VI of 1862, section nine, or Bengal Act No. VIII of 1869, section seven ...		5 0 0
14. Petition in a suit under the Native Converts' Marriage Dissolution Act, 1866 ...		
15. Plaint or memorandum of appeal in a suit to obtain possession of a wife ...		
16. Administration bond ...		8 0 0
17. Plaint or memorandum of appeal in each of the following suits:—		
i. to alter or set aside a summary decision or order of any of the Civil Courts not established by Letters Patent or of any Revenue Court:—		
ii. to alter or cancel any entry in a register of the names of proprietors of revenue-paying estates		
iii. to obtain a declaratory decree where no consequential relief is prayed:—		
iv. to set aside an award:—		
v. to set aside an adoption:—		10 0 0
vi. every other suit where it is not possible to estimate at a money value the subject-matter in dispute, and which is not otherwise provided for by this Act.		
18. Application under section three hundred and twenty-six of the Code of Civil Procedure.		
19. Agreement under section three hundred and twenty-eight of the same Code.		
20. Every petition under the Indian Divorce Act except petitions under section forty-four of the same Act, and every memorandum of appeal under section fifty-five of the same Act.		20 0 0
21. Plaint or memorandum of appeal under the Parsee Marriage and Divorce Act, 1865.		

FEEES UNDER THE REGISTRATION ACT 1871.

ARTICLE I.

The Act divides documents into two classes,—

CLASS 1ST.—Those the registration of which is obligatory under section 17.

CLASS 2ND.—Those the registration of which is optional under section 18.

1ST CLASS.

Rs. As. P

I.—Instruments of gift of immoveable property.—

When the value of gift expressed in the instrument does not exceed Rs. 100	...	0	8	0
Exceeding Rs. 100, but not exceeding Rs. 500	...	2	0	0
Exceeding Rs. 500, but not exceeding Rs. 5,000	...	4	0	0
Exceeding Rs. 5,000, but not exceeding Rs. 50,000	...	6	0	0
Exceeding Rs. 50,000, but not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000	...	10	0	0
Exceeding Rs. 1,00,000	...	16	0	0
When the value is not expressed	...	5	0	0

II.—Lease of immoveable property from year to year, or for any term exceeding one year, or reserving a yearly rent.

When the rent per annum entered in the lease does not exceed Rs. 100	...	0	4	0
Exceeding Rs. 100, but not exceeding Rs. 500	...	0	8	0
Exceeding Rs. 500	...	1	0	0
When the rent is not stated	...	2	0	0

III.—Other instruments (not being wills) which purport or operate to create, declare, assign, limit, or extinguish, whether in present or in future, any right, title, or interest whether vested or contingent, of the value of one hundred rupees and upwards, to or in immoveable property.

When the value of the right, title, or interest, as stated in the instrument, does not exceed Rs. 500	...	2	0	0
Exceeding Rs. 500, but not exceeding Rs. 5,000	...	4	0	0
Exceeding Rs. 5,000, but not exceeding Rs. 50,000	...	6	0	0
Exceeding Rs. 50,000, but not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000	...	10	0	0
Exceeding Rs. 1,00,000	...	16	0	0
When the value is not expressed	...	5	0	0

IV.—Instruments (not being wills) which acknowledge the receipt or payment of any consideration on account of the creation, declaration, assignment, limitation, or extinction of any such right, title, or interest.

When the consideration-money, as stated in the instrument, does not exceed Rs. 500	...	2	0	0
Exceeding Rs. 500, but not exceeding Rs. 5,000	...	4	0	0
Exceeding Rs. 5,000, but not exceeding Rs. 50,000	...	6	0	0
Exceeding Rs. 50,000, but not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000	...	10	0	0
Exceeding Rs. 1,00,000	...	16	0	0
V.—Written authorities to adopt not conferred by will	...	2	0	0

2ND CLASS.

I.—Instruments (other than instruments of gift and wills) which purport or operate to create, declare, assign, limit, or extinguish, whether in present or in future, any right, title, or interest, whether vested or contingent, of a value less than one hundred rupees, to or in immoveable property

...	...	0	8	0
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II.—Instruments acknowledging the receipt or payment of any consideration on account of the creation, declaration, assignment, limitation, or extinction of any such right, title, or interest.

...	...	0	8	0
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III.—Leases of immoveable property for any term not exceeding one year, and lease exempted under Section seventeen.

When the rent per annum entered in the lease does not exceed Rs. 100	...	0	4	0
Exceeding Rs. 100, but not exceeding Rs. 500	...	0	8	0
Exceeding Rs. 500	...	1	0	0
When the rent is not stated	...	2	0	0

Note.—If a pottah or lease be given to a ryot, and the kabalist or counterpart of such pottah or lease be brought for registration at the same time as the pottah or lease, the fees chargeable in respect of the two documents shall not be greater than the fee which would have been charged on the pottah alone.

IV.—Instruments which purport or operate to create, declare, assign, limit or extinguish any right, title, or interest to or in moveable property.

When the value of the property is expressed in the instrument, and does not exceed Rs. 50		...	0	4	0
Exceeding Rs. 50,	but not exceeding Rs. 100	...	0	8	0
Exceeding Rs. 100,	but not exceeding Rs. 500	...	1	0	0
Exceeding Rs. 500,	but not exceeding Rs. 5,000	...	2	0	0
Exceeding Rs. 5,000	but not exceeding Rs. 50,000	...	4	0	0
Exceeding Rs. 50,000	but not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000	...	6	0	0
Exceeding Rs. 1,00,000		...	10	0	0
When the value is not expressed		...	4	0	0

V.—Wills.

On deposit of sealed cover under Section 42, Act VIII. of 1871	...	2	0	0
On application under Section 44 for withdrawal of sealed cover deposited under Section 42	...	2	0	0
On application under Section 45, for opening a deposited sealed cover	...	2	0	0

NOTE.—A charge at the rate prescribed in Article X. is to be made for copying into the Register Book the contents of such sealed cover.

On the registration of Wills	...	2	0	0
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VI.—Awards of arbitration relating to immoveable property

...	...	2	0	0
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VII.—Deeds, Bonds, Contracts or other document,—

When the amount is expressed and does not exceed Rs. 50		...	0	4	0
Exceeding Rs. 50,	but not exceeding Rs. 100	...	0	8	0
Exceeding Rs. 100,	but not exceeding Rs. 500	...	1	0	0
Exceeding Rs. 500,	but not exceeding Rs. 10,000	...	2	0	0
Exceeding Rs. 10,000,	but not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000	...	4	0	0
Exceeding Rs. 1,00,000		...	6	0	0
When the value is not expressed		...	4	0	0

VIII.—For the registration of a power of attorney, or any other document registrable under Clause 7, Section 18, Act VIII of 1871, which cannot be brought under the *ad valorem scale* prescribed by the immediately preceding clause of the table

...	2	0	0
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ARTICLE II.

For authentication of a power of attorney under Section 33, Act VIII of 1871.

If such power be general	...	2	0	0
If special	...	1	0	0

ARTICLE III.

On discretionary registration by a Registrar under Section 36, Act VIII of 1871, an additional fee of

...	4	0	0
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NOTE A.—This additional fee is not payable on the deposit of Wills.

NOTE B.—This additional fee shall not be levied when the instrument is taken for registration to the Registrar in consequence of the Sub-Registrar being unacquainted with the language in which it is written.

ARTICLE IV.

For filing a translation	...	1	0	0
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ARTICLE V.

Searching of Registers.—For the first hour, or part of such hour	...	1	0	0
For each subsequent hour, or part of an hour	...	0	8	0

ARTICLE VI.

For the attendance by a Registering Officer under Section 31, 33, or 39, at a private residence or a Jail, or for the issue of a commission under Section 33 or 38, Act VIII of 1871.

(a) When a satisfactory certificate is produced as to sickness or infirmity or when the person to be examined is confined in Jail, a fee of	...	5	0	0
(b) When the person to be examined is exempted from personal appearance under Section 21 or 22, VIII of 1859, a fee of	...	10	0	0

NOTE.—In addition to this fee, travelling allowance at the following rates is to be levied for all distances exceeding one mile from the Registration Office:—

In the case of Conveyanted and Military Commissioned Officers, 8 annas a mile by rail and 6 annas a mile by road.

In the case of all other Registering Officers or of Commissioners, if appointed $1\frac{1}{2}$ anna a mile by rail and 4 annas a mile by road.

ARTICLE VII.

When under Section 36, Act VIII. of 1871, application is made to the Officer or Court appointed by the Local Government to issue a summons, the peon's fee, ordinarily payable on the issue and service of a summons by such Officer or Court, is to be levied from the person at whose instance the application is made, and forwarded along with that application.

ARTICLE VIII.

The remuneration of witnesses is to be fixed by the Registering Officer, with reference to the scale prescribed by Circular of Sudder Dewanny Adawlut, North-West Provinces No. 15, of 15th October, 1868, and should be forwarded with application for the issue of summons. When, however, the person summoned is the person who has executed the instrument, remuneration should not be allowed him.

ARTICLE IX.

Making or granting copies of reasons, entries or documents before, on, or after

registration in Oordoo at the rate of 1,200 words for	...	...	1	0	0
In English, Hindee, or any other language, at the rate of 750 words for	...	...	1	0	0

NOTE A.—Copies of reasons granted before registration are those which in cases of refused registration, are under Section 71, Act VIII. of 1871, to be given on application made by any person executing or claiming under the document.

NOTE B.—The entering of instruments in the appropriate Registers at the time of registration is to be paid for at the rate prescribed in Article IX. and any copies or copying of an instrument necessary under Sections 64, 65, and 66, Act VIII., 1871, are to be paid for at that rate, at the time of registration of the instrument.

ADMINISTRATOR GENERAL'S OFFICE.

High Court, (South side 3rd Floor.)

L. P. Delves Broughton, Esq., *Barrister, Administrator General (on leave).*
F. S. Collis, Esq., *Barrister, officiating.*

OFFICE ESTABLISHMENT.

Objo Prokash Gangooly, <i>Chief Assistant and Accountant</i>	Ram Chund Dass, <i>Accountant.</i>
Orbindo Prokash Gangooly, <i>Assistant.</i>	Issur Chunder Dutt, <i>ditto.</i>
J. F. W. Harvey, <i>ditto.</i>	Koonjoo Beharry Dass, <i>ditto.</i>
Omendro Prokash Gangooly, <i>ditto.</i>	Jogendro Nath Dey, <i>ditto.</i>
	Motee Lall Pyne, <i>ditto.</i>
	Gopal Chunder Dass, <i>Accountant.</i>

THE ADMINISTRATION OF THE PROPERTY IN INDIA OF DECEASED PERSONS.

THE CUSTODY AND PRESERVATION OF THE PROPERTY IN INDIA OF DECEASED PERSONS NOT HINDUS, MUHAMMADANS, OR BUDDHISTS.

When any person, not a Hindu, Muhammadan, or Buddhist, dies, leaving "assets" in India, it is the duty of the "Judge of the District" (Act II. of 1874, § 64) within which the assets are locally situated at the time of the death, to take charge of them, and this is always the case, whether the deceased has left a Will, or died intestate.

The district Judge is to report the case to the Administrator-General of the Presidency (Act II of 1874, § 64). "Assets" include immovables as well as moveable property (ib. § 8).

In case of a death, therefore, persons interested in the preservation of the property of the deceased in India should at once communicate with the Judge of the district in which any of it is situated, and with the Administrator-General of the Presidency.

They should state the full name and occupation of the deceased—his nationality—the date and place of his death—the nature and amount of any property he may have left in the district in question, or in any other part of India whether there is or is not a Will if so where it is, the names and addresses of the witnesses and executors; if there is no Will they should give the names and addresses of the next-of-kin of the deceased, &c. so far as they are themselves informed on these matters.

It is also very important, with reference to the stamp duty, that the person who is to represent the estate should know, as soon as possible, the value of the assets, moveable and immovable as accurately as it can be ascertained; for until he has this knowledge he cannot apply for probate or letters of administration. The Court Fees Act imposes a stamp duty of 2 per cent. upon the assets if they exceed 1,000 rupees, and there is no provision in the Act for any adjustment of the stamp duty after the grant has been made, it must be paid in full at once, and no refund can be made under the Act if the assets are over-estimated. The Government will, however, under a recent order, allow application to be made for a refund in respect of money paid in satisfaction of the debts of the deceased. If the assets do not exceed 1,000 rupees no stamp is required.

THE REALIZATION OF PROPERTY OF SMALL VALUE BY A CERTIFICATE FROM THE ADMINISTRATOR-GENERAL, BY THE POLICE, AND OF SMALL SUMS IN THE GOVERNMENT SAVINGS BANK.

If the whole of the assets do not exceed in value Rs. 1,000, any person entitled as executor, as widow, or to administer in any capacity save as a creditor, may apply at once, in writing, to the Administrator-General of the Presidency for a Certificate, and on satisfactory proof of the representative right, a certificate can be granted enabling the claimant to receive the sums or securities for money therein severally mentioned (Act II of 1874, § 36) or a creditor may obtain a certificate after the lapse of three months, or the Administrator-General may act without probate or letters of administration (§ 37).

But no certificate can be granted when probate or letters of administration have been obtained, or in respect of any sum of money deposited in a Government Savings Bank (§ 37).

Where persons die intestate in the Presidency Towns, leaving property under 200 rupees in value the police authorities are empowered to take charge of it and to deliver it over to any person showing a right to it without letters of administration. (Act XIII of 1856, § 113, and the Bengal Act IV. of 1866, § 100; Madras Act VIII of 1867).

When a person dies leaving in a Government Savings Bank a deposit of a sum of money not exceeding 1,000 rupees, and if probate of the Will, or letters of administration to his estate, or a certificate under Act XXVII. of 1860, this certificate is different from that granted by an Administrator-General, and is granted by a Judge, and is now only given in native cases, is not produced to the Secretary of the Bank with three

months of the death of the depositor, the Secretary may pay the money to any person appearing to him to be entitled to receive it or to administer to the estate of the deceased, and he may take such security from such person as he thinks necessary, and he may also, in order to ascertain the right of the person claiming the money, take evidence on oath or affirmation.

An executor or administrator of a deceased depositor is entitled afterwards to receive any sum in the hands of the person so receiving the deposit from the Secretary of the Bank, deducting such part of it as is lawfully paid away in the due course of administration; and a creditor of the deceased may recover his debt against a person so receiving the deposit, should any part remain in his hands unadministered, in the same manner as if the receiver had obtained letters of administration.

If the amount of deposit in a Government Savings Bank belonging to the estate of a deceased person does not exceed 1,000 rupees, such amount shall be excluded in computing the fee chargeable under the Court Fees Act of 1870 on the probate or letters of administration or certificate in respect of his other property. But a certificate of the deposit amount signed by the Secretary of the Bank will, in this case, have to be produced before the Court (Act V. of 1873 *The Government Savings Bank Act*).

The enactment does not apply to deposits in Savings Banks belonging to estates of European officers, soldiers or deserters.

LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION IN CASE OF INTESACY.

When the deceased has died intestate, those who are connected with him either by marriage or consanguinity, are entitled to obtain letters of administration of his estate and effects in the following order (Act X. of 1865 § 200.)

If the deceased has left a widow, administration shall be granted to the widow, unless the Court shall see cause to exclude her.

If there be no widow, or if the Court see cause to exclude her, it shall commit the administration to the person or persons who would be beneficially entitled to the estate according to the rules for the distribution of an intestate's estate: provided that when the mother of the deceased be one of the class of persons so entitled, she shall be solely entitled to administration (§203).

Those who stand in equal degree of kindred to the deceased are equally entitled to administration (§ 204).

The husband surviving his wife, has the same right with respect to her estate (§205).

When there is no person connected with the deceased by marriage or consanguinity who is entitled to letters of administration and willing to act, they may be granted to a creditor (§206), but an Administrator-General is entitled to administer in preference to any one but an executor, universal legatee or absolute next-of-kin (Act II of 1864, § 15).

The application for letters of administration should be made by petition properly stamped, and should state the time and place of the death of the deceased; the family or other relatives of the deceased, and their respective residences; the right in which the petitioner claims; that the deceased left some property within the jurisdiction of the District Judge to whom the application is made; and the amount of the asset which are likely to come to the petitioner's hands (§ 246). The petition should be subscribed by the petitioner, and verified thus:—"I, (A. B.), the petitioner in the above petition, declare that what is stated therein is true to the best of my knowledge and belief (Act X. of 1865 § 247).

Letters of administration cannot be granted until after the expiration of fourteen clear days from the day of the intestate's death (§ 258). They entitle the administrator to all rights belonging to the intestate as effectually as if the administration had been granted at the moment after his death (§191), but they do not render valid any intermediate act of the administrator tending to the diminution or damage of the intestate's estate (§192).

Every person, except an Administrator-General, to whom any grant of administration is committed, is called upon to enter into a bond, with two sureties, engaging for the due collection and administration of the assets (§256). This bond is generally in double the amount of the assets likely to come to his hand, and is stamped with a stamp not less than 5 rupees (Act VII. of 1870, schedule 2, clause 16.).

SUCCESSION TO MOVEABLE PROPERTY OF DECEASED PERSONS IS REGULATED BY THE LAW OF THEIR PLACE OF DOMICILE.

Should any person die possessed of property in British India, succession to his immovable property is regulated by the law of British India, wherever he may have had his domicile at the time of his death (Act X. of 1860, § 6). It follows, therefore, that the law of British India must be complied with—first, in determining the validity of a Will, should there be one; second, in the construction of the Will; and third, in case of intestacy, in determining the persons among whom the property is to be divided.

But succession to the moveable property of a deceased person is regulated by the law of the country in which he had his domicile at the time of his death (1862). Hence it is necessary in such cases to determine in the first instance what was the domicile of the deceased person.

Under the Indian Succession Act § 6 a person can only have one domicile for the purpose of succession to his moveable property. The domicile of origin of every person of legitimate birth is in the country in which, at the time of his birth, his father was domiciled; or if he was a posthumous child, in the country in which his father was domiciled, at the time of his father's death (§ 7); and the domicile of origin of an illegitimate child is in the country in which, at the time of his birth, his mother was domiciled (§ 8). The domicile of origin prevails until a new domicile has been acquired (§ 9).

A man acquires a new domicile by taking up his fixed habitation in a country which is not that of his domicile of origin (§ 10). The points to be determined are therefore—first, whether he actually has taken up his residence in the country; and second, whether he intends to make it his “fixed” residence for the future. (Explain and Illustrate 1862).

A person may acquire a domicile in British India either by taking up his fixed habitation in the country as above, or by making and depositing in some office in British India (to be fixed by the local Government) a declaration in writing under his hand, of his desire to acquire such domicile, provided that he shall have been resident in British India for one year immediately preceding the time of his making such declaration (§ 11). A new domicile continues till the former domicile is resumed, or another has been acquired (§ 13).

By marriage a woman acquires the domicile of her husband if she had not the same domicile before (§ 15); and the wife's domicile during the marriage follows the domicile of her husband, unless they be separated by the sentence of a competent court, or if the husband is undergoing a sentence of transportation (§ 16).

Succession to moveable property of a person who dies in British India leaving moveable property therein, in the absence of proof of any domicile elsewhere, is regulated by the law of British India (§ 19).

It would be competent to a foreigner dying in, and not domiciled in British India, by a Will properly executed to appoint the Administrator-General or any other person his executor; and such an appointment would be valid as against the Consul of his nation (§ 179), the executor would be bound to distribute the estate according to the law of the country of the domicile of the deceased as to his moveable property, whilst his immovable property, if any, would be subject to the law in force in British India (§ 20).

But should a foreigner having acquired a domicile in British India die either intestate or leaving a Will, the succession to his estate would be regulated by the law in force in British India relating to intestate succession or to Wills as the case might be. That law would apply to all his property whether moveable or immovable in British India; it would all pass to the executor or administrator as the case might be (§ 179); but it would not necessarily pass to the Administrator-General, unless he should administrator. This he would do only in case he were appointed executor, or in the absence or at the request of the next-of-kin or executor, or of an universal legatee (Act II. of 1874, § 15).

THE ADMINISTRATOR-GENERAL, HIS DUTIES AND POWERS.

There are three Administrators-General in British India, one for each of the Presidencies of Bengal, Madras and Bombay (Act II. of 1874, § 4). Their offices are at Calcutta, Madras and Bombay, respectively.

The Presidency of Bengal includes, for this purpose (§ 5), the territories which are or shall for the time being be respectively under the governments of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, the North-Western Provinces, and the Punjab, and under the Ad-

ministration of the Chief Commissioners of Oudh, the Central Provinces, British Burmah, Ajmere and Mairwar, Assam and the Andaman and Nicobar islands; and such of the dominions of the Princes and states in India in alliance with Her Majesty as the Governor-General in Council may, by notification in the *Gazette of India*, from time to time, direct.

The Presidency of Madras includes the territories which are or shall for the time being be under the government of the Governor of Fort St. George in Council, Coorg, Mysore, and such of the dominions aforesaid as the Governor-General in Council may, by notification in the *Gazette of India*, from time to time direct. (*ib.*)

The Presidency of Bombay means the territories which are or shall for the time being be under the government of the Governor of Bombay in Council, the Hyderabad Assigned Districts, and such of the dominions aforesaid as the Governor-General in Council may, by notification in the *Gazette of India*, from time to time, direct. (*ib.*)

The duties of the Administrators-General, and their powers, will be found set out at length in Act II. of 1874 of the Governor-General of India in Council. But it may here be shortly stated, that under Section 15 of that enactment, the Administrator-General is entitled to letters of administration, unless granted to an universal legatee or to the nearest-of-kin, that is, the nearest-of-kin absolutely, not merely the nearest-of-kin in India—in the goods of *Smallwood*, per Norman J., July 20th 1868, where a brother, the nearest-of-kin in India, was held not to be entitled in priority to the Administrator-General there being a father and mother alive in England.

By Section 16 he is required, within a reasonable time after he shall have had notice of the death, and that the deceased has left assets within the Presidency (as defined above) to take steps to apply to the High Court for letters of administration, and this, whether the deceased has left a Will or not: provided that the assets are of greater value than Rs. 1,000 and that no person shall, within a month after the death, have applied in such Presidency for probate of a Will, or for any letters of Administration of the estate; that is to say no person to whom the Court would have given letters of Administration which would be effectual as regards the assets for which administration is sought.

But there is nothing to prevent the Administrator-General from applying to the Court for letters of administration in any case within the period of one month from the death of the deceased (Act II. of 1874, § 23).

If the assets do not exceed Rs. 1,000 in value in the whole, the Administrator-General is not bound to act; but he may either grant a certificate to some persons entitled, or take charge of the estate himself without letters of administration, under (Act II. of 1874, § § 36, 37).

Letters of administration or probate granted to an Administrator-General in his official capacity, authorize the person filling the office for the time being to act as administrator or executor of the estate to which such letters of administration or probate shall relate (§ § 29, 30) and all estates, &c., vested in the Administrator-General, all his books, &c., become vested in and transferred to his successor in office (§ 33), thus the inconvenience, delay and expense attending the appointment of a fresh administrator on the death of the original administrator or executor are avoided when the estate is placed in the hands of the Administrator-General.

Any private executor or administrator may, with the consent of the Administrator-General or the Presidency in which the property comprised in the probate or letters of administration is situate, by an instrument in writing under his hand, bearing a stamp of ten rupees, and notified in the local *Gazette*, transfer the estates, &c., vested in him by virtue of such probate or letters to the Administrator-General by his name of office; and thereupon the transferor becomes exempt from all future liability. His future rights and responsibilities are transferred to the Administrator-General. But the transferor remains liable for all his acts and omissions in respect of the property prior to the transfer (§ 31).

As soon as the Administrator-General takes charge of the estate, the fact is advertised in the *Gazette* and in the public papers, and creditors are called upon to prove their claims. They should state the amounts and other particulars, and support their claims by such evidence as, (under the circumstances of the case) the Administrator-General is reasonably entitled to require. If a claimant fail to do this within one month of the date of the institution of any suit he may bring against the Administrator-General.

ral in respect of his claim, he will be liable, in any event, to pay the costs of the suit, and he will not be entitled to have his decree enforced. If he obtain judgment, he will be entitled only to payment out of the assets rateably with the other creditors (§ 26.)

The Administrator-General, like every other executor or administrator, is bound to keep the assets for a reasonable time, to answer the claims of creditors. This time is fixed by the law generally at one year (Wms. Exors., 8th ed., p. 1366); but where the case permits of it, the account can be closed earlier. Like any other executor or administrator he is bound to pay all creditors rateably or preferentially, according to the law governing the distribution; after the expiration of a year from the date of his administration no claim can be made upon him in respect of any assets paid or delivered by him to any legatee, or to any person entitled in distribution unless he had notice of the claim (§ 28.)

Under the Indian Succession Act, the following payments only may be made in preference, viz:—Funeral expenses, death-bed charges, fees for medical attendance, board and lodging for one month prior to death.

Expenses of obtaining probate or letters of administration, including the costs of any judicial proceedings necessary for administering the estate, rank next, and then wages for services rendered to the deceased within three months next preceding his death, by any laborer, artisan, or domestic servant; all other debts are on an equal footing (Act X. of 1865, §§ 279, 280, 281, and 282). These rules apply in all cases where the assets consist of immoveable property in British India; where they consist of moveable property, the law of the country in which the deceased was domiciled prevails (§ 283); but no creditor who obtains a part payment in preference to others by reason of this rule, can share in the proceeds of any immoveable property of the deceased without bringing such payment into account (§ 286).

The Administrator-General is bound to keep accounts as prescribed by the Act. These accounts are audited by the Government and his books are open at all times to the Auditor appointed by Government and to allow persons entitled so to do to inspect them on payment of a reasonable fee fixed by Government (Act II. of 1874, § 43); he is bound to furnish half-yearly schedules of the estates under his charge in form prescribed by the Act; these schedules are published in the Gazette of the Presidency. Three copies are sent to the Government for transmission to the Secretary of State for India for the information of persons who are interested in the matter.

The Administrator-General of Bengal is entitled to a commission of 3 per cent., and the Administrator-General of Bombay or Madras to a commission of 5 per cent. (§ 52), except in the case of the estates of officers and soldiers, when the commission is uniformly 3 per cent. on the assets after payment of the preferential charges (§§ 21 and 52). This commission is to cover the expenses of his establishment; but he is entitled to reimburse himself in addition for any payment made by him in respect of any estate in his charge, which a private administrator of such estate might have lawfully made (§ 54). The commission allowed by the Act is the maximum commission. It may be reduced by arrangement in special cases. No person other than an Administrator-General acting officially shall receive or retain any commission or agency charges for any thing done under any probate or letters of administration (§ 56).

All correspondence to the Administrator-General, should be addressed to him by his name of Office.

NATIVE WILLS.

AN important change in the law regarding the Wills of Natives was effected by Act XXI. of 1870, by which act certain sections of the Indian Succession Act are applied to all wills of Hindus, Jains, Sikhs or Buddhists made after the 1st of September 1870, within the territories subject to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal or the local limits of the High Courts of Judicature at Madras and Bombay; and to all such wills and codicils made outside those territories and limits, so far as relates to immoveable property situate within those territories or limits.

The sections that have been so applied are enumerated. They relate to:—

1. The execution and revocation of Wills and Codicils.

This subject which was very obscure is now no longer left in uncertainty.

The rules are prescribed by the Act—

2. The construction of Wills.

The simple rules contained in Sections 82, 83, 85, and in Sections 88 to 103, (both inclusive) of the Indian Succession Act, are applied to these Wills of Natives, as are also the rules as to the Vesting of Legacies—Onerous and Contingent Bequests, Conditional Bequests and Bequests with directions as to their Application or enjoyment—Bequests to an executor—Specific and Demonstrative Legacies—The Ademption of Legacies—The payment of Liabilities in respect of the subject of a Bequest—Bequests of things described in general terms—of the Interest of Produce of Land—of Annuities—Legacies to Creditors and Portioners—and Election.

3. The proceedings and practice to be observed in obtaining Probate of Wills.

4. The rights and duties of Executors.

In all these matters the native Will is put on the same footing with the Will of the European—any executor may be appointed—and if it is desired to obtain the security of the Government Audit of the executor's accounts, the estate may be made over to the Administrator-General either by the original will or by transfer (under Act II. of 1874, § 31), as is done in the case of Europeans.

OFFICIAL TRUSTEE'S OFFICE.

Then Hall.—(Ground Floor.)

M. J. Ferguson, *Official Trustee* *Paid by commission.*

OFFICE ESTABLISHMENT.

Wooma Churn Sain, *Correspondence Clerk.* | Bhagolabty Churn Banerjee, *Asst. Acctt.*
Brijnauth Doss, *Accountant.* | Denonauth Doss, *Cash-keeper.*

This office was created by Act XVII. of 1843, in consequence of the difficulty experienced in India in obtaining private Trustees, and the trouble and expense of appointing new Trustees, on the death or departure from India of those already created. The office is now regulated by Act XVII. of 1864.

The Official Trustee is paid by commission, and may, at his own option, undertake all kinds of Trusts, except Religious Trusts; but must always be appointed sole Trustee, and cannot act jointly with any one else.

There are five classes of cases under the Act in which the services of the Official Trustee will be useful.

(1.) *New Trusts.*—When a person is desirous of making a settlement of property on marriage or at any other time, for the benefit of his wife or family or of any other person, or for a charitable purpose.

(2.) *Assignment for benefit of creditors.*—When a person in embarrassed circumstances is desirous of assigning all his property to a Trustee for the benefit of his creditors.

(3.) *Existing Trusts.*—When the Trustees are dead, or out of the jurisdiction of the High Court, or unwilling to continue acting.

(4.) *Gifts or Legacies for Infants or Lunatics.*—When the executor or other person holding the property is anxious to be relieved of the charge.

(5.) *Trusts under a Will.*—In all cases the consent of the Official Trustee to his appointment must be obtained beforehand, or the appointment will not be valid.

MODE OF OBTAINING APPOINTMENT OF OFFICIAL TRUSTEE.

In new Trusts he is appointed by the Deed creating the Trust. In other cases a petition to the High Court is necessary, the costs of which are usually ordered to be paid out of the Trust Funds. By means of a deed of new appointment in the one case and by a like petition in the other case the Funds can always be retransferred to a private Trustee, unless otherwise provided by the Deed or Will creating the Trust.

All property and interests vested in an Official Trustee will, upon his death, resignation, or removal from office, vest in his successor in office, without any fresh appointment or charge whatsoever.

It is necessary to employ a Solicitor in preparing Trust Deeds, and in applying to the Court for the appointment of Official Trustee. In most cases, also, it will expedite business if communications respecting Trusts be made through a Solicitor.

COMMISSION.

In new Trusts the rates are agreed upon between the person creating the Trust and the Official Trustee, and will vary according to the nature of the duties to be performed.

In existing Trusts, and on property received for infants and lunatics the rates are fixed by the Act as follows:—

- $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. on capital monies received.
- $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. on interest and dividends realized.
- $2\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. on rents collected.

Also $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. on the investment, when necessary, of any funds received in cash.

INVESTMENTS.

Capital monies and surplus income are invested in Government Securities, except it be otherwise provided by the Deed or Will creating the Trusts.

CUSTODY OF SECURITIES.

All Securities are kept in the Bank of Bengal, and cannot be removed from thence except under an order signed by a Judge of the High Court, specifying the purpose of such removal.

REMITTANCES TO EUROPE.

Remittances to beneficiaries resident in Europe are made at the Government rate of exchange for the year through Government to the Official Agent at the India Office, London, for payment to parties entitled.

AUDIT.

The accounts are audited yearly by Auditors appointed by the Chief Justice.

N. B.—Persons wishing to make a disposition of property by Will, and to appoint an Official Executor, should appoint the *Administrator-General*, and not the Official Trustee, who cannot act in the capacity of Executor. The Official Trustee however may be appointed Trustee of a Will: his duties as such to commence after the administration of the estate under the Will has been completed, for the consent of the Official Trustee must be obtained to such appointment and be evidenced by his signature at the foot of the Will. The duties of the two Offices are distinct, though they may be and sometimes are held by the same individual.

All correspondence to be addressed to the Official Trustee of Bengal High Court, Calcutta.

TELEGRAPH AND POSTAL INFORMATION.

TABLE OF CHARGES FOR INLAND MESSAGES.

No charge is made for the transmission of the address.

For every six words or less, exclusive of the address.	In ordinary English language.	In cipher.
	R. A.	R. A.
Between any two stations in <i>India</i>	1 0	2 0
Between any two stations in the Provinces under the administration of the Chief Commissioner of <i>British Burmah</i> ...	1 0	2 0
Between any station in <i>India</i> and any station in <i>British Burmah</i> ...	1 8	3 0
Between any station in <i>India</i> and any station in <i>Ceylon</i> ...	1 8	3 0
Between any station in <i>Ceylon</i> and any station in <i>British Burmah</i> ...	2 0	4 0

*Special Tariff for a message of 20 words between India and Native Burmah.**

Between any station in Native Burmah and any station in British India, R. A.	
East of Chittagong	3 0
Between any station in Native Burmah and any station in British India, West of Chittagong or any station in Ceylon	4 8

* The stations in Native Burmah are Mandalay and Menjam.

Abstract of Tariff for Foreign Messages.

TO	PER WORD.		TO	PER WORD.	
	From Stations West of Chittagong.	From Stations East of Chittagong, and in Ceylon.		From Stations West of Chittagong.	From Stations East of Chittagong, and in Ceylon.
ALL COUNTRIES IN EUROPE EXCEPT RUSSIA AND TURKEY			COLUMBIA } Via Suez & Teh.	5 2	5 4
			(BRITISH) } " Turkey	4 15	5 1
Via Suez & Teheran	2 8	2 10	ADEN .. " Bombay ..	1 9	1 12
" Turkey	12 4	12 6	EGYPT .. " Suez	2 4	2 6
" Suez	2 9	2 10	" Teheran ..	2 6	2 8
RUSSIA { " Teheran ..	2 4	2 6	AUSTRALIA } " Turkey ..	1 11	1 13
" " Turkey & Poti ..	12 5	2 7	South Australia } via Penang.	4 4	4 6
" " Suez	2 8	2 10	Victoria } " Amoor	10 9	10 11
TURKEY { " Teheran & Poti ..	1 14	2 0	New South Wales } " Penang.	4 5	4 7
" " Turkey	1 10	1 12	Queensland } " Amoor	10 11	10 13
AMERICA { " Suez & Teheran ..	4 5	4 7	CHINA-		
BOSTON { " Suez & Teheran ..	4 6	4 7	Hong-Kong	" Penang.	5 0
" " Turkey	4 1	4 3	" " " Amoor.	5 9	5 11
NEW YORK { " Suez & Teheran ..	4 6	4 8	Amoy and } " Penang.	3 14	4 0
PHILADELPHIA { " " Turkey	4 3	4 5	Shanghai } " Amoor.	5 9	5 11
WASHINGTON { via Suez & Teheran	4 6	4 8			
CANADA { " " Turkey	4 3	4 5	JAPAN (other places)	4 12	4 15
" " Suez & Teheran	4 5	4 7	" (Nagasaki)	4 13	4 15
" " Turkey	4 1	4 3	do via Amoor	5 9	5 11

Special Tariff for messages of 10 words and upwards to the West Indies, &c.*

To	For first 10 words.	For each additional word.
DEMERARA—Via Suez and Teheran ...	83 0 0	8 2 0
" " Turkey ...	80 12 0	7 15 0
JAMAICA— " Suez and Teheran ...	61 0 0	5 15 0
" " Turkey ...	58 12 0	5 12 0

* Ten words or under charged as 10 words.

NOTE.—For further particulars see Government Telegraph Rules and Rates.

POST OFFICE.

Rates of Postage and conditions of transmission by the Inland* Post.

EXCLUSIVE PRIVILEGE OF THE INDIAN POST OFFICE.

The Indian Post Office is governed by the provisions of Act No. XIV of 1866, entitled "The Indian Post Office Act, 1866." By the above-mentioned Act the exclusive privilege of carrying letters is vested in the Government of India (Sections 5 and 6), and penalties are prescribed (Section 16) for any infringement of this privilege.

PREPAID POSTAGE RATES.

	LETTER POST.				BANGHY POST.	
	Letters	Registered Newspapers and Tracts	Unregistered Newspapers, &c.		Parcels.	Packets.
		Open covers Prepayment compulsory	Open covers Prepayment compulsory			Open covers Prepayment compulsory
	A. P.	A. P.	A. P.	A. P.	A. P.	A. P.
Not exceeding 4 tola in weight	0 6†					
Exceeding 4 tola and not exceeding 1 tola in weight	1 0					
Exceeding 1 tola and not exceeding 2 tola in weight	2 0					
For every additional tola	1 0					
Not exceeding 16 tola in weight		0 6	1 0		1 0	
Do. 20 tola		1 0		4 0	2 0	
Exceeding 20 and not exceeding 30 tola in weight		1 6		6 0	3 0	
For every additional 10 tola		0 4		2 0	1 0	

By "open covers" are meant covers open at the ends so as to admit of a ready examination of the contents.

Note.—(1). Postage can be prepaid only by means of a proper stamp or stamps, adhesive or impressed.

(2). Any article sent by letter post can be registered under the regulations applicable to the registration of letters.

(3). The tola is the standard weight of a Government Rupee. It is equal to $1\frac{1}{8}$ ounce (avoirdupois), 10 tolas being thus very slightly in excess of 4 ounces.

* By "Inland Post" is meant the post maintained by the Government of India between Indian Post Offices, whether by land or by sea. This does not include the post maintained by the Government of India between British Burmah and the Straits (British India Steam Navigation Company), or between Calcutta and the Straits and China (Opium Steamers), or between India and Ceylon (British India Steam Navigation Company and land Post), the Post Offices in the last mentioned places not being Indian Post Offices; nor does it include the post maintained by Her Majesty's Government or by the French Government between the Indian Post Offices of Calcutta, Madras, Pondicherry, Bombay, and Aden; but it includes the post maintained by means of the Indian Contract Mail Steamers of the British India Steam Navigation Company between the Continent of India and British Burmah, as well as between the different ports on the east and west coasts, and between Bombay, Kurrachee, and the Indian Post Offices in the Persian Gulf, &c.

† 10 pias = (about) 1 penny or 10 centimes.

12 pias or 1 anna = (about) 1½ penny or 12 centimes.

16 annas or 1 Rupee = (about) 1s. 7½d. or 1 franc 92 centimes.

Hours at which mails are closed at the General Post Office, Calcutta.

MAILS.	Final clearance of letter box.	Latest hour for receipt of registered letters and parcels.	REMARKS.
All stations on Loop Line, between Howrah and Rampore Haut, and on Chord, between Calcutta and Assensole ..	5½ A. M.	5 P. M.	
<i>Dum Dum.</i>			
1st Despatch	8 A. M.	7½ A. M.	
2nd ditto	7 P. M.	5 P. M.	
<i>Barackpore.</i>			
1st Despatch	6½ A. M.	5 P. M.	
2nd ditto	6 P. M.	5 P. M.	
<i>Barasat.</i>			
1st Despatch	1½ P. M.	1 P. M.	
2nd ditto	7 P. M.	5 P. M.	
<i>Howrah.</i>			
1st Despatch	6 A. M.	5 P. M.	
2nd ditto	8 A. M.	7½ A. M.	
3rd ditto	2 P. M.	2 P. M.	
All stations on railway line between Howrah and Burdwan	2 P. M.	1½ P. M.	
All stations on the East Indian Railway Loop Line in the Assam Provinces, Purneah, Julpigoorce, Darjeeling, Berhampore, Baylia, Maldah and Dinagepore Districts...	5 P. M.	4½ P. M.	
All stations in the Dacca, Chittagong, Tipperah, Nonkhali, Cachar, Siltet, Kishnagore, Pubna, Furreedpore, Burrisaul, Mymensing, and Bojra Districts ...	6 P. M.	5 P. M.	Mail train.
All stations on the Eastern Bengal Railway for Dacca	6½ A. M.	5 P. M.	Slow train.
All stations on the East Indian Railway Chord Line in the North-Western Provinces, Punjab, Sind, and Central Provinces, as well as those in the Bombay and Madras Presidencies ...	*7 P. M.	5 P. M.	* With a late letter fee of 1 anna up to 8 P. M.
Colabarrah, Midnapore, Cuttaok, Balasore, Pooree, and places in Madras Presidency up to Vizagapatam ...	8 P. M.	5 P. M.	
Registered letters and parcels are received during the week from	7 to 8 A. M.	& 12 to 5 P. M.	
And on Sundays, from	7 to 8 A. M.	& 4 to 5 P. M.	

There is a Pillar Box at the gate of the East Indian Railway Station at Howrah which is closed at the following hours :—

5-45 A. M.	(Week days only.)
2-15 P. M.	
5-45 P. M.	
10-15 P. M.	

The poons usually leave the General Post Office with deliveries on week days :—

1st Delivery	...	8 A. M.
2nd ditto	...	12½ P. M.
3rd ditto	...	4 P. M.

On Sundays there are two deliveries, viz. :—

1st Delivery at	...	8 A. M.
2nd ditto at	...	12½ P. M.

LETTERS.

What articles treated as letters, when they do not exceed 10 tolas in weight.

2. Any article *not exceeding ten tolas in weight* which does not come under the conditions prescribed for registered newspapers, proof sheets, parcels or packets, is treated as a letter.

What articles treated as letters, when they exceed 10 tolas in weight.

3. Any article *exceeding ten tolas in weight*, and not coming under the conditions prescribed for registered newspapers or proof sheets, which is superscribed for transmission by letter post, or is prepaid at the letter post rate, or is judged from its outward appearance or other considerations to be intended for transmission by letter post, is also treated as a letter.

Unpaid or insufficiently paid letters.

4. The postage chargeable on a letter, if not prepaid, is double the amount which would have been chargeable if prepaid, and if the prepayment is insufficient, double the deficiency is charged.

REGISTERED NEWSPAPERS.

What articles treated as registered newspapers.

5. Periodical publications, published at intervals not exceeding 31 days, which have been registered for transmission by post in the Office of the Post Master General (or officer exercising the powers of Post Master General) of the postal circle in which they are published, and which fulfil the under-mentioned conditions, are treated as registered newspapers.

N. B.—The registration of a paper expires at the close of the calendar year following that in which the registration was effected, and must be renewed if a continuance of the privilege beyond that time is desired.

Each registered newspaper charged separately.

6. The postage rates given above are chargeable upon *each* registered newspaper; but an extra or supplement to any registered newspaper bearing the same date as the newspaper, and transmitted therewith under the same cover, is deemed part of the newspaper.

Prepayment of registered newspapers compulsory.

7. Registered newspapers can be forwarded by the letter post at the above-mentioned rates only if the postage be fully prepaid. A registered newspaper posted unpaid or insufficiently paid, but in other respects fulfilling the under-mentioned conditions, will be forwarded to the Dead Letter Office.

Conditions to be observed in respect of registered newspapers.

8. Registered newspapers can be forwarded by letter post at the above-mentioned rates only if the following conditions be observed, viz. :—

- (1.) It shall be without a cover, or in a short cover open at the ends.
- (2.) There shall be no word printed on such newspaper after its publication, or upon the cover thereof, nor any writing or mark upon it, or upon the cover of it, except the name and address of the person to whom it is sent, and the name and address of the sender.

- (3.) There shall be no paper or thing enclosed in or with any such newspaper.
- (4.) The newspaper must bear in print immediately above the address the word "registered," followed by the registration number given by the Post Master General.
- N. B.—The word "registered" followed by the number, may be printed (either in English or in a vernacular character) on the paper itself or on its cover, but must in all cases be immediately above the address.
- (5.) The newspaper must be posted at the place of publication.
- N. B.—It is immaterial whether the paper is posted by the publisher or by any one else, or whether it is posted on the day of publication, or on a subsequent date. When a registered newspaper is re-directed, "forward" postage is charged at the lower rate, even though the re-direction may take place at an office other than that of the place of publication.

PROOF SHEETS

May be sent by letter post at registered newspaper rates under certificate.

9. Proof sheets, marked as such, may be sent by the letter post either without covers or in covers open at the ends at the rates prescribed for registered newspapers, provided that the contents be correctly certified on the cover by the signature in full of the sender.

PARCELS AND PACKETS.

What articles treated as parcels or packets when they do not exceed 10 tolas in weight.

10. Any article *not exceeding ten tolas in weight* which is specially marked for transmission as a parcel and fulfils the conditions laid down for parcels is treated as a parcel; and any article *not exceeding ten tolas in weight* and not falling to be treated as a parcel which has the ends open (see definition in paragraph 1) and is prepaid with one anna postage, and does not contain any letter or communication of the nature of a letter (unless such letter or communication be wholly printed, or lithographed,) is treated as a packet.

What articles treated as parcels or packets when they exceed 10 tolas in weight.

- All articles committed to the Post Office, which *exceed ten tolas in weight*, and which do not fall to be treated as letters, registered newspapers or proof sheets, under the preceding paragraphs, are treated as parcels or packets; those which are posted fully prepaid at parcel rates or superscribed by the senders for transmission as parcels or presented at the Post Office for that purpose, or which owing to deficient prepayment or excess of size or mode of packing cannot be forwarded as packets are treated as parcels: and the others are treated as packets.

Parcels and packets how transmitted.

11. All parcels are transmitted by banghy post under a system of registration: packets *not exceeding 10 tolas in weight* are transmitted by letter post, and packets exceeding that limit are transmitted by banghy post: there is no registration for packets.

Mode of packing, prepayment, and contents of parcels and packets.

12. Parcels may at the option of the sender be packed in closed covers, but packets must be packed in open covers (see definition in paragraph 1): the prepayment of postage on parcels is optional, while for packets full prepayment is compulsory. Not more than one letter or communication of the nature of a letter (not wholly printed or lithographed), may be enclosed in any parcel, and no letter or communication of the nature of a letter (not wholly printed or lithographed), may be enclosed in a packet, nor may a packet contain anything closed against inspection; but with these exceptions, and with the exception also of dangerous substances and other articles which cannot be sent by post in any form, there are no restrictions as to the contents of parcels and packets.

Unpaid and insufficiently paid parcels.

13. Unpaid parcels are charged on delivery at the same rates as would have been chargeable if the postage had been prepaid: insufficiently paid parcels are charged on delivery with the deficiency.

Receipts given for parcels when properly packed.

14. A person tendering a parcel at a Post Office within the prescribed hours is entitled to get a receipt for it, provided that the parcel so tendered is securely packed in

cloth, wax-cloth, or tin ; and if it is packed in cloth, or wax-cloth, provided further that it bears seals with distinct impressions of some device (not that of a current coin) at intervals not exceeding five inches along the lines of sewing.

Receipts to be signed by addressee on delivery of parcels.

15. The addressees of parcels are required to sign receipts for them on delivery.

Limit of weight of parcels.

16. No parcel exceeding 25 seers (2,000 tolas) in weight can be received at any Post Office for despatch.

Parcels received by post from seaward, exceeding the above weight, are made over to the Collector of Customs for publication in his list of unclaimed packages.

Limit of size of packets.

17. No packet may exceed one foot and a half in length, or one foot in width or depth ; and if any such packet be posted, it will be treated as a parcel and charged accordingly.

Parcels between places connected by railway.

18. Between places connected by railway, where the railway authorities may have intimated their readiness to undertake the conveyance and delivery of parcels, the Post Office does not convey parcels, except such as may be sent on the public service. Of course, if either the place of address or the place of despatch be not on the line of railway, the above rule does not apply.

FOREIGN POSTAGE.

FOR LETTERS.	EACH LETTER.	REGISTRATION FEE.	BOOKS, NEWSPAPERS, PATTERNS, &c.			
			Each News- paper per 4 Oz.*	1 oz.	2 oz. and every addi- tional 2 oz.	4 oz.* and every ad- ditional 4 oz.
To Aden ... for every 1 oz. ...	0 4 00	4 00	...	...	...	0 2 0
To Alexandria ... "	0 5 00	4 00	1 0	...	0 1 6	...
To Australia ... "	0 6 00	4 00	...	...	...	0 2 0
To CAPE OF GOOD HOPE—						
Via Zanzibar Line ... "	0 8 00	4 00	...	...	...	0 2 0
" Brindisi & England ... "	0 10 6	...	0 3 0	...	0 3 6	...
" Southampton ... "	0 9 6	...	0 2 0	...	0 2 6	...
To CEYLON—						
By Steamer ... "	0 4 00	4 00	...	...	...	0 2 0
" Land Pak ... "	0 2 00	4 00	2 0	...	...	0 2 0
" Indian Packet ... "	0 2 00	4 00	...	...	...	0 2 0
To China ... "	0 4 00	4 00	...	...	...	0 2 0
To CANADA—						
Via Brindisi ... "	0 7 60	6 00	3 0	...	0 3 6	...
" Southampton ... "	0 6 60	6 00	2 0	...	0 2 6	...
To FRANCE—						
Via Brindisi ... "	0 5 60	4 00	1 6	...	0 2 0	...
" Marseilles ... "	0 5 00	4 00	1 0	...	0 1 6	...
To GERMANY—						
Via Brindisi, through Germany ... "	0 5 00	4 00	1 0	...	0 1 60	3 0
" Brindisi, through Italy ... "	0 5 00	4 00	1 0	...	0 1 60	3 0
" Trieste ... "	0 5 00	4 00	1 0	...	0 1 60	3 0
To Italy ... "	0 5 00	4 00	1 0	...	0 1 60	3 0
To JAPAN—						
Via Bombay & Hong-Kong ... "	0 4 00	4 00	...	...	...	0 2 0
" Calcutta ... "	9 5 00	4 00	...	...	...	0 2 0
To Malta ... "	0 4 00	4 00	1 0	...	0 1 6	...
To Straits Settlements ... "	0 4 00	4 00	...	...	...	0 2 0
To Suez ... "	0 5 00	4 00	1 0	...	0 1 6	...
To UNITED STATES—						
Via Hong-Kong ... "	0 5 00	4 00	1 0	...	0 1 6	...
" Brindisi ... "	0 6 00	4 00	2 0	...	0 2 6	...
" Southampton ... "	0 5 00	4 00	1 0	...	0 1 6	...
To UNITED KINGDOM—						
Via Brindisi ... "	0 6 00	4 00	2 0	...	0 2 6	...
" Southampton ... "	0 5 00	4 00	1 6	...	0 1 6	...

* Slightly under 10 tolas.

INLAND MONEY ORDERS.

(1).—The Money Order Offices in India are not under the control of the Post Office Department, but under that of the Comptroller General.

(2).—Money Orders are issued and paid at most offices during the hours the Treasury transacts business, i. e., from 10 in the morning till 3 in the evening (except on Saturday, when the Treasury closes at 1 P. M.)

Issue of Orders.

(3).—Applications for Money Orders should be made in the printed form of requisition prescribed by the Rules (in form H) which can be obtained at all Money Order Offices. The full name and address of both applicant and payee must be clearly given

H.

Requisition form.

For Rs. _____ As. _____

Payable at _____

To whom _____

Name of remitter _____

Address _____

The _____ 187 .

N. B.—These forms are supplied gratis.

(4).—The maximum amount for which an order can be issued is Rs. 150.

(5).—No order is to contain a fractional part of an anna.

(6).—The following rates of Commission are chargeable on Money Orders. —

			Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
On sums not exceeding	...	..	10	0	0	0	2	0
Ditto ditto	..	...	25	0	0	0	4	0
Ditto ditto	..	...	50	0	0	0	8	0
Ditto ditto	.	...	75	0	0	0	12	0
Ditto ditto	..	...	100	0	0	1	0	0
Ditto ditto	...	...	125	0	0	1	4	0
Ditto ditto	..	...	150	0	0	1	8	0

(7).—No order can be made out in favor of two or more persons. Prefixes, such as *Mrs* or *Miss* should be omitted.

(8).—For Natives, the caste or tribe must be given in addition to the name.

(9).—When a remitter is unable to give the full name of the payee, he should state his occupation or give such information as may lead unmistakably to his identification, such as his rank, trade, profession or name of town.

(10).—In cases of Europeans with more than one Christian name, the surname in full, with initials of the remainder, is sufficient.

(11).—Application for duplicate, refund, alteration of name of payee or station drawn upon, must always be made in the prescribed printed form I to be had at all Money Order Offices.

I.

Form of application for duplicate, &c.

Dated _____

Particulars of Orders referred to _____

Number of Order _____

Date of Issue _____

Amount of Order, Rs. _____

Where issued _____

Where payable _____

By whom remitted _____

To whom payable _____

Received an additional commission of Rs. _____ As. _____

Treasury Officer.

Sir,

I request that the above Order may be

Here state whether

1. Re-issued in duplicate.
2. Repaid.
3. And fresh order granted in
favor of
4. Payable at (place.)

I hereby tender _____ as Commission for the above.

Signed _____

Address _____

To _____

(12).—The charge of 2nd commission for each of the above transactions separately, or for two or more made in the same application, will be equal to the 1st commission charged on the original order.

Payment of Orders.

(13).—Money Orders are not transferable (by endorsement of holder) nor payable after the end of the twelfth month.

(14).—Whoever presents the order for payment, whether the rightful owner or otherwise, must give full information as to the name, surname, and address of the person who originally obtained it, unless it be remitted by a Firm, when the name of the Firm, together with its address and occupation, should be given.

(15).—A Money Order presented at the Office drawn on must always be signed by the payee in the place allotted for his signature before receiving payment of the same.

(16).—In the case of a person unable to write, he must make a mark in presence of the passing Officer (Treasury Officer) who will certify it by adding his initials.

(17).—When an order is presented through a Bank of the town upon which it is drawn, it should be duly signed by the payee and crossed with the Banker's name.

(18).—If payment of an order is refused in consequence of the particulars given not according with the advice, the person presenting the order should communicate with the remitter with a view to obtaining correction of the advice from the issuing Office, on receipt of which the order will be paid if the error was made by the office of issue, but if otherwise, the order should be returned to remitter, who should obtain a fresh order.

(19).—After a Money Order is once paid, by whomsoever presented, no further claim will be admitted. The public are therefore cautioned—

1st.—To take all means to prevent the loss of the Money Order.

2nd.—Never to send the Money Order in the same letter with the information required on payment thereof.

3rd.—To be careful, on taking out a Money Order, to state correctly the name of the person in whose favor it is to be drawn.

4th.—To see that the name, address and occupation of the person taking out the Money Order, are correctly known to the person in whose favor it is drawn.

(20).—Neglect of these instructions will risk the loss of the money, and will also lead to delay and trouble in obtaining payment.

Non-Renewal of Orders.

21. Money Orders will not for the future be renewable.

Refund of Orders.

(22).—An order may be refunded at the office of issue after it has been ascertained by the Treasury Officer from the Head Office that no duplicate has been issued, and it should be duly signed by the remitter in the place assigned for the payee's signature.

(23).—Refund of a duplicate order can be made after a non-payment certificate has been obtained by the Treasury Officer from the paying Office certifying that the original order has not been paid, and that payment has been stopped.

(24).—When alteration of the name of the payee or station drawn upon is desired, the original order must be surrendered and a fresh order will be granted in lieu of it, after ascertaining from the Head Office that no duplicate has been issued.

Duplicate Orders.

(25).—Duplicate orders are granted at the Head Office only, on the receipt of a payee, as the case may be, reporting the loss of the original order, and making application in the prescribed printed form.

(26).—An application from a third person will not be attended to, unless the authority of either of the two principals is produced.

(27).—Applications can be forwarded through the Treasury Office.

Lapsed Orders.

(28).—An order remaining unpaid after one year from date of issue, i. e., issued in January, but unpaid at the end of the following January, is considered as void and lapsed to Government, and will not be paid, unless satisfactory explanation as to the cause of delay in presenting it for payment be furnished to the Comptroller General, who alone can authorize such payments.

Miscellaneous.

(29).—If the Money Order form be clipped or mutilated, there may be difficulty as to paying it.

(30).—To save time and prevent errors, the public are advised to furnish in writing to the issuing Office at the time of application the full particulars of every Money Order required, and to ascertain, before quitting the Issuing Office, that the order corresponds with those particulars.

(31).—These regulations have been laid down to secure, as far as practicable, that payment be made to the rightful person, and all officers have been instructed to enforce them, so far as a due regard to public convenience will permit.

LOCAL TAXES.**CARRIAGE AND HORSE TAX.****TOWN OF CALCUTTA**

CARRIAGE —4-wheel on springs, drawn by 2 horses, <i>per half year</i> ...	Rs 12 0 0
If more than one such carriage, then for every carriage after the first, two-thirds of the above rate ...	" 8 0 0
Ditto —4-wheel on springs, drawn by one horse, or pony, or a pair of ponies under thirteen hands ...	" 6 0 0
If more than one such carriage, then for every such carriage, after the first, two-thirds of the above rate ...	" 4 0 0
Ditto —2-wheel, on springs ...	" 6 0 0
HORSE —(not a Race Horse) ...	" 6 0 0
Race Horse ...	" 12 0 0
PONY —Under 13 hands, or mule ...	" 2 0 0
Pony—under eleven hands, and children's carriages, the wheels of which do not exceed twenty-four inches in diameter, are exempted.	

Livery Stable-keepers and other persons keeping carriages for hire are allowed to compound in lieu of the rates specified above.

CART, HACKNEY —and other wheeled vehicle without spring, kept within the town, or plying for hire within or without the town ...	Rs. 4 0 0
And a fee of 4 annas for every registration or transfer.	

SUBURBS AND HOWRAH.

CARRIAGE —4-wheel carriage, drawn by 2 horses, <i>per quarter</i> ...	Rs. 4 8 0
Ditto —4-wheel ditto drawn by 1 horse, or pony, or a pair of ponies under 13 hands ..	" 3 0 0
Ditto —2-wheel on ditto ...	" 2 8 0
HORSE ..	" 2 0 0
PONY —under 13 hands, or mule and donkey ...	" 0 12 0
ELEPHANT ..	" 6 0 0
CAMEL ..	" 2 0 0
PONIES —under eleven hands, and children's carriages the wheels of which do not exceed twenty-four inches in diameter, exempt.	

Livery Stable-keepers and other persons keeping carriages and horses for hire may compound for a certain sum in lieu of the fixed rates.

HACKNEY CARRIAGE AND PALANKEEN TAX.**TOWN, SUBURBS AND HOWRAH.**

For registering First Class Carriage ... <i>per year</i> ...	Rs. 3 0 0
Ditto Second or Third Class ditto ...	" 2 0 0

Registering Officer may compound with Livery Stable-keepers and other persons keeping carriages of the first class for hire, in lieu of all fees.

License for driver of 2nd or 3rd Class Carriage ... <i>per year</i> ...	Rs. 2 0 0
For registering Palankeen ..	" 0 8 0
License for Palankeen Bearers ...	" 0 8 0

The penalty for not registering is a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees.
For letting Carriage without having proper plate the offender is liable to a penalty not exceeding 50 Rs.

The penalty on driver not having license or lending his license is 20 Rs.
The penalty is also leviable on owner for suffering uncensored person to act as driver, not exceeding 100 Rs.

FARES FOR HACKNEY CARRIAGES OF THE SECOND AND THIRD CLASS.

AUTHORIZED BY ACT V. OF 1866.

TOWN, SUBURBS AND HOWRAH.

Description of Carriage.	FARE BY DISTANCE.		FARE BY TIME.			
	For any distance within and not exceeding one mile.	For any distance exceeding one mile.	For any time within and not exceeding one hour.	For every hour or part of an hour beyond one hour.	For half a day or five hours.	For a whole day consisting of nine hours.
Second Class ...	6 Annas.	4 Annas.	12 Annas.	6 Annas.	2 Rupees.	3 Rupees.
Third Class ...	3 Annas.	2 Annas.	6 Annas.	3 Annas.	1 Rupee.	1 Re. 8 Ana.

The above fares to be paid according to distance or time, at the option of the hirer, to be expressed at the commencement of the hiring; if not otherwise expressed, the fare to be paid according to time.

The owner or person in charge of any Hackney Carriage, refusing to let such carriage for hire without sufficient reason, is liable to a penalty not exceeding 50 Rs.

There is also a penalty in case of drunkenness or misconduct of driver in loitering, refusing to be hired, or demanding more than the usual fare.

Drivers absenting themselves from their employment are liable to a penalty not exceeding 10 Rs.

The penalty for refusing to pay legal fare, and evading payment thereof, is a fine not exceeding 50 Rs.

FARES FOR PALANKEENS.

TOWN, SUBURBS AND HOWRAH.

FARE BY DISTANCE.		FARE BY TIME.			
For any distance within and not exceeding one mile.	For any distance exceeding one mile.	For any time within and not exceeding one hour.	For every hour or part of an hour beyond one hour.	For half a day or five hours.	For a whole day consisting of nine hours.
3 Annas.	3 Annas.	6 Annas.	3 Annas.	1 Rupee.	1 Re. 8 As.

The above fares to be paid according to distance or time, at the option of the hirer, to be expressed at the commencement of hiring; if not otherwise expressed, the fare to be paid according to time.

LICENSEES ON TRADES AND CALLINGS.

SCHEDULE III. (SECTION 75.)

Class I.

Every Joint Stock Company Yearly Rs. 100

Class II.

Every Merchant, Barker, Shroff, Bazaar, Wholesale Trader, and Commission Agent, and every Practising Surgeon, Physician, Dentist, Architect, Civil Engineer, Builder, Contractor, Carrying Company, Barrister, Attorney, Proctor, Notary Public, and Pleader of the High Court; every Owner or Farmer of a Hant, or Bazar; every Owner of Cotton, Jute, Hide, or other Screws, and every Auctioneer; every Hotel-keeper, Boarding House-keeper, Lodging House-keeper, Shop-keeper, Plumber, Gasfitter, Manufacturer, or Retail Trader, whose shop or place of business is assessed under Chapter V. at 100 Rupees a month or upwards. Rs. 50

Class III.

Every Broker or Daloll employed in the wholesale transfer or purchase of imports or exports, country produce or silk or other merchandize; every Broker or dealer in precious stones, houses, landed property, Government Securities, Shares and Bills of Exchange, and every Freight Broker; every Practising Licentiate of Medicine, Apothecary, and Veterinary Surgeon; every owner of a Dispensary, Spirit or Liquor shop, or shop for the sale of intoxicating Drugs, Punch House, or Billiard Room, wholesale Tobacco, or Jute Depot; every owner of a Steam Ferry-Boat, Cargo-Boat; every Hotel-keeper, Boarding House-keeper, Lodging House-keeper, Plumber, Gasfitter, Carriage and Horse dealer, Shop-keeper, Manufacturer, or Trader whose shop or place of business is assessed under Chapter V. at or above 25 Rupees, but less than 100 Rupees a month; every Pawn-broker, Money-lender, and every person having a shop or place of business registered under Section 297 and 298, or Licensed under Section 292; every Pleader, Mooktear, or Law Agent, not included in Class II Rs. 25

Class IV.

Every Hotel-keeper, Boarding and Lodging house-keeper, owner of a carriage or a palanquin let out for hire, Plumber, Gasfitter, Band Supplier, Carrier, Stamp Vendor, Carriage or Horse dealer, Shop-keeper, Manufacturer, or Trader, whose shop or place of business is assessed under Chapter V. at or above 10 Rupees, but at less than 25 Rupees a month; every keeper of a permanent Stall at a daily public Market, or in a Chowk; every Poddar or Money Changer; every Hakeem and Kobera, practising Native Doctor, every order Supplier, Cooly Supplier, Shipping Agent, or Boat Supplier Rs. 12

Class V.

Every Keeper of a shop, not included in any other class; every Daloll, not included in Class III; every Pedlar, Hawker, and Boxwallah and Midwife Rs. 4

Class VI.

All other itinerant dealers hawking goods for sale in basket or trays Re. 1

NOTE.—A person who carries on several kinds of business and may come under more than one of the designations in this schedule shall be chargeable only under one of such designations at the discretion of the Commissioners; and in the case of a Firm consisting of two or more persons, payment by any one of such persons, shall be considered to be payment by the Firm.

HOUSE RATE

TOWN OF CALCUTTA.

On the estimated gross annual value of houses, buildings and lands, payable quarterly per cent. per year Rs. 7 8 0

On lands unappropriated to any building or premises, or on native huts, at the option of the Justices, per cottah per year Rs. 0

NOTICE.—When a house is vacant for 60 consecutive days during any year, reduction of one-half the rate is made, calculated from the date of delivery of a written notice of such vacancy. The same applicable to Suburbs and Howrah.

SUBURBS AND HOWRAH.

On the estimated gross annual rent of houses, buildings and lands, payable quarterly per cent. per annum Rs. 7 8 0

**LIGHTING AND WATER RATES.
TOWN OF CALCUTTA.**

LIGHTING RATE.—On the annual value of houses, buildings and lands, payable quarterly per cent. per annum Rs. 2 0 0

LANDS.—Unappropriated to any building or premises, or upon native huts, at the option of the Justices payable by occupier, per cottah per year... .. „ 0 12 10

WATER RATE.—Annual value upon all houses and buildings per cent „ 4 8 0

**LIGHTING RATE.
HOWRAH.**

On the annual value of houses, buildings and lands, payable quarterly per cent. per annum Rs. 8 0 0

POLICE RATE FOR CALCUTTA.

Act No. VII of 1867, Section IX. On the assessed value of houses, leviable from occupiers, quarterly per cent. per annum Rs. 2 0 0

Or in lieu of such rate, to levy upon any land a fixed annual rate not exceeding Rs. 1-4 per cottah.

**TABLE
OF
MAXIMUM TOLLS LEVIABLE ON THE HOOGLY BRIDGE.**

	Rs.	A.	P.
For every foot-passenger with or without load	...	0	0 3
For every horse	...	0	1 0
For every pony, mule, or ass	...	0	0 6
For every buffalo	...	0	1 0
For every cow, ox, or bull	...	0	0 6
For every calf, sheep, goat, or pig	...	0	0 3
Or per score	...	0	3 0
For every two-wheeled vehicle without springs	...	0	1 0
Ditto ditto, carrying goods or animal or passengers	...	0	3 0
For every two-wheeled vehicle with springs	...	0	2 0
For every four-wheeled vehicle without springs	...	0	2 0
Ditto ditto, carrying goods or animals or passengers	...	0	4 0
For every four-wheeled vehicle with springs other than a second or third class hackney carriage	...	0	4 0
For every maund of goods conveyed over the bridge on a tramway or railway	...	0	0 4
For every empty truck using a tramway or railway	...	0	4 0
For every Locomotive Steam Engine	...	1	0 0
Animals drawing any of the above vehicles to be charged in addition to the charge on the vehicle.			
For every second class hackney carriage	...	0	1 0
Ditto ditto carrying goods or passengers	...	0	3 0
For every third class hackney carriage	...	0	1 0
Ditto ditto carrying goods or passengers	...	0	2 0
For every palankeen and bearers	...	0	2 0

HOOGLY BRIDGE ESTABLISHMENT.

Carpenter Foreman.—J. Sutton; *Chief Officer.*—W. C. Sharplin; *Day Watchman.*—J. Anderson; *Night Watchmen.*—J. B. Green and F. Doran; *Accountant.*—Auburn Chunder Patro; *Cashier.*—Dwarkanath Dutt.

PART III.

ECCLIASTICAL ESTABLISHMENTS.

CHURCH OF ENGLAND.

SEE OF CALCUTTA.

Lord Bishop of Calcutta, and Metropolitan in India and the Island of Ceylon,
The Right Reverend E. R. JOHNSON, B. A.

Archdeacon of Calcutta and Commissary.
The Venerable JOSEPH BALT, M. A.

Domestic Chaplain to the Lord Bishop
The Rev. BROOK DREDES

Examining Chaplains to the Lord Bishop,
The Rev. K. M. BANERJEA, Calcutta.
" " *IMADOODEN, C. M. S., Umritsu.*

Registrar of the Archdeaconry of Calcutta, and Secretary to the Lord Bishop,
Charles Sanderson,
Office, No. 5, Hastings street.

CONSISTORY COURT

WITHIN AND FOR THE ARCHDEACONRY OF CALCUTTA.

Established 15th October 1819.

Commissary—The Venerable JOSEPH BALT, M. A.

Assessor—The Standing Counsel.

Registrar.—Charles Sanderson.

ECCLIASTICAL COURT.

IN THE HIGH COURT.

ECCLIASTICAL REGISTRY OFFICE.

No. 5, Hastings' street.

Registrar.—C. Sanderson.

SENIOR CHAPLAINS.

Those marked with S. are also Surrogates for granting Episcopal Marriage Licenses.

<i>Season of appointment.</i>	<i>Names.</i>	<i>Date of Rank.</i>	<i>Appointments, Stations, Remarks, &c.,</i>
1852	Rev. G. S. P. Parish, B. A. ...	s. 25 Feby. 1862	<i>Furlough to 19th June 1878.</i>
1855	" Samuel Henry Beamish, B. A. ...	s. 3 Jan. 1866	<i>Furlough to 22nd Feby 1878.</i>
1855	" J. Fitz-Austin Gavin, B. A. ...	s. 24 May 1866	Sitapore.
1855	" Henry Murray, M. A. ...	s. 2 June 1866	Moradabad.
1855	" George Lovely, M. A. ...	s. 22 June 1866	<i>Furlough to 4th March 1877.</i>
1856	" James Kilboe Stuart, M. A. ...	s. 5 Dec. 1866	Fyzabad.
1856	" Henry Daniel James, M. A. ...	s. 9 Jan. 1867	<i>Furlough to 14th March 1877.</i>
1857	" James Aberigh-Mackay, B. D. ...	s. 20 March 1867	<i>Furlough to 24th March 1877.</i>
1857	" Thomas Moore, B. A. ...	s. 31 Aug. 1867	Simla.
1857	" John William Young, M. A. ...	s. 9 Sep. 1867	Chunar.
1857	" John Richard Baldwin ...	s. 31 Oct. 1867	Lahore.
1857	" Malcolm Strickland Laing ...	s. 14 Jan. 1868	Murree.
1857	" C. James Waterhouse, M. A. ...	s. 27 Jan. 1868	Jullunder.
1857	" Francis Mary Felix Fortunato Mazucheli, D. D. ...	s. 27 Jan. 1868	<i>Furlough to 17th June 1878.</i>
1857	" William Snopson, M. A. ...	s. 13 Feb. 1868	Dugshai.
1858	" George Davsey Symonds, B. A. ...	s. 20 Jan. 1869	Bareilly.
1859	" Henry Fisher Corby, M. A. ...	s. 1 April 1869	Abbottabad.
1859	" William Spencer, D. D. ...	s. 6 Dec. 1869	Lucknow (Civil.)
1859	" William Crawford Bromhead M. A. ...	s. 10 Oct. 1869	Rawal Pindi
1859	" William David Cowley, M. A. ...	s. 10 Oct. 1869	Mussooree and Dehra.
1859	" David Payne Williams, M. A. ...	s. 13 Nov. 1869	<i>Europe to 7th Nov. 1876.</i>
1859	" Edward James Hubbard, M. A. ...	s. 18 Nov. 1869	Shahjehanpore.
1859	" Andrew Horsburgh, M. A. ...	s. 18 Jan. 1870	Delhi.
1860	" Peter John Janbo, Ph. D., M. A. ...	s. 16 April 1870	St. James' Church, Cal.
1860	" Arthur William Irwin, M. A. ...	s. 29 July 1870	Umballa.
1860	" W. Barker Drawbridge, M. A. ...	s. 25 Aug. 1870	Muttra.
1860	" A. Robinson, M. A. ...	s. 2 Oct. 1870	<i>Europe to 4th Oct. 1877.</i>
1860	" J. Alexander Stanhope, B. A. ...	s. 30 Dec. 1870	Ugatsur.
1861	" William Ayerst, M. A. ...	s. 1 July 1871	Darjeeling.
1861	" Benjamin Sharp, M. A. ...	s. 10 Nov. 1871	Subathoo.
1862	" John H. Hocking, M. A. ...	s. 29 Feb. 1872	<i>Furlough to 28th February 1877.</i>
1862	" William Charles Bell	s. 11 April 1872	Decca.
1862	" William Ward Nichols	s. 13 May 1872	<i>Furlough to 28th February 1878.</i>
1862	" F. Walter Robberds, B. A. ...	s. 19 Sept. 1872	Allahabad (Cantonments)
1865	" Arthur Octavius Hardy, M. A. ...	s. 2 March 1875	Barrackpore.
1865	" Joseph Spear, B. A. ...	s. 5 Dec. 1875	Kidderpore.
1866	" G. F. Popham Blyth, M. A. ...	s. 30 March 1876	Nynoe Tal.
1866	" Percy Nicolas, M. A. ...	s. 27 May 1876	Gowhaty and Shillong.
1866	" T. L. J. Wameford,	s. 18 August 1876	Port Blair.

JUNIOR CHAPLAINS.

Season of Appointment.	Names.	Date of Rank.	Appointments, Stations, Remarks, &c.
1866	Rev. Geo. T. Carruthers, M. A.	S.	Nagpore.
1866	" Andrew Lumsden Mitchell, ...	S.	Putcheghur.
1866	" John Stephenson, M. A.	S.	Allahabad (Civil Station.)
1867	" Henry James Matthew, M. A., ...	S.	Fort William & Milly. Hosp.
1867	" Alex. Newton Wilson, ...	S.	Cashmere.
1867	" M. E. Mills, ...	S.	Furlough to Dec. 14, 1877.
1867	" William Henry Gale, B. A. ...	S.	Furlough to Mar. 7, 1877.
1867	" Walter Harry Tribe, M. A. ...	S.	Furlough to Nov. 30, 1878.
1867	" Francis Rodon Michell, ...	S.	Furlough to Jan. 14, 1877.
1867	" Bernard Martin Behn, B. A. ...	S.	Raneekhet.
1867	" Brownlow Thos. Atlay, M. A. ...	S.	Senior Cathl. Chap. & Acting- Commissionary to the Bishop of Madras.
1868	" Frederick Orton, M. A.	S.	Binsapore.
1868	" Andrew William Roch Quinlan, M. A. ...	S.	Cuttack.
1868	" Baker Morrell, M. A.	S.	Furlough to Dec. 14, 1877.
1868	" James William Adams, B. A.	S.	Meerut.
1868	" Joseph Samuel Sandys, M. A.	S.	Dum-Dum.
1868	" Wm. Alexander Duke, B. A.	S.	Mooltan.
1869	" Albert Eschler, ...	S.	Nowshera.
1869	" Clement Reginald Tollemache, M. A. ...	S.	Chakrata.
1869	" Allan Ramsey, M. A.	S.	Kanwall.
1869	" Chas. Edward Wheeler, M. A.	S.	Derajat.
1869	" W. Matthew Bethbridge, B. A.	S.	Agra.
1869	" Matthew Lambert, B. A.	S.	Jubbulpore.
1870	" Thos. David Gray, M. A.	S.	Lucknow (Antonments).
1870	" F. T. S. Dyer, B. A.	S.	Furlough to Nov. 30, 1876.
1870	" W. Jerome Burdett, B. A.	S.	Furlough to 20th Oct. 1876.
1872	" Edgar Jacob, M. A.	S.	Rangoon.
1872	" William John Hunt, B. A.	S.	Hasaribagh.
1872	" George Theodore Dennis, M. A.	S.	St Thomas' Church, Cal.
1872	" Samuel Benjamin Taylor, M. A.	S.	Saugor.
1873	" Baldwin Hammond, M. A.	S.	Kamptee.
1873	" A. Hooper Petty, M. A.	S.	Sealkote.
1873	" C. C. T. Fagan, M. A.	S.	Cawnpore.
1873	" J. F. Scobell, M. A.	S.	Howrah.
1873	" David Bayne Morris,	S.	Moulmein.
1873	" Arthur Charles Pearson, M. A.	S.	Jhansi.
1873	" Edward Mountfort Beasley,	S.	Rangoon (Town)
1873	" Welbore MacCarthy,	S.	Tongshoo.
1873	" William Brock, M. A.	S.	Furlough to 26th Dec. 1876
1873	" William John Rowland, M. A.	S.	Roorkee.
1873	" John Brown Brunesson, B. A.	S.	Mhow.
1874	" Ed. Gabriel Davis, M. A.	S.	Senior Chaplain, St. John's Church, Calcutta, and Medical College Hospital
1874	" William Henry Bray, M. A.	S.	Peaslawar.
1874	" Albert W. Rebesch, B. A.	S.	

Season of appointment.	Names	Date of Rank.	Appointments, Stations Remarks, &c.
1874	Rev. A. N. W. Spens	...	Second Chaplain St. Paul's Cathedral and Chaplain General Hospital.
1875	" Edmund Jermyn, M. A.,	S.	Benares
1876	" W. F. Armstrong, B. A.	S.	Meeran Meer.
1876	" K. E. Harrow, M. A.	S.	Morar.
1876	" A. G. R. Roberts, M. A.	S.	Dinapore.

MISSIONARIES AND OTHER CLERGYMEN OF THE CHURCH OF ENGLAND.

C. M. S. for Church Missionary Society S. P. G. for Society for the Propagation of the Gospel, A. C. S. for Additional Clergy Society

Surrogates for granting Episcopal Licenses for Marriage are marked with S

Names.	Stations &c.
Rev. Archer, J. B., A. C. S.	S. Bhaugulpore.
" Athanasius, S. P. G.	Ranchi
" Baksh Ilahi, S. P. G.	Dinapore
" Banerjee, Krishna Mohan	Calcutta
" Pareiro, S.	Burrial
" Baring, Francis Henry, M. A., C. M. S.	Umritsur
" Baston, Edward	Nann Tal.
" Bickman, Rowland, M. A., C. M. S.	(Europe)
" Birch, F., S. P. G.	Punjab Chota Nagpore
" Blake, Mollan, C. M. S.	Kupadanga
" Bliss, S. P. G.	Ratanpore
" Blumhardt, Charles Henry, C. M. S.	S. Taljhari, Santhal Mission.
" Blumhardt, E. H., M. A., C. M. S.	Kishnaghur
" Bowman, Chas., Ph. D., C. M. S.	Kishnaghur
" Bohn, F., S. P. G.	Cathedral Mission College, Calcutta
" Bonwestch, Christian, C. M. S.	Ranchi
" Bose, Rajkrishna, C. M. S.	Calcutta
" Brodie, David, C. M. S.	Kistopore.
" Brown, J., C. M. S.	(Europe)
" Burnell, S. Blake B. A., S. P. G.	Taljhari, Santhal Mission.
" Parry, D. T., C. M. S.	Europe. (Sick leave)
" Blackett, A. E., C. M. S.	Calcutta.
" Chapman, Elias, C. M. S.	Krishnaghur.
" Chud C. H., S. P. G.	Jubbulpore.
" Choudhury, Bhubany Churn, S. P. G.	Mandalsay.
" Clark, Robert, M. A., C. M. S.	Howrah.
" Clifford, Alfred, B. A., C. M. S.	(Europe.)
" Cox, John William, S. P. G.	S. Calcutta
" Colbeck, J. A., S. P. G.	Principal Bishop's College.
" Cole, F. T., C. M. S.	Rangoon
" Cole, J.	Taljhari, Santhal Mission.
" Davis, Brocklesby, M. A., C. M. S.	L. M. Asylum, Sanawar.
" Davis, Henry, C. M. S.	Allahabad.
" Dey, G. C., S. P. G.	Hiranpore, Santhal Mission.
" Dorey, J. S., C. M. S.	Dhaughatta.
" Deuble, Charles Gustavus, C. M. S.	Umritsur
	Lucknow.

Names.	Stations, &c.
Rev. Drew, William, S. P. G.	Barripore.
" Drossé, Ernest, C. M. S.	Bhaugulpore.
" D'Rozario, Felix Justus, C. M. S.	Augurpara.
" Dunne, D. H. G., S. P. G.	Cawnpore.
" Dutt, R., S. P. G.	Ranchi.
" Dyson, Samuel, C. M. S.	Cathedral Mission College, Calcutta.
" Durrant, G. B., C. M. S.	Lucknow.
" Ellwood, J. P., C. M. S.	Fyzabad.
" Endle, Sydney, S. P. G.	S. Tezpur. (<i>Furlough</i>)
" Erhardt, James, C. M. S.	Secundra, Agra.
" Evans, R. W.	Lucknow.
" Fairclough, J., S. P. G.	(<i>Europe</i> .)
" Finter, H.	St. James' Church, Calcutta.
" French, Thomas Valpy, M. A., C. M. S.	(<i>Europe</i> .)
" Fuchs, John, C. M. S.	Benares.
" Gmelin, F., C. M. S.	Kishnaghur.
" George, D., A. C. S.	S. Hissar.
" Ghose, B. C., S. P. G.	Cathedral Mission, Calcutta.
" Girling, George, A. C. S.	(<i>Europe</i> .)
" Glascock, W. B., B. A., A. C. S.	S. Ghazeeপুর.
" Gordon, G. M., C. M. S.	Prind Dadun Khan.
" Goreh, Nehemiah,	Indore.
" Gothard, G. B. A., A. C. S.	S. Ajmere.
" Grime, G. T. M., C. M. S.	Jubbulpore.
" Gulliver, E. H., M. A.	Simla, Bishop Cotton's School.
" Hacon, Henry, A. C. S.	S. Indore.
" Harrison, Henry Joseph, S. P. G.	Tollygunge.
" Hoernle, C. T., C. M. S.	Landour.
" Hoernle, Rudolf, Ph. D., C. M. S.	(<i>Europe</i> .)
" Hoernle, H., C. M. S.	Meerut.
" Hoernle, J. F. D., C. M. S.	(<i>Europe</i> .)
" Hickey, Robert Walter	Rangoon.
" Hill, J. R., S. P. G.	Banda.
" Hine, R.	Umballa.
" Hodgson, T. R., C. M. S.	Agra.
" Hooper, William, M. A., C. M. S.	Lahore.
" Hoppner, H., S. P. G.	Roorkee.
" Hubbard, Henry Dickenson, M. A., C. M. S.	(<i>Europe</i> .)
" Hughes, T. P., C. M. S.	Peshawur.
" Imadooddeen, C. M. S.	Umritsur.
" Imam Shah, C. M. S.	Peshawur.
" Ince, J. C., A. C. S.	S. Midnapore.
" Jeremie, David, C. M. S.	Ikla, Meerut.
" Jukes, W., C. M. S.	Peshawar.
" Kennedy, F., A. C. S.	S. Toondia.
" Keen William, M. A., C. M. S.	(<i>Europe</i> .)
" Kruger, F., S. P. G.	Chyebassa, Chota Nagpore.
" Langford, Robert, B. A., A. C. S.	S. Assensole.
" Lapsley, J. A. S.	S. Jhelum.
" Leupolt, S. T., B. A., C. M. S.	Benares.
" Lewin, J. R.	S. Dalhousie.
" Love, James Chalmers, A. C. S.	S. Jamalpore.
" Luther, Wilhelm, S. P. G.	Chyebassa.
" Lloyd, J. A., C. M. S.	Agra.
" Madho Ram, C. M. S.	Agra.
" Markas, S. P. G.	Ranchi, Chota Nagpore.
" Marks, J. Ebenezer, S. P. G.	S. Rangoon.

Names.	Stations, &c.
Rev. Masib Sadik, C. M. S.	Umritsur.
" Masib, Das, S. P. G.	Ranchi.
" Mayer, J. T. L., C. M. S.	Derajat.
" Mitter, P. L. N., S. P. G.	Tollygunge.
" Mohun, David, C. M. S.	Allahabad.
" Myers, Salem, A. C. S.	S. Chinsurah.
" Nath, K. M., S. P. G.	Bishop's College, Calcutta.
" Neele, Albert Peter, C. M. S.	(Europe.)
" O'Neill, S. W., M. A., S. S. G. E.	Indore.
" Pal, Brojonath, S. P. G.	Meerpore, Gonkali.
" Penke, G. C.,	L. M. Asylum, Murree.
" Phillips, B. A.	Mussoorie School.
" Rambart, T. A., B. A.	Mussoorie School.
" Ram S. Sita, S. P. G.	Cawnpore.
" Ramchurn, C. M. S.	St. Saviour's Church, Calcutta.
" Rebsch, William, C. M. S.	Kangra.
" Reuther, Charles Frederick, C. M. S.	Koteghur.
" Reuther, John, S. P. G.	Calcutta.
" Richard, I., C. M. S.	Mozufferpore.
" Richardson, John, A. C. S.	S. Cachar.
" Roth N. Lukhepore	Calcutta.
" Rudra, Peary Mohun, C. M. S.	Calcutta.
" Rust, A., Seamen's Mission	Calcutta.
" Sandel, Hurree Hur, S. P. G.	Cathedral Mission, Calcutta.
" Seal, Modhusudan, C. M. S.	Kidderpore.
" Sells, Henry,	Mussoorie.
" Shirreff, F. A. P., B. A., C. M. S.	Lahore.
" Singh, Daood, C. M. S.	Tarantara.
" Sing Yakub Kissen, S. P. G.	Gurgaon.
" Singh, Joseph H.	Midnapore.
" Skelton, Benjamin H., C. M. S.	Azimghur.
" Slater, Samuel	(Europe.)
" Snapp, Ernest, A. C. S.	S. Debrooghur.
" Solomon, David, C. M. S.	Benares.
" Stark, Alfred, C. M. S.	Godda, Santhal Mission
" Stern, L. Judius Anthony Alexander, C. M. S.	Calcutta.
" Stern, Henry, C. M. S.	S. Goruckpore.
" Stokes, A., M. A.	Mussoorie School.
" Stuart, J., C. M. S.	S. Allyghur.
" Tarachand, S. P. G.	Delhi.
" Thwaites, W., C. M. S.	Dera Ismail Khan.
" Vallings, F. R., M. A., S. P. G.	S. Ranchi.
" Vaughan, James, C. M. S.	Krishnaghur.
" Vines, C. E., B. A., C. M. S.	Pl. St. John's College, Agra.
" Wale, T. R., C. M. S.	Lahore.
" Watkins, G. J., A. C. S.	Allahabad, (E. I. Railway.)
" Weitbrecht, H. U., C. M. S.	Mooltan.
" Welland, J., B. A., C. M. S.	C. M. S. Secretary, (Europe.)
" Westchout, C. R., A. C. S.	S. Ghazeeabad.
" Whitley, J., B. A., S. P. G.	(On Furlough.)
" Wilkinson, J. Henry, A. C. S.	Purneah.
" Wilkinson, W., A. C. S.	S. Arrah.
" Wilson, G. M., M. A.	S. St. Paul's School, Darjeeling.
" Williams, John, C. M. S.	S. Tonk.
" Windley, T. W., B. A., S. P. G.	Tounghee.
" Winter, Robert Reynolds, M. A., S. P. G.	Delhi.
" Zachariah, S. S.	Ranchi, Chota Nagpore.

PAY AND ALLOWANCES.—Per annum.

	Rs.	As.	P.
The Lord Bishop
Archdeacon
Registrar
Chaplains
Junior ditto
Senior Chaplain of the Church of Scotland
Junior ditto
Marriage Registrars
			Paid by fees.

ECCLESIASTICAL FEES.

The following amended Rules for the levy of Ecclesiastical fees throughout India which have been framed by His Excellency the Governor-General in Council, are published for general information, in supersession of the Rules which appeared under Notification No. 548, dated the 18th September, 1868:—

I.—No fees are charged for the performance of the rite of baptism or burial, or for the registration of the performance of these offices.

II.—In addition to the fee for the Surrogate's license, a fee of Rs. 10 shall be charged on all marriages by license, except the marriages of officers and others in the Military or Naval Service of Her Majesty.

III.—The fee for the Surrogate's license shall be Rs. 50 both in the Presidency Towns and in the interior. No fee will be charged on marriage by banns.

IV.—When registers are searched and copy of any entry given, a fee of one rupee shall be charged for the first year and four annas for every additional year over which the search may extend, as well as a fee of one rupee for the certificate. Soldiers, sailors, and non-commissioned and petty officers are exempted from payment.

V.—A fee of eight annas for every square foot of ground occupied shall be charged for the construction of any masonry grave in a burial ground.

VI.—A further fee of one rupee per square foot shall be levied on the erection of a monument in a burial ground: provided, however, that for a simple headstone or flat slab of the size of an ordinary headstone a uniform fee of Rs. 15 only shall be charged. A fee of Rs. 75 shall be levied on a faculty for the erection of a monument in a Church.

VII.—The fees levied on the construction of masonry graves and the erection of monuments shall form a fund for keeping the burial ground and Church compound in order, except in Calcutta and Bombay, where they will be credited to Government.

VIII.—British soldiers and non-commissioned officers are exempted with retrospective effect, from the payment of any fee for the construction of masonry graves, or for the erection of monuments in burial grounds to the memory of their comrades, wives, or children. No monument, however, either regimental or private, shall exceed six square feet and no masonry grave shall occupy more ground than an area of eight feet by four. The simple stone slab or headstone should be generally adopted.

IX.—The Chaplain may at his discretion reduce or altogether remit, in cases of extreme poverty, the fee for searching registers and making copies as well as the fee leviable on the construction of masonry graves but not for the erection of monuments.

X.—The fees prescribed in these Rules should be paid to the Chaplain, or, in the absence of the Chaplain, to the officer in charge of the burial ground, and shall be duly accounted for.

LONDON MISSIONARY SOCIETY.

MISSIONARIES AND PASTORS IN BENGAL AND NORTH INDIA.

Rev. Ashton, J. P., M. A., Bhowanipore.
 „ Budden, J. H., Almorah.
 „ Bullock, G. M., Banee Khet.
 „ Chatterjee, Taraprasad, Kourapukur.
 „ Daud, Mirzapore.
 „ Doss, Nundo Lal, Berhampore.
 „ Dutt, Kashinath, Benares.
 „ Elias, P., Singowli.
 „ Ghose, Sarjya Kumar, Bhowanipore.
 „ Hill, S. J., Berhampore.
 „ Hewlett, J., B. A., Mirzapore.
 „ Hutton, David, Benares.

Rev. Insell, T., Mirzapore.
 „ Johnson, W., B. A., Bhowanipore.
 „ Kennedy, J., M. A., England.
 „ Lambert, J. A., Benares.
 „ Mather, R. C., M. A., L. I. D., England.
 „ Naylor, J., B. A., England.
 „ Payne, J. E., Bhowanipore.
 „ Phillips, W. B., Berhampore.
 „ Ross, J., Calcutta.
 „ Shering, M. A., M. A., L. I. D., England.
 „ Wilkins, W. J., Calcutta.

* First year, taken to mean any year indicated by the applicant.

ST PAUL'S CATHEDRAL.—*Chowringhee Road.*

CATHEDRAL CLERGY.

The Lord Bishop The Right Rev. E. R. Johnson, B. A.
The Venerable Joseph Baly, M. A., Archdeacon of Calcutta.
Rev. B. T. Atlay, M. A., and Rev. A. N. W. Spens, Cathedral Chaplains.
The Bishop's Domestic Chaplain Rev. Brook Deedes.
Rev. H. H.indel Cathedral Missionary.
Members of Vestry—Ex-officio Members, the Lord Bishop; the Archdeacon; the Cathedral Chaplains and the Bishop's Domestic Chaplain.
Elected Members—The Hon. Chief Justice Sir Richard Garth, the Hon. F. B. Kemp, the Hon. H. J. Reynolds, W. J. Curtoys, Esq., T. W. Gribble, Esq., S. A. Stewart, Esq.
Organist—C. F. Frye, Esq.

HOURS OF DIVINE SERVICE.

Sundays. Holy Communion—7-30 A. M., 2nd Celebration on 1st of month—10-30 A. M.
Evening—6 P. M. Festivals, Holy Communion, 7-30 A. M. Evening (exception Wednesday)
6 P. M. Week days—Matins 7-30 A. M. Evening 6 P. M.; except Wednesday when it is 6 P. M.
Holy Baptism at any week-day Service, 24 hours previous notice being required.
Churching at any week-day Service, previous notice being given.

ST. JOHN'S CHURCH.—*Council House Street and Church Lane.*

Built A. D. 1784—PARISH BOUNDARY.—The Strand—from Prinsep's Ghat to Bankshall Ghat, on the west, Hare Street, Dalhousie Square, Mangoe Lane, Emambarry Lane, and Emambaugh Lane, on the north; part of Wellington Street, on the east, Dhurumtollah and the Esplanade, on the south.
Chaplains—Rev. W. H. Bray, M. A., and A. G. R. Roberts, M. A., officiating.
Vestry—*Ex-officio Members*—The Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Calcutta; the Ven. the Archdeacon, and the Chaplains of St. John's.
Elected Members—J. Gray; J. H. A. Branson, G. Sherrin, and C. H. Ogbourne.
Vestry Clerk—J. H. Herbert. *Organist*—Miss Avery.
Day of Meeting of Select Vestry—The last Thursday of every month, at 10 A. M.
HOURS OF DIVINE SERVICE ON SUNDAYS.—In the morning at 10½ A. M. In the evening at 6½ P. M. and at 6 P. M. according to season. There is also a service on Wednesday evenings and all Holy days.
The Holy Communion is administered on the first Sunday in the month and all Holy-days at 7-30 A. M. and every Sunday after 10-30 A. M.
Holy Baptism is administered on every Sunday after the mid-day Service, and on Wednesdays before the evening Service.

OLD OR MISSION CHURCH.—*Built 1770—Nos. 10 & 11, Mission Row.*

PARISH BOUNDARY.—On the west by the Strand, north of Hare Street; on the south by Hare Street, Dalhousie Square, Mangoe Lane, Emambarry Lane and Emambaugh Lane; on the east by Wellington Street, College Street, Hurry Ghose's Street and Simlah Street; and on the north by Upper Circular Road.
Ministers—Rev. J. Welland, B. A., offg. Secretary, C. M. S. (*Europe*), Rev. D. T. Barry, B. A., C. M. S. and Rev. A. Clifford, B. A., C. M. S.
Vestry—*Members*—Rev. J. Welland (*Europe*), Rev. D. T. Barry, Rev. A. Clifford, W. R. Ryland, K. C. Peters, W. M. Walton, T. Owon, and the Trustees of the Church and of the Evangelical Fund.
Vestry Clerk—J. B. Hullock. *Organist*—T. R. French. *Per Openers*—J. Martyn and C. Thomas.
HOURS OF DIVINE SERVICE.—On Sunday morning at 10½ A. M. On Sunday evening at 6½ and 6 according to season, and on Thursday evening at 6 and 6-30 P. M. according to season.

ST. JAMES'S CHURCH.—*Lower Circular Road, 24-Pergunnah's side.*

Chaplain—Rev. P. J. Jarbo, M. A., Ph. D.
Sub-Deacon—W. T. Percy.
Vestry—*Ex-officio Member and President*—Rev. Peter J. Jarbo, M. A., Ph. D.
Elected Members—F. R. Boyce, J. C. Hanton and W. P. Percy.
Secretary and Treasurer—F. R. Boyce.
Organist—C. H. Compton.
HOURS OF DIVINE SERVICE.—Morning, ½ past 10; Evening, vary as the season admits. Daily morning Prayer.
Holy Communion—1st and 3rd Sundays in each month.

ST. THOMAS'S CHURCH.—*No. 58, Free School Street.**Chaplain.*—Rev. S B Taylor, M. A.*Church Committee.*—Rev S B. Taylor, M. A., President; H J Stanley and D. W. Mudge, Members.*Organist.*—C Edwards*Vestry Clerk.*—W H. Elliot.**DIVINE SERVICE.**—Daily at 6 or 7 A. M., according to season. On Festivals at 7-30 A. M. On Thursday evening at 6-30 o'clock. On Friday evening at 6-30 in the District. On Sunday at 10-30 or 6 P. M., according to season.

Administration of the Holy Communion on the 1st and 3rd Sundays of the month and on all Festivals.

ST. PETER'S CHURCH.—*For' William.**Chaplain.*—Rev. G F P Blyth, M. A.*Clerk.*—Serjeant Riddle.**HOURS OF DIVINE SERVICE.**—Sundays in Summer, 7½ A. M., and 6½ P. M. In Winter, 7-30 and 10-30 A. M., and 6 P. M. Daily at 7-30 A. M., and on Wednesday and Friday evenings and Holy-days, at 6 or 6-30 P. M., according to season.

Holy Communion every Sunday and Holy-day.

ST. STEPHEN'S CHURCH.—*Built A. D. 1846.—Kidderspers.**Chaplain.*—Rev. J Spear, B. A. *Clerk.* D C Mercado.**HOURS OF DIVINE SERVICE.**—Morning Prayers, Sermon and Holy Communion at 10-30 A. M. Evening Prayer and Sermon 6-30 P. M., according to season. (Weekly Communion.) Litany on Wednesday and Friday mornings. Prayers and Sermon on Wednesday evenings.**CHRIST CHURCH.**—*No. 192, Cornwallis Street.**Missionary.*—Rev. C Bomwetch.**HOURS OF DIVINE SERVICE.**—On Sunday mornings, at 11 o'clock.**TRINITY CHURCH.**—*No. 33, Amherst Street.**Missionary.*—Rev. Dr. C Baumann. *Native Pastor.*—Rev. P. M. Rudra.*Services.*—Sunday in Bengali, 8 A. M. and 3 P. M.; in English, 6 or 6-30 P. M. Thursday in Bengali, 7 P. M.**ST. SAVIOUR'S CHURCH.**—*Wellesley Square.**Priest.*—Rev J Reuther.*Organist.*—J Zeman

Mattins daily 7 or 7-30 A. M.

Vespers daily 5 or 5-30 P. M.

Celebration of Blessed Sacrament, Sundays, 7 or 7-30 A. M.

Vespers on Sundays 4-30 or 5 P. M.

Saints Days—Celebration of Blessed Sacrament, 7-30 A. M.

ST. STEPHEN'S CHURCH.—*Dum-Dum.**Chaplain.*—Rev. J. S. Sandys, M. A.*Clerk.*—John Stedman.**Sunday.**—Morning Service at 7 A. M. or 11 A. M. Evening Service at 5-30 P. M. or 6 P. M., according to season.**Thursday.**—Morning and Evening Service.**Lent.**—Morning Prayers, Wednesday.

Holy Communion.—On 1st Sunday of every month and Festivals.

ST. THOMAS'S CHURCH.—*Howrah.**Chaplain.*—Rev. D. B. Morris, M. A.*Vestry Clerk.*—W. L. Raria.**HOURS OF DIVINE SERVICE.**—Sundays, 11 A. M., and 6 P. M., and 6-30 P. M., according to season. Fridays, 6-30 P. M.

Communion.—1st Sunday of the month and on Saints' days.

CHRIST CHURCH.—*Augurpurah.*

Missionary.—Rev. F. J. DeRozario.

HOURS OF DIVINE SERVICE.—Sundays, in Bengali at 8½ a. m. and 4 or 4½ p. m., according to season.

CHRIST CHURCH.—*Thakurpukur, on Diamond Harbour Road.*

Missionary.—Rev. M. S. Seal.

Catechists.—Keshub Chunder Mundol and Gudadhur Mitter.

Reader.—Raj Chunder Mundol.

ST. BARNABAS'S CHURCH.—*Kumudan Lane, Kidderpore.*

Pastor.—Rev. M. S. Seal.

MISSION STAFF.

Honorary Catechist.—A. C. Seal.

Catechists.—Jongamin Bany Madhub Mundol, Jogendra Nath Das, and Nazir Sirc.

Readers.—Mour Quasim Ali and Moonshee Nur Ashraf; and two Colporteurs.

KILTOPORE & TARULIA CHAPELS.—*East of the Salt Water Lakes.*

Pastor.—Rev. Rajkristo Bose.

Readers.—Mohes Mondol and Omai Churn.

HOURS OF DIVINE SERVICE.—Sunday morning and afternoon—as the season admits.

BISHOP'S COLLEGE CHAPEL.—*Seelipore, opposite Garden Reach.*

Missionaries.—Rev. J. W. Coe, Principal, Rev. K. M. Nath, Native Pastor.

Hours of Divine Service.

		Morning.	Evening.
Daily Service on week day		7 A. M. and 8 A. M.	An hour before Sunset.
On Sundays	English	8 A. M. in Summer	one hour before Sunset.
		" " in Winter.	
	Bengalee	10 " in Summer.	About 4 P. M.
		" " in Winter.	

Holy Communion every Sunday throughout the year after morning prayer.

SEAMEN'S FLOATING CHAPEL.—*Prinsep's Ghaut.*

River Chaplain.—A. Rust.

HOURS OF DIVINE SERVICE.—Sundays 11 A. M. and 7 P. M. Wednesday evenings, 7 o'clock.

Boats from the Floating Chapel visit all ships below Baboo's Ghaut.

In connection with the Floating Chapel there is a large room fitted up as a Library or Reading Room. It is supplied with local and English papers, several Games—Drafts, Backgammon, Race, &c., and several hundred volumes of interesting books.

BURIAL GROUNDS.

OLD EUROPEAN BURIAL GROUND.—No. 16, Park street.

ENGLISH BURIAL GROUND.—No. 17, Park street.

NEW EUROPEAN BURIAL GROUND.—Nos. 24 and 25,
Lower Circular road, 24-Perpunnah's side.

MILITARY BURIAL GROUND.—Bhowanipore road.

DISSENTERS' BURIALS.

The following is an extract from an official communication to the Military Board, dated the 28th September 1848.

It should be distinctly understood, that it is not optional with the Clergyman to give or withhold the key of the Burial Ground, which must be opened whenever it is required for purposes of interment by Europeans or Christians, of whatever sect or denomination.

"The Lord Bishop has also been informed, that in respect to ground which has been consecrated by him, or ground which may be set apart hereafter at a station, for the purpose of burial, it is desirable that a sufficient portion should be reserved for the use of Dissenters."

CHURCH OF SCOTLAND.

1859 Rev. J. Macalister Thomson, M. A., Senior Chaplain.	1870 Rev. G. Wright Mansson, B. D., Assistant Chaplain, 92nd Highlanders.
1859 " James Williamson, M. A., Chaplain, Allahabad.	1872 " J. Lillie, M. A., Sealkote, Ditto 72nd Highlanders.
1860 " G. G. Gillan, M. A., Assistant Chap- lain, Rawul Pindi.	1875 " A. B. Watson, M. A., acting Chap- lain, Meerut.

Missionary Clergy.

Rev. R. Jardine, S. O. D., Calcutta.	Rev. J. W. Youngson, B. D., Goojerat.
" W. Macfarlane, M. A., Darjeeling.	" Bipro Churn Chuckerbutty, Calcutta.
" J. Anderson, Darjeeling.	" W. C. Bailey, Chumba.
" W. Harper, B. D., Sealkote.	

Medical Missionary.

J. Hutchison, Chumba.

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH.—Built A. D. 1817, Dalhousie Square.

CHAPLAINS.

Senior Chaplain—Rev. J. M. Thomson, M. A.

Junior Chaplain—Vacant.

Elders.—W. Patquhar, M. D.; T. Edmonstone Charles, M. D.; John Shina, A. B.; W. I. Mackenzie, H. A. Brown, C. Gregory; S. Cochran; W. Craik; H. Dundas; O. Steel; John Robertson; J. Wetherill; J. Wilson; Rev. R. Jardine, S. O. D.; Major A. Walker (Dum-Dum) and D. Marshall (ditto.)

Organist—J. V. Woodward. *Session Clerk*—C. Longhurst.

Hours of Divine Service.—Sabbath Service begins in the morning at 10½ A. M. The evening *Communion*—being usually at 6½ P. M.; but from 22nd October to 22nd February at 6 P. M. On Wednesday evenings, at 6 P. M.

All rules as to pewage, fees for marriage, and interment, or for erecting monuments in the Scotch Burial Ground (which is the property of the Kirk Session) to be learnt on application to the Session Clerk, 4, Church Lane.

ST. ANDREW'S BENGALI CHURCH.—Northern Circular Road.

Opened 1875.

Minister.—Rev. Bipro Churn Chuckerbutty.

Elders.—Rev. Gopal Laha; Krishna Lal Moonshee; Wooma Churn Banerjee.

SCOTCH BURIAL GROUND

Is situated to the east of the new European Burial Ground, on the 24-Pergunnah side of the Lower Circular Road. It is the property of St. Andrew's Church.

FREE CHURCH OF SCOTLAND.

PRESBYTERY OF CALCUTTA.

Ministers.—Rev. William Milne, M. A.; Rev. W. C. Fyfe; Rev. K. S. Macdonald, M. A.; Rev. Jagadishwar Bhattacharjya; Rev. Prosonno Koomar Chatterjya; Rev. Gura Dass Moitra; Rev. James Robertson, M. A.; Rev. Archibald Templeton, M. D.; and Rev. John Hector, M. A.

Moderator.—The Ministers in rotation. *Presbytery Clerk*.—Rev. J. Hector, M. A.

BENGAL MISSION.

Ordained European Missionaries, Calcutta.

Rev. W. C. Fyfe; Rev. Kenneth S. Macdonald, M. A. Rev. J. Robertson, M. A., and Rev. J. Hector, M. A.

Ordained Native Missionaries.

Rev. Jagadishwar Bhattacharjya (*Mahanad*); Rev. Prosonno Koomar Chatterjya, (*Chinsurah*.)

Financial and corresponding Board in charge of the Secular affairs of the Mission in Calcutta.—E. A. Jack; P. Mackinnon; W. P. Duff; A. B. Inglis, and the Ordained European Missionaries.

Secretary.—Rev. W. C. Fyfe. *Treasurer*.—E. A. Jack.

FREE SCOTCH CHURCH.—Wellesley Square.

Built A. D. 1848.

Minister.—Rev. W. Milne, M. A.

Ruling Elders.—J. Bruce; R. S. Duncan; W. Robson, M. D.; Henry Holmes Sutherland; Henry Roberts. *Session Clerk*.—R. S. Duncan. *Deacons*.—P. Mackinnon (Europe); E. A. Jack; John Horne; S. C. Meekerjea; W. C. Fyfe, junior; A. Somerville, F. W. Kellner; and A. B. Inglis. *Treasurer*.—James Bruce. *Clerk*.—John Horne. *Church Officer*.—W. Smith.

HOURS OF DIVINE SERVICE.—Morning at 10-30. Evening, during the hot season at 6½, and during the cold season, at 6. There is a weekly prayer meeting every Wednesday evening at the same hour as the Sunday Evening Service.

FREE MISSION CHURCH.—Cornwallis Square.

Pastor.—Rev. Gura Dass Moitra.

Ruling Elders.—Shib Chandra Banerjea; Umesh Chundra Chatterjea; Keli Churn Banerjea, M. A. and B. L.; Vishnu Churn Chatterjea; and Joy Gobindo Shome, M. A.

Deacons.—Kali Podo Gupta, M. A. and M. B., and Krishna Gopal Sirkar.

Session Clerk.—Kali Churn Banerjea.

Clerk and Treasurer of the Deacon's Court.—Umesh Chundra Chatterjea.

CONGREGATIONAL CHURCHES.

UNION CHAPEL.—Built A. D. 1821. Nos. 135 & 136, Dhurumtollah Street.

Pastor.—

Deacons.—H. Andrews; L. Piesse; J. Bartlett; and T. J. Brown.

Secretary.—E. Dukes

Treasurer.—Miss L. Johnston.

HASTINGS' CHAPEL.

Pastor.—Rev. W. Johnson, B. A.

BENGALI CHURCH.—Bhowanipore.

Pastor.—Rev. Surjy Kumar Ghose.

Deacons.—Brojomadub Bose and Umbica Churn Roy.

WESLEYAN MISSIONARY SOCIETY.

Calcutta Mission, commenced 1862. Church and Parsonage, 16, Sudder Street.

DIVINE SERVICE.—Sundays : Morning 10-30 ; evening during the hot season at 7 during the cold season at 6-30. Wednesday evening at 7 o'clock.

There is a weekly prayer meeting every Monday evening at 7.

Ministers.—Rev. Albert Fentiman and Rev. A. H. Male.

Bengali School Chapel, Jann Bazar Street.

Catechists.—Nepal Chunder Biswas and two Assistants.

School Master.—Kali Nath and three Assistants.

„ **Mistress.**—Lucky Biswas and one Assistant.

Chitpore School Chapel.

Catechists.—Pitamber Ghosal and one Assistant.

School Masters.—Anundo Chunder Singha and eight Assistants.

„ **Mistress.**—Mrs. Singha and one Assistant.

Barrackpore.

Minister.—Rev. F. Halliday, who visits Goalundo and other Stations on the Bengal Railway in connection with the Anglo-Indian Union.

Catechists.—Kader Nath Burman and one Assistant.

School Master.—Mark Petumber Pal and two Assistants.

Chairman of the District and General Superintendent.—Rev. Albert Fentiman.

BAPTIST MISSION.

IN BENGAL AND NORTH-WESTERN PROVINCES OF INDIA.

Commenced in 1798.

MISSIONARIES.

Rev. Allen, Isaac, England.
 „ Anderson, J H, Allahabad.
 „ Banerjee, T C, Calcutta
 „ Bate, J D, Allahabad
 „ Bion, R, Dacca
 „ Broadway, D P, Patna
 „ Chowdhry, R N, Calcutta
 „ Dutt, G C, Khoolneah
 „ Ellis, B J, Jessore
 „ Etherington, W, Benares
 „ Evans, T, Monghyr
 „ Francis, J, Poona
 „ Gregson, J, Gelson, Agra
 „ Greenway, W, Dinapore
 „ Guyton, R F, Belhi
 „ Hallam, E C B, Howrah
 „ Heinig, H, Benares
 „ Hobbs, W A, Soory, Beerbhoom
 „ Hormasdjii Pestonji, Poona
 „ Jordan, C, Serampore

Rev. Kerry, Geo., Burrissal
 „ Lewis, C B, Calcutta
 „ Martin, Thos., Burrissal
 „ MacKenna, A, Dacca
 „ Morgan, T, Howrah
 „ Page, J C, Darjeeling
 „ Pearce, G, Ootacamund
 „ Robinson, J, Calcutta
 „ Rouse, G H, Calcutta
 „ Shah, Goolzar, Calcutta
 „ Skrefarud, L, Sonthal Mission
 „ Smith, J, England
 „ Spurgeon, H, Jessore
 „ St. Dalmas, H G De, Muttra
 „ Thomas, J W, Serampore
 „ Trafford, J, Serampore
 „ Wenger, J, Calcutta
 „ Williams, A, Calcutta
 „ Williams, J, England

CIRCULAR ROAD BAPTIST CHAPEL.

Built A. D. 1821. No. 25, Lower Circular Road, Town side.

Pastor.—Rev. A. Williams. **Deacons.**—J. H. Belchambers, W. C. Fink, Wenger, R. Williamson, and G. S. Sykes.

HOURS OF DIVINE SERVICE.—Mornings at 10½ ; evenings at 6½ or 7. A Prayer : on Monday evenings, and a Lecture on Wednesday evenings at 7½ P. M.

BAPTIST CHAPEL.—South Calcutta Street.
Pastor.—Rev. Goolzar Shah.

BOW BAZAR BAPTIST CHAPEL.

Built A. D. 1806. Opened 1st January 1809. No. 23, Bow Bazar.

Pastor.—

HOURS OF DIVINE SERVICE.—On Sabbath mornings, 10½. On Sabbath evenings, 6½.
 A prayer meeting on Monday evenings, and a Lecture on Wednesday and Friday evenings.

BAPTIST CHAPEL.—South Road Entally.

Pastor.—Rev. G. C. Dass.

HOURS OF DIVINE SERVICE.—In Bengali only.—On Lord's day morning at 7. Afternoon Service at 4 or 4½ according to season.

BAPTIST MISSION CHAPELS.

At Khari, Luckantipore, Rosh Khali, Nursingdar Chowk, Ruseool Mahomed Chowk, Rajarampore, North Luckantipore, Bistore, Alipore, and Tambulda.

Missionaries.—Rev. G. H. Rouse and Rev. R. N. Chowdhry.

HOWRAH BAPTIST CHURCH.—Built A. D. 1821, Howrah.

Pastor and Missionary.—Rev. Thomas Morgan.

DAYS AND HOURS OF DIVINE SERVICE.—Sabbath Services, 10 A. M. and 6½ P. M.; week Services, Tuesdays 7 P. M.

BAPTIST CHAPEL.—Dum-Dum.

Pastor.—Rev. J. Robinson.

THE CATHOLIC CHURCHES.

VICARIATE APOSTOLIC OF WESTERN BENCAL.

The Most Rev. Dr. W. STEINS, S. J., Archbishop of Bosra, *in p. i.*, Vicar Apostolic of Western Bengal. *Residence, Calcutta.*

SECULAR PRIESTS.

Bruno, Rev. V	... Cathedral, Calcutta.
Cesari, Rev. C	... Curate of the Cathedral, Calcutta.
Fitzpatrick, Rev. J	... Military Chaplain, Barrackpore.
Gohra, Monsignor A	... Assistant Vicar, Cathedral.
Leroux, Rev. A.	... Curate, Church of the S. Heart, Calcutta.
Medley, Rev. D., Rev. A. E.	... Vicar, Howrah, and Editor of the <i>J. E. Correspondence.</i>

FATHERS AND BROTHERS OF THE SOCIETY OF JESUS.

Brühl, Rev. F	... St. Xavier's College, Calcutta.
Carette, Rev. F	... Military Chaplain, Fort William.
Cavalieri, Rev. F.	... Vicar, Serampore.
Cazet, Rev. L.	... St. Xavier's College, Calcutta.
Chippels, Rev. C	... Ditto Ditto.
Correya, Rev. A	... Ditto Ditto.
Daub, Rev. E	... Ditto Ditto.
Brier, Rev. F X	... Missionary, Buddipore.
Debie, Rev. A	... Curate Church of the S. Heart, Calcutta.

DeBoeck, Rev. P	.. St. Xavier's College, Calcutta.
DeCook, Rev. F	.. Ditto Ditto.
Deefholts, Rev. B.	.. Ditto Ditto.
DePenaranda, Rev. A	.. Ditto Ditto.
DeVos, Rev. J	Vicar, Church of the Sacred Heart, Calcutta.
DeVos, Rev. L	.. St. Xavier's College, Calcutta.
Delplace, Rev. E	.. Missionary, Kharee.
Dooley, Rev. M	.. St. Xavier's College, Calcutta.
Fiorens, Rev. J	.. Missionary, Chyebassa.
Francotte, Rev. E	.. St. Xavier's College, Calcutta.
Goffinet, Rev. A	.. Missionary, Calcutta Suburbs.
Gregory, Rev. F	Balasore
Harford, Rev. H	St. Xavier's College, Calcutta
Henry, Rev. J	.. Ditto Ditto.
Hogger, Rev. C	Missionary, Ishuripore.
Jacques, Rev. M	Chaplain, E. I. R., Assensole.
Kuskaert, Rev. I	.. St. Xavier's College, Calcutta.
Luchawietz, Rev. J	Missionary, Boshenti
Lalont, Very Rev. E	Rector, St. Xavier's College, Calcutta.
Larcher, Rev. B	Secretary to His Grace, Cathedral Church.
I. Hermitta, Rev. V	Balasore.
Lober, Rev. T	Curate, St. John's Chapel, Calcutta.
Lowet, Rev. H	St. Xavier's College
Mullander, Rev. J	Ditto Ditto.
Multhaupt, Rev. A	Ditto Ditto
Nieblung, Rev. J	Curate, Bow Bazar Chapel, Calcutta.
Sapatt, Rev. C	Balasore
Schiff, Rev. C	Midnapore
Steckman, Rev. A	Chyebassa
Van derstuyft, Rev. H	Military Chaplain, Hazareebaugh
Verlinden, Rev. V	Military Chaplain, Dum Dum.
Yunnan, Rev. L	St. Xavier's College.
Pierre, Br. J	
Corneille, Br. F	.. Midnapore
D. Clercx, Br. A	St. Xavier's College
K. J. J. Br. A	Ditto Ditto
Kryn, Br. A	Ditto Ditto
J. H. J. Br. F	Balasore
Leclerc, Br. A	Cathedral House
L. J. Br. F	
S. J. Br. F	St. Xavier's College.
Swords, Br. D	
Van Dunne, Br. D	Ditto Ditto.
Williams, Br. C	Cathedral House.

PRIESTS SUBJECT TO THE ARCHBISHOP OF GOA.

Very Rev. FRANCISCO DE ASSIS, *Knight of the Order of Christ*, Vicar-General and Superior of the Portuguese Mission in Bengal, and Vicar, Church of Our Blessed Lady of Dolours, Calcutta

Rev. Brito, G.	.. Tezong.
.. DeAbreu, C. J. M.	.. Hoosangabad
.. DeSouza, D. J.	.. Nagoree (Bhowal.)
.. Gonsalves, A. Xavier.	Dacca.
.. Jacom, M.	.. Vicar, Chinsurah.
.. Maria, D. De St.	.. Seebpore.
.. Michael, F.	.. Coadjutor, Church of Dolours, Calcutta.
.. Remedios, B. L.	.. Church of Dolours, Calcutta.
.. Rodrigues, A. C.	.. Prier, Bandal Church.

VICARIATE APOSTOLIC OF AGRA:

The Right Rev. Dr. M. ANGELO JACOPI, *O. C. S. B.*, Bishop of Pontassia, &c. p. i.
Vicar Apostolic of Hindostan, Residence, Agra.

ANGULAR PRIESTS.

Rev. W. N. Keegan, D. D., Delhi.

" F. Macken, Kussowlie.

" J. P. V. D'Ermeao, Ferozepore.

Rev. Curti, Dalhousie.

" E. Veralli, a. m. o. s. Mowat.

" B. Christie, T. o. a. F., Nomiya, Agra.

CAPUCHIN FATHERS.

Very Rev. Fr. Conrad, Curate, Agra.

" Fr. Symonhen, Rector, Agra.

" Fr. Pispheonius, Simla.

" Fr. Hildephonius, Umballa.

" Fr. Augustus, Rawul Pindae.

" Fr. Jerome, Murree.

" Fr. Alphonse, Bareilly.

" Fr. Zacharias, Mussoorie Convent.

" Fr. Paul, Mhow.

" Fr. Felix, Mooltan.

" Fr. Cornelius, Jullundur.

" Fr. Augustine, Dugahale.

" Fr. Lewis, Agra.

" Fr. Antoninus, Peshawur.

" Fr. Angelo Mary, Curate, Sirdhana.

" Fr. Patrick, Principal, Mussoorie.

" Fr. Venantius, Morar.

Rev. Fr. M. Angelo, Nowahera, Peshawur.

" Fr. Angelo, Sealkote.

" Fr. Julius, Agra.

" Fr. James, Nusseerabad.

" Fr. Polycarp, Meera Meer.

" Fr. Lewis, junior, Nynae Tal.

" Fr. Philip, Subathoo.

" Fr. Candid, Lahore.

" Fr. Callistus, Chukrata.

" Fr. Dionisius, Luahkar, Gwalior.

" Fr. Angelo, junior, Sirdhana.

" Fr. Benedict, Agra.

" Fr. Genesius, Principal, Mussoorie.

" Fr. Pius, Neemuch.

" Fr. Bonaventure, Raneekhet.

CAPUCHIN BROTHERS.

Brother Crispin, Mussoorie.

Brother Vincent, Sirdhana.

Brother Venantius, Sirdhana.

BROTHERS OF THE T. O. OF ST. FRANCIS OF ASSISIUM.

Brother John, Mussoorie.

" Denis, Mussoorie.

" Patrick, Mussoorie.

" Joseph, Mussoorie.

" Paul, Agra.

" Dominik, Agra.

" Francis, Agra.

" Alphonse, Agra.

" Ignatius, Agra.

Brother Anthony, Mussoorie.

" Michael, Agra.

" Stephen, Mussoorie.

" Charles, Mussoorie.

" Stanislaus, Agra.

" Benedict, Mussoorie.

" Felix, Agra.

" Lawrence, Agra.

VICARIATE APOSTOLIC OF PATNA.

The Right Rev. Dr. PAUL TOSI, o. c., Bishop of Rhodiopolis, in p. i., Vicar Apostolic of Patna, elected by the Propaganda 9th February 1868; proclaimed on the 16th of the following month in Consistory, and consecrated 28th June following. Residence, Patna.

Very Rev. Fr. Benedict, o. c., Vicar General and Administrator. Coorjee.

MILITARY STATIONS.

Dinapore. — (Bengal.)

Rev. Father Lewis, o. c., Chaplain.

Darjeeling. — (Bengal)

Very Rev. Father Accursius, o. c., Chaplain.

Rev. Fr. Lewis, o. c., Assistant Chaplain.

Banarès. — (N. W. Provinces)

Rev. Fr. Charles, o. c., Chaplain

Chunar. — (N. W. Provinces.)

Rev. Fr. Lewis, o. c., Chaplain

Allahabad. — (N. W. Provinces)

Rev. Fr. Francis, o. c., Chaplain

Fr. Petronius, o. c., Assist. Chaplain.

Cawnpore. — (N. W. Provinces.)

Rev. Fr. Seraphin, o. c., Chaplain.

Lucknow. — (Oudh.)

Very Rev. Fr. Lewis, o. c., in charge of the Civil station and Convent.

Rev. Fr. Victor, o. c., Chaplain.

Seetapore. — (Oudh.)

Very Rev. Fr. Philip, o. c., Chaplain.

Fyzabad. — (Oudh.)

Rev. C. Boccacci, s. f., Chaplain.

Bangor. — (Central Provinces.)

Very Rev. Fr. Raphael, o. c., Chaplain.

Nowgong. — (N. W. Provinces.)

Rev. J. Russ, s. f., Chaplain.

Thanaia. — (N. W. Provinces.)

Rev. Fr. Sebastian, o. c., Junior Chaplain.

Banda and Nagode

Are visited once a month by Rev. Fr. Kim.

RAILWAY STATIONS.

Bhangulpore.—(Bengal.)
Rev. Fr. Vincent, S. C., Curate.

Jamshpore, Monghyr and Sahibganj
Are visited by the Bishop of Bhangulpore.

Purneah.—(Bengal.)
Rev. Fr. Melchior, S. C., Curate.

EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS.

Bankipore.—*St. Joseph's Convent.*
Very Rev Fr. Peter Paul, S. C., Curate,
Patna Cathedral, and Chaplain to the
Nuns

Lady Superior—Mrs Salecia Remier.

Coorjee.—*Orphanage.*
Very Rev Fr. Benedict, S. C., Rector

Darjeeling.—*Loretto Convent*
Very Rev Fr. Accursius, S. C., Chaplain,
Lady Superior—Mrs M. Joseph Hogan

Allahabad.—*St. Mary's Convent—Papamow.*
Very Rev Father Sebastian, S. C., senior,
Chaplain

Lady Superior—Mrs M. Angela Hoffman.

Allahabad.—*Convent des Sœurs de l'Immaculée*
Under the direction of the Nuns of St.
Mary's Convent.
Lady Superintendent.—Sister Elise.

Allahabad.—*St. Joseph's Seminary*
Established 15th September 1878
Very Rev Fr. Lewis, S. C., Principal.
Rev. Fr. Petronax, S. C., Vice-Rector.

Lucknow.—*Loretto House.*
Very Rev Fr. Lewis, S. C., Chaplain
Lady Superior—Rev Mother Louise.

NATIVE MISSIONS

Bettiah.
Rev Fr. Lewis, S. C., Curate
Lady Superior of the Convent—Rev Mother
Rosalia of the Institute of St. Mary

Chooria.
Rev Fr. Alexander, S. C., Curate
Bhopal.
Rev Father Norbert, S. C., Curate.

At Bettiah there are two Orphanages, one for boys, and the other for girls. A Convent also has been established here for Native girls, and is under the management of the Nuns from St. Mary's Convent, Allahabad. At Chooria there is an Orphanage for boys.

VICARIATE APOSTOLIC OF EASTERN BENGAL

The Very Rev Fr. CUTHBERT DOWNEY, S. B., Pro Vicar Apostolic of Eastern
Bengal Residence, Dacca

Dacca.
Rev A. Marmorton
Bandora.
(Post town, Nabobgunge, Dacca)
Rev A. M. Fourmond
Teomiliah.
(Post town, Kalligunge, Dacca)
Rev B. Roche

Noakhally and Tipperah.
Rev Aidan Macdonald, S. B.
Rev. Bede Birchby, S. B.
Chittagang.
Rev Massimino Saccheri, S. B.
Rev Wolstan Parkes, S. B.

PREFECTURE APOSTOLIC OF CENTRAL BENGAL.

Established in June 1870

Very Rev. Father ANTONIO MARINETTI, Prefect Apostolic of Central
Bengal Residence, Jessore.

Berhampore.
Rev. L. DeConti, Vice Prefect Apostolic
Kishnagur.
Rev. J. B. Scotti
Fookhary.
Rev B. Pensotti.

Jessore.
Rev P. Bertoldi and Rev F. Marini
Kocher.
Rev. A. Gammignani
Asman.
Rev. J. Brog.

On leave to Europe.
Rev. A. Giuliani.

VICARIATE APOSTOLIC OF BOMBAY AND POONA.

Established about the year 1890.

Right Rev. Dr. LEO MARIEL MEURIN, S. J., Bishop of Assisi, in p. 1,
Vicar Apostolic of Bombay, and Administrator Apostolic of Poona.
Residence, Bombay. Fort Chapel.

Bombay.

Fort Chapel.

- Rev. J. G. Wildmann, S. J., Secretary to the Bishop
" C. Co. ke, S. J., Chaplain, Secretary to the Widows' Home, and Editor Bombay Catholic Examiner
" N. Clarke, Assistant Secretary, and Editor India Catholics, and Superintendent of the Press.

Cathedral

- Rev. N. Pagani, S. J., Vicar
" Th. Hauser, S. J., Assistant Vicar.
" M. Gomes, S. J.
" M. Fonseca, S. J.

St. Xavier's College

- Very Rev. H. Dahing, S. J., Spiritual Superior of the Mission.
Rev. H. Depelchin, S. J., Rector and Professor of Theology
" J. Martin, S. J., Minister and Treasurer.
" R. Rive, S. J., Prefect of Studies
" J. Brunner, S. J., Director of the Seminary.
" G. Hertzheim, S. J., Professor of Latin.
" J. Hamilton, S. J., Prefect, and Professor of English
" H. B. Chump, S. J., Professor of Philosophy
" J. Willy, S. J., Professor of History and Latin
" C. Drake, S. J., Professor of English Literature.

- Rev. C. Lindmann, S. J., Professor of Natural Philosophy.
" P. Dreckman, S. J., Professor.
" K. Hahn, S. J., Professor
" H. Schumacher, S. J., Professor.
" R. Fisher, S. J., Professor
" O. Ehrle, S. J., Professor.
" U. Stein, S. J., Professor

Girgaum.

- Rev. Jerome Pereira, S. J.

Colaba.

- Rev. E. Predeck, S. J., Chaplain.

Maragon.

- Rev. B. de Souza, S. J.

- " A. de Quadros, S. J.

Comercary.

- Rev. J. de Mello, S. J.

St. Mary's Institution.

- Rev. B. Hatley, S. J., Superior, Vicar-General

- Rev. J. Kunzler, S. J., Professor

- " W. Althoff, S. J., Professor

- Rev. A. Jacques, S. J., Procurator

- " H. J. Neunuller, S. J., Professor.

- " G. Miller, S. J., Professor

- " P. Schmitt, Professor

- " A. Gavar, S. J., Prefect and Professor.

St. Anne's Chapel.

- Rev. J. E. Silva, S. J., Chaplain.

Lower Mahim.

- Rev. Maurelio d'Esper Santo.

SALSETTE.

Bandra.

- Rev. Th. Dahloff, S. J., Superior, Bandora
Orphanage
" D. Lea, S. J.
" W. Durach, S. J., Minister and Procurator
" B. Kluge, S. J.

Juvel.

Maha.

- Rev. B. Pace, S. J.

- Rev. A. D'Mello, S. J.

Candolim.

- Rev. A. D'Oliveira, S. J.

Ouleam.

- Rev. F. Rodriguez, S. J.

POONA.

Poona.

- Rev. A. Lieter, S. J., Chaplain.
Poona Bazar.
Rev. A. Martin, S. J., Principal.
" E. Ustari, S. J., Professor
" J. Goldsmith, S. J., Prof. scr.
" T. Hillenkamp, S. J., Professor.
" J. Bischoff, S. J.

Lanowlee and Sholavora.

- Rev. A. De Monte, S. J., Railway Chaplain.

Kirkee.

- Rev. P. Davis, S. J.

Ahmednagar.

- Rev. G. Weniger, S. J., Chaplain.

Deccan.

- Rev. G. T. Bridges, S. J., Chaplain.

- " J. Serassat, S. J., Assistant Chaplain.

Satara.

- Rev. D. Pereira, S. J.

Dharwar.

- Rev. Th. Gallo.

KARNATAKA.

Rev. J. Nuekel, S. J., Chaplain.
" C Piscalar, S. J., Assistant Chaplain.
" J. Fousaca, S. J.

GOINDE.

Hyderabad and Bangalore.
Rev. C. Peters, S. J., Chaplain.

GUZERAT.

Surat.
Rev M Depenha, S. J., Railway Chaplain.
Ahmedabad.
Rev P. Oliveira, S. J., Chaplain.
Deesa and Mount Abu.
Rev P. Salinger, S. J., Chaplain.
Bhoj.
Rev J. J. D'Silva, S. J.

KHARDESH.

Malgum.
Rev. E. A. D'Aguiar, S. J.
Dahod.
Rev W. Adams, S. J., Military Chaplain.
Bhamburda.
Rev. J. Robert, S. J., Railway Chaplain.
Bhoswal.
Rev H. Geron, S. J., Railway Chaplain.

PRIESTS SUBJECT TO THE ARCHBISHOP OF GOA

The Very Rev D M. GOMES, Vicar-General, Superior of the Northern Missions.

Residence, Tanna

Bombay.

Rev ——— Vicar, Church of our Lady of Gloria Managon
" J A de Souza, Assistant Vicar, Ditto
" A F Soares, Vicar Church of Our Lady of Health Cavel
" A A Lobo Vicar St Francis Xavier's Church Dubool
" A M de Fima Assistant Vicar, St. Francis Xavier's Church Dubool
" A de Costa Chaplain, St Francis Xavier's Colaba
" F Fernandes Vicar, Church of Our Lady of Salvation, Lower Mahim and in charge of the Chapel of Our Lady of Dolours, Matcoonga.
" J C Pereira, Assistant Vicar, Church of Our Lady of Salvation, Lower Mahim
" F A Figueredo, 2nd Assistant, Ditto.
" D F Rodrigues, Vicar Church of St Michael, Upper Mahim, and in charge of Chapel of Our Lady of Good Counsel, Sion
" G F de Silva, unattached.

Salsette.

Rev N deSilva, Vicar, Church of St Andrew, Bandora
" J. B de Souza, Assistant Vicar, Ditto.
" ——— Chaplain, Church of St. Anne's, Xelalee
" E M. de Souza, unattached.
" I. A. Pereira, unattached.
" P. A. V de Souza, Vicar Church of St. John the Baptist, Tanna, and in charge Chapels of Our Lady of Hope, Gernial, and of Our Lady of Mercies
" E. F. de Oliveira, Vicar, Church of the Holy Cross, Ochoa.

Rev J V de Souza, Vicar, Church of St. John the Evangelist Condelee, and in charge Church of the Blessed Trinity, Poovent
" E F Xavier, Vicar, Church of St. Plase, Ambolce, and in charge Church of St. Thomas, Paradee.
" J A Siqueira, Vicar, Church of St. Francis Xavier Parla.
" J C Fernandes Vicar, Church of Our Lady of Egypt, Koles Cahan, and in charge Chapel of Our Lady of Health Sahr
" S A Duarte Vicar Church of St. Anthony, Mahe and in charge Church of St. Sebastian, Marolee.
" O C Baptista, Vicar, Church of Our Lady of Health, Versova, and in charge Church of Our Lady of the Sea and Chapel of St. Boudventure, Arungal
" R H Baryttis, Vicar, Church of St. Anthony Malwun
" D F Gomes
" T. J. Ferreira, Vicar, Church of Our Lady of Succour, Manoree.
" N. S de Costa, Vicar, Church of the Holy Kings, Gora.
" A. M. Gomes, Vicar, Church of Our Lady of the Sea, Gerni.
" C. P. de Souza, Vicar, Church of Our Lady of Bethlehem, Dongree.
" G. A. de Siqueira, Vicar, Church of Our Lady of Carmel, Barche, and in charge Church of St. Jerome, Ochoa.
" H. A. de Carvalho, Vicar, Church of Our Lady of Our Lady of Fatima, and in charge Chapel of the Conception of B. V. Mary, Mount Painsur.
" ———
" J. R. Muniz, Vicar, Church of Our Lady of Carra.

- Rev. F. X. de Fonseca, Vicar, Church of Our Lady of Grace, Pargoe.
 „ F. X. de Nazareth, Vicar, Church of St. Thomas, Sandans, and Vara of Bassein.
 „ A. J. B. Lobo, Vicar, Church of Our Lady the Mother of God, Pallee.
 „ J. J. Pinto, Vicar, Church of our Lady of Mercies.
 „ D. C. S. Pinto, Vicar, Church of St. Michael, Manickpoor.
 „ D. A. Lobo, Vicar, Church of St. James the Greater, Agases.
 „ C. V. Borges, Vicar, Church of the Holy Ghost, Copiad.
- Rev. S. J. D. Faria, Vicar, Church of the Holy Cross, Nirmul.
 „ D. A. Dias, Vicar, Church of the Mother of God, Alfbeg, and in charge Church of our Lady of Carmel, Chewl.
 „ A. F. deCarvalho, Vicar, Church of Our Lady of the Rosary, Tarapoor, and in charge Church of our Lady of Dolours, Dhanoo.
 „ G. R. Rodrigues, Vicar, Church of the Purification of the B. V. Mary, Oorum.
 „ D. T. D. deSouza, Vicar, Church of the Holy Cross on Calvary, Matheran.

VICARIATE APOSTOLIC OF MADRAS.

Erected 3rd July 1832, and confirmed 25th April 1834.

The Right Rev. Dr. STEPHEN FENNELLY, Bishop of Thermopylae, in p. i.
 Vicar Apostolic of Madras. *Residence, Madras*

- | | |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------|
| Madras. | Kitcherry. |
| Very Rev. J. Colgan, Vicar-General. | Rev. J. M. Le Roux. |
| Rev. E. Lee. | „ J. Balanader. |
| „ H. E. Conley | „ S. Suniah Nader. |
| „ E. H. DeSilva. | „ S. D. Sawmy Nader. |
| Royanoorum. | Pannoor. |
| Rev. F. Gnansapragasa Nader. | Rev. E. M. Angelo. |
| „ T. A. Dorasawmy Nader. | Arcot. |
| Venery. | Rev. R. M. Baretto. |
| Rev. H. E. Hennessy. | „ J. B. J. D'Souza. |
| Poodooppet. | Nellore. |
| Rev. F. Arokia Nader. | Rev. C. R. Mitchell. |
| St. Thome. | Peringhipooram. |
| Rev. H. O'Neill. | Rev. P. Kennedy. |
| Saint Thomas' Mount. | „ D. J. Forbes. |
| Rev. D. Forde. | „ John Sabbe. |
| „ F. E. Ryan. | „ Joseph Grand. |
| Palaveram. | „ Theodore Deickmann. |
| Rev. J. Eyels. | Bellary. |
| Poonamallee. | Rev. P. Doyle. |
| Rev. J. D. Doyle. | „ J. Fitzpatrick. |
| | „ P. Ruthna Nader. |
| | Poloor. |
| | Rev. S. Savary Nader. |

PRIESTS SUBJECT TO THE ARCHBISHOP OF GOA.

The Very Rev. B. F. AMARANTE, Vicar-General, *Residence, St. Thomé.*

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|--|---|
| St. Thome. | Madras. |
| Rev. J. B. Gon-alves, acting Prior, Cathedral. | Rev. F. X. Pooniah, Vicar, Church of the Sacred Heart of Jesus, Poodooppet. |
| „ C. V. D'Rosario, Vicar, Madre Deos Church, and in charge St. Lazarus' Church and that at Descance. | „ N. F. DeMello, Vicar, St. John's Church, Black Town. |
| „ J. T. Fernandez, Vicar, Church at Luz. | „ J. L. dos Reis, Vicar, Church of B. V. M. of Assumption, Big Paracherry. |
| „ J. B. Gon-salves, Rector of the Seminary at St. Thomé, and in charge St. Rita's Church. | „ S. M. Sequiera, Vicar, Church of B. V. M. of Refuge, Black Town. |
| „ M. A. Pinto, Chorister, Cathedral. | |

Rev. C. F. Fernandez, Vicar, St. Anthony's Church, Royapooram.

Environs of Madras.

Rev. A. S. D. deAndrade, Vicar, Church at Poonamallee.

Rev. F. R. A. D'Souza, Vicar, Churches at St. Thomas' Mount and Palaveram.

„ B. E. Faleiro, Vicar, Church at Covelong.

„ S. S. A. E. S. Andrade, Vicar, Church at Policat.

„ M. F. X. Alberto, Vicar, and Missionary at Cooum.

Out Stations.

Rev. L. F. S. Pereira, Vicar, Church at Tranquebar.

„ F. F. R. dos Santos Dias, Vicar, Church at Negapatam.

„ J. A. d'Andrade, acting Vicar, Church at Valangany.

„ Geo. Bando, Vicar, Mangacoopum.

„ G. J. Dias, Vicar, Ayampattah.

„ A. V. de Attaide, Vicar, Church at Connocupum.

„ J. A. Andrade, Superior of the Tanjore Mission.

„ G. L. D'Costa and F. Fernandez, Assistants ditto ditto.

„ S. H. Tavares, Superior of Trichinopoly.

VICARIATE APOSTOLIC OF MYSORE.

Erected in 1850.

BANGALORE.

Catholic Cathedral—Choolay.

The Right Rev. Dr. J. A. CHEVALIER, Bishop of Hieropolis, &c. p. l.

Vicar Apostolic of Mysore. *Residence, Bangalore.*

The Very Rev. J. Condou, Pro-Vicar Apostolic, Chaplain to the Nizam.

Rev. C. Combal, Procurator.

E. Gasnier, Military Chaplain.

St. Francis Xavier's—St. John's Hill.

Rev. M. Clemet, Superior of the College.

„ H. Lefebvre, Assistant Military Chaplain.

Rev. Maisanader (Native.)

Ballapooram.

Rev. J. Pair (Native.)

Kamanapally.

Rev. F. P. Bouquet.

The Very Rev. F. Jarrige, Pro-vicar & Rev. Baslé, Superior of the Ecclesiastical Seminary.

Rev. -- Barolle, Director of the Press.

„ M. Vissac, Professor in the College.

St. Mary's Chapel—Blackpally.

Rev. L. E. Kleiner.

„ Shantah Nader (Native.)

St. Joseph's—Fort Chapel.

Rev. A. de Kerizouët.

„ S. Beart.

„ P. Munier (Native.)

Veerajenderpett.

Rev. P. Janssoone.

Meroara

Rev. V. Jacquemin.

OUT STATIONS.

Shumooga.

Rev. J. Rappart.

„ B. Barrie.

Ganjam.

Rev. David D'Souza (Native.)

Mysore.

Rev. F. Nevon.

Satthally.

Rev. A. F. Gerbier.

„ M. Combret.

Madagondapally.

Rev. B. Noronha (Native.)

Manantoddy (Wynaad.)

Rev. J. M. Noronha (Native.)

Goodaloor (Wynaad.)

Rev. A. Rantureau

VICARIATE APOSTOLIC OF MADURA.

Erected in 1846.

TRICHINOPOLY.

The Right Rev. Dr. F. ALEXIS CANOZ, S. J., Bishop of Tanassum, &c. &c.,

Vicar Apostolic of Madura. *Residence, Trichinopoly.*

Rev. L. D'Arango, S. J.	Oonoor, viâ Pudocottah.
" A. Abren, S. J.	St. Joseph's College, Negapatam.
" A. Bachelard, S. J.	Palamcottah.
" L. Barbier, S. J.	Trichinopoly.
" C. Bedin, S. J.	Sarogancee, viâ Madura, Shevagungah.
" F. X. Bangaroo, S. J.	Negapatam.
" R. Berne, S. J.	Sooranum, Sarogancee, viâ Madura, Shev-
	gungah.
" S. Basset, S. J.	Poolial.
" H. Blanc, S. J.	Sooseyperpatam, Sarogancee, viâ Madura,
	Shevagungah.
" F. Boyer, S. J.	Manargoody.
" A. Bruni, S. J.	Tanjore.
" F. Buisson, S. J.	Adikalapuram, viâ Collputam.
" B. Burthey, S. J.	Maleiadiputty viâ Manaparey.
" F. Cabos, S. J.	Trichinopoly.
" C. Centres, S. J.	St. Joseph's College, Negapatam.
" F. Cortes, S. J.	Puttocottah.
" J. B. Darrientort, S. J.	Sarogancee, viâ Madura, Shevagungah.
" C. Dairia Nader, S. J.	Tuticorin.
" V. Delpech, S. J.	Vadakencoulam, Palamcottah.
" L. Delcol, S. J.	
" J. Dupuy, S. J.	Trichinopoly.
" T. Eyraud, S. J.	
" J. Fasmille, S. J.	St. Joseph's College, Negapatam.
" E. Favreux, S. J.	Trichinopoly.
" R. Fernandez, S. J.	Obary, Palamcottah.
" F. Ford, S. J.	St. Joseph's College, Negapatam.
" T. Ginge, S. J.	Avoor, Trichinopoly.
" D. Guichen, S. J.	Anakery, Palamcottah.
" G. Haller, S. J.	Calladitidel, Sarogancee, viâ Madura, Sheva-
	gungah.
" T. E. Hurlin, S. J.	Ideicaloor, Madura.
" A. Jean, S. J.	
" F. Joyce, S. J.	St. Joseph's College, Negapatam.
" P. Lobarthere, S. J.	Madura.
" S. Laporte, S. J.	Ramnad.
" J. Larmey, S. J.	Kamanaynapatty, Palamcottah.
" S. Laurent, S. J.	Manipaud, viâ Colasagarapatam.
" P. Moccuti, S. J.	
" J. Morel, S. J.	Negapatam.
" M. Michael, S. J.	Panchanipatty, Dindigul.
" B. Pelissie, S. J.	
" A. Pinsolle, S. J.	Trichinopoly.
" G. Pouget, S. J.	Tuticorin.
" A. Poulence, S. J.	Vallum.
" F. Rupatel, S. J.	Trichinopoly.
" P. Rayapper, S. J.	Puanicoll, Tuticorin.
" D. DeRibains, S. J.	Trichinopoly.
" C. Rodriguez, S. J.	Virapandiapatam, Tuticorin.
" C. Rodriguez, S. J.	Manipaud, viâ Colasagarapatam.
" H. DeRochely, S. J.	St. Joseph's College, Negapatam.
" P. Rottari, S. J.	Palamcottah.
" L. Saint Cui, S. J.	Dindigul.
" F. Saveriar, S. J.	Dindigul.

Return not received.

Rev. F. Selvam, S. J.	St. Joseph's College, Negapatam.
" T. Silcovel, S. J.	Trichinopoly.
" L. Tassia, S. J.	St. Joseph's College, Negapatam.
" T. B. Trinca, S. J.	Virdoopetty.
" H. Vales, S. J.	Sarogane, via Madura, Shevavungah.
" L. Verdier, S. J.	Tuticorin.

PRIESTS SUBJECT TO THE ARCHBISHOP OF GOA.*

Belonging to St. THOME. *Vide* Vicariate Apostolic of Madras.

BELONGING TO CHANGANORE AND COCHIN.

Trichinopoly.	(Vaiapar.
Rev. S. H. Tavares, Vicar.	Rev. ———
Awoor.	Tutococorin.
Rev. J. B. Mendez.	Rev. S. Mascarenas.
Maleiadipetty.	Puniceol.
Rev. Joachim Antonio Gracia.	Rev. M. C. Coelho.
Orioor.	Manipand.
Rev. R. Rodrigues.	Rev. E. R. Pinto.
Muthoopettah.	Rev. — Parros.
Rev. E. Norona.	Dindigul and Madura.
	Rev. T. Gracia.

VICARIATE APOSTOLIC OF VERAPOLY.

Erected in December 1659.

The Most Rev. Dr. LEONARD MELLANO of St. Louis, O. D. C., Archbishop of Nicomedia and Vicar Apostolic of Malabar, elected co-adjutor to Mgr. Bernardino Bacinelli of St. Teresa, O. D. C. Archbishop of Pharsalia, *in p. t.*, and Vicar Apostolic of Malabar, with the right of succession by the Propaganda on the 5th of July 1868; confirmed by the Holy See on the 24th of the same month; proclaimed in the Consistory of 24th September following, as Bishop of Olympus, *in p. t.*, consecrated at Verapoly, 15th November 1868.—*Residence, Magnamney, post town Cochin.*

MISSIONARIES.

Coenemaw.	Chattiaih.
Very Rev. Father Phillip of St. Joseph, D. C., M. A., Vicar General and Superior of all the Convents in the Vicariate.	Rev. Father Joseph Elias of the S. H. of Jesus, D. C., M. A., Vicar and Inspector of Schools of Christian Doctrine.
Puthampally.	Verapoly.
Rev. Father Marcellene of St. Teresa, D. C., M. A., Rector of the Latin and Syrian Apostolic Seminary, and Rev. Father Celestine of the Cross, D. C., M. A., Assistant Rector.	Rev. Father Camillus of the Presentation, D. C., M. A.
Cochin.	Magnamney.
Rev. Father Cherubin of St. Louis, D. C., M. A., Vicar.	Rev. Father Candidus of the S. H. of Mary, D. C., M. A., Superior of the Latin Convent.

There are in the Vicariate two English schools attended by 400 children, and 291 vernacular schools attached to the Parish Churches, in which many thousands of children are receiving education proportionate to their wants.

The Catholic population is divided into two classes, the Catholics of Latin rite, 80,000 in number; and the Catholics of Syrian rite, 210,000. Grand total of Catholic population, 290,000 souls.

Churches appropriated for Divine Service are 196, besides 33 Chapels. Native Priests of the Latin rite 37, Seminarists 24, Native priests of the Syrian rite 397, Seminarists 124.

At a small distance from Verapoly on a hillcock called Magnamney, adjoining the Archbishop's residence, a Convent for native Carmelites of the Latin rite, was established in 1874; at present there are 3 Priests, 17 Novices, and 4 Lay brothers.

* Return not required.

Latest 6 Convents for native Carmelites of the Syrian rite have been established and number 30 Priests, 39 Novices, and 22 Lay brothers; their principal establishment is at Coonemaw, and Magumey near Verapoly, where the Noviciates of the Society are established.

Besides the Convents for Native monks, there are two Convents for Nuns of the same order; the one at Cochin where 6 East Indian Nuns teach 86 girls, and attached to it is a Malayalam school attended by 40 native girls; and the other at Valuley near Coonemaw, where 8 Malabarese nuns, 4 Novices and 4 Lay sisters, keep a boarding school and bring up girls of their nationality.

There are also 5 Catechumenates and 4 Printing establishments in this Mission, where many classical and pious books both in Syriac and Malayalam are published for the use of Catholics.

VICARIATE APOSTOLIC OF QUILON.

The Right Rev. Dr. F. ILDEPHONSUS, of St. JOHN BAPTIST, Dis. Car., Bishop of Amzon, in p. i., Vicar Apostolic of Quilon. *Residence, Quilon.*

Trevandrum.
Rev. F. Antoninus of Holy Trinity.
" F. Engilina, D. C., M. A.
Maualikare.
Rev. F. Thomas (Syrian.)
Aibioca.
Rev. F. Petrus DeRosario, Latin.
Callitote.
Rev. F. John (Syrian)
Callaray.
Rev. F. Hyacinth D'Oruz, Latin.
Quilon (Tuyeth.)
The Right Rev. Dr. Michael Antony, of St. Aloysius, Bishop of Mennith.
Rev. F. Colombino, D. C., M. A.
Very Rev. F. Ambrose, of St. John of the Cross, D. C., M. A., Vicar General.
Rev. F. Gomes (Latin)
Tangacherry.
Rev. F. Thomas, of the Sacred Heart of Jesus, D. C., M. A. Superior of the Convent.
" F. Prosper, of the Blessed Sacrament, D. C., M. A.
" F. Augustine, Chiavazza, M. A.
" F. John Gonsalves (Latin.)
" F. Joseph Mary Fernandes (Latin.)
" F. Francis Xavier (Latin.)
Toap.
Rev. F. George (Syrian.)
" F. Joseph (Syrian.)

Erebooram.
Rev. F. Peter (Latin.)
Mamvully.
Rev. F. Eliseus D'Rozaria (Latin.)
Aujengo.
Rev. F. Isidore, D. C., M. A.
Poodocoruchy.
Rev. F. Emmanuel de Pietade (Latin.)
Vengotto.
Rev. F. Ferdinandus, D. C., M. A.
Moolaguemoodi.
Rev. F. Augustine, of Saint Teresa, D. C., M. A.
" F. Eugenius Verleure, M. A.
Carangotto.
Rev. F. Elias, D. C., M. A.
Cottaur.
Rev. F. Joseph Andrew, D. C., M. A.
" F. Elias, D. C., M. A., and Rev. Augustine Chiavazza, M. A.
Enneyan.
Rev. F. Bernardinus, D. C., M. A.
" F. Francis Miranda (Latin)
Colachell.
Rev. F. Victor, D. C., M. A.
" F. Norbertus (Latin.)
Pullestop.
Rev. F. John Cavalleri, M. A.
Footentorray.
Rev. F. Franciscus, D. C., M. A.
Cape Coporino.
Rev. F. Gregory, of St Gertrude, D. C., M. D.

VICARIATE APOSTOLIC OF MANGALORE.

Fr. PAUL JOSEPH, Delegate Administrator of the Vicariate Apostolic of Mangalore. *Residence, Teppoo—near Mangalore.*

Mangalore.
Rev. Fr. Victor, Manager of Schools and Chaplain of Convents.
" Fr. Fernandez, Vicar of the Cathedral.
" Fr. Theodorus, Assistant Priest, ditto.
" Fr. Alexander, Vicar of the *Milagres Church.*
" Fr. T. Abreo, Assistant Priest, ditto.
Rev. Fr. Ladislus, Chaplain of Codaiboli.
Teppoo Seminary.
Rev. Fr. Gratian, Superior.
Ullala.
Rev. Fr. T. Rebello, Vicar.

Urwa.
Rev. Fr. Rebello, Vicar.
Buntwal.
Rev. Fr. A. T. Coelho, Vicar.
Unissoor.
Rev. Fr. M. Coelho, Vicar.
Pootoor.
Rev. Fr. A. D'Souza, Vicar.
Pesar.
Rev. Fr. T. Luis Custodia, Vicar.
Bidren and Geddal.
Rev. Fr. C. Rebello, Vicar.
Moolky and Gazziny.
Rev. Fr. D. Tellis, Vicar.
Chiampoor.
Rev. Fr. Caetano Lobo, Vicar.

Sirram.
Rev. Fr. L. Noronha, Vicar.
Karkol.
Rev. Fr. John of the Cross, Vicar.
Condapoor and Gangala.
Rev. Fr. P. Andrade, Vicar.
Tonkerry.
Rev. Fr. L. Fernandez, Vicar.
Carwar.
Rev. Fr. T. Coelho, Vicar.
Cannanore.
Rev. Fr. Luis Mary, Vicar.
„ Fr. Dominicus, Assistant Priest.
Calicut.
Rev. Fr. Alphonsus, Vicar.
Tellicherry and Mahe.
Rev. Fr. M. Monteiro.

VICARIATE APOSTOLIC OF PONDICHERRY.

ERECTED 8TH JULY 1836.

The Right Rev. DR. FRANCIS JEAN MARIE GAOUENAN, Bishop of Flaviopolis
in p. t., Vicar Apostolic of Pondicherry. Residence, Pondicherry.

Pondicherry.
Very Rev. D. Ligeon, Pro-Vicar, Curé.
Rev. P. Gouyon, Procurator of the Mission.
„ J. Bergez, Director of the Press.
„ L. Renevier.
„ David Nader.
„ Moothoosamy Nader.
„ Sandoo Nader.
„ Marisavery Nader.
Theological Seminary.
Rev. A. Prieur.
Petit Seminaire.
Rev. J. Henry, Superior.
„ L. M. Monnet
„ J. P. Bally.
„ L. J. Beauté
„ Tiroochelva Nader } Professors.
„ Anna Aloysius Nader
„ Rutina Nader.
„ Saveri Nader.
Colonial College.
Vacant, Principal. Messrs. D.
Borderam, M. Verdier, M.
Seegmuller, J. M. Carrame, } Professors.
P. M. Fleury, O'Kelly and
Bayound.

Karical.
Rev. J. M. Giraud, Curé.
„ H. Joiret.
„ I. Barbe, Superior of the College.
„ J. M. Barralon, Professor.
Coorombagaram.
Rev. J. Valat.
Congoovally.
Rev. J. Gandy.
Velluntangul.
Rev. Fr. Darras.
Salom.
Rev. B. Brisard.
„ I. C. Vankee.

Akkravaram.
Toloorpatty.
Rev. A. Maesa.
Yercaud.
Rev. A. Odet.
Coviloor, Darampoory.
Rev. F. Thirion.
Caviloor, Tripatore.
Rev. C. Bard.
Vellore.
Rev. Y. Bacon.
„ A. Bander.
Cuddalore.
Rev. J. Eyssedre.
Manjaoseepum.
Rev. A. Tarbes.
„ Michael Nader.
Ayampettah.
Rev. ———.
Combaconum.
Rev. Thomas Nader.
„ Aloysius Nader.
„ Mariapragasa Nader.
Tanjoubar.
Rev. G. Daugeront.
Mayaveram.
Rev. Lazare.
„ Lewis.
„ Asirvada Nader.
Candamungalum.
Rev. J. Micuain.
„ R. Poinault.
Viargaloor.
Rev. A. Bastien.
Vadugerpatty.
Rev. J. B. Faure.
Pratacoedy.
Rev. H. Thibata.
„ A. Barralon.

Cottapattam.
 Rev. F. Dupas.
Pazhavalatherry.
 Rev. M. Amourds Nader.
Paleam.
 Rev. A. S. Bore.
Caroovapoomdy.
 Rev. Abraham Nader.
Maranam.
 Rev. Antoni Nader.
Colanoor.
 Rev. A. Lep.
Virayoor.
 Rev. J. M. Bardoul.
 „ S. Feron.

Attappalam.
 Rev. T. Verdier.
 „ Soucmaria Nader.
Wangalore.
 Rev. Aroulmaria Nader.
 „ Arokia Nader.
Mugoor.
 Rev. Sinnapa Nader.
Tennoor.
 Rev. J. Nicolas.
Panicanocoppam.
 Rev. Rayappa Nader.
Alady.
 Rev. I. Fourcade.

PREFECTURE APOSTOLIC OF PONDICHERRY.

Very Rev. P. BRUNIE, Prefect Apostolic of French Possessions in India.
Residence, Pondicherry.

Pondicherry.
 Rev. A. T. Denis, 1st Vicar.
 „ T. M. Delassins, 2nd Vicar.
Yanam.
 Rev. P. Delsavil, Curate.

Mahe.
 Rev. P. M. Monteiro, Curate.
Chanderuagore.
 Rev. Father Stoffel, Curate.
 „ „ Lynch, Assistant.

VICARIATE APOSTOLIC OF COIMBATORE.

Erected in 1850.

The Right Rev. Dr. JOSEPH LOUIS BARDOU, Bishop of Felmess, in p. i.,
 Vicar Apostolic of Coimbatore. *Residence, Coimbatore.*

Very Rev. L. DeGelis, Pro-Vicar and Superior of Seminary—(Coimbatore.)

Coimbatore.
 Rev. S. Pageault, Procurator.
 „ A. Lemarchand, Parochus.
 „ N. Roudy, Vicar.
 „ Xaveri Nader.
Coonoor.
 Rev. J. L. Ravel.
Wellington.
 Rev. J. McCarron, Chaplain.
Ootacamund.
 Rev. F. Triquet.
 „ C. Biolley.
 „ P. Joubert.
Carnattamatty, (Vid Theroopoor.)
 Rev. J. D. Peyramalle.
Codivelly, (Near Sattiamangalam.)
 Rev. A. Berthon.

Shinnappallum (Vid Erode)
 Rev. C. Villien.
Menthour (Vid Erode.)
 Rev. H. Berouille.
Dharapooram.
 Rev. H. Lefeuve.
 „ Gnappragama, Nader.
Palghat.
 Rev. L. M. Gindreau.
Shittoor.
 Rev. J. M. Blanchard.
Atticoodeo.
 Rev. J. M. Pettier.
Eritchambady.
 Rev. Antoni Nader.
Vadacanooherry.
 Rev. Rayappa Nader.

VICARIATE APOSTOLIC OF HYDERABAD.

Erected 20th May 1851.

The Right Rev. Dr. JOHN MARY DOMINIC BARBERO, Bishop of Dolishe, in p. i.,
 Vicar Apostolic of Hyderabad. *Residence, Trimulgherry.*

Secunderabad.
 Rev. V. Bigi, C. o.
 „ S. Alberti.
 „ P. Murphy.
Trimulgherry.
 Rev. F. Pozzi, C. o.

Hyderabad.
 Rev. P. Carlino, C. o.
 „ Marino Tomasco.
 Very Rev. P. Caprotti, v. o.
 Rev. L. Malberti.
 „ C. Tagliabue.

PRIESTS SUBJECT TO THE ARCHBISHOP OF GOA.

Very Rev. ESTANISLAU P. V. DUSOUZA, *Vigario da Vara de Hyderabad. Residence, Hyderabad.*

Rev. J. M. Pinto.	Secunderabad.	Rev. C. C. Telles.	Kulladghes.
Rev. L. G. Pinto.	Sholapora.	Rev. A. N. d'Almeida.	Bellary.
Rev. A. F. Nunes.	Dharwar.	Rev. E. B. da Cruz.	Ramdroog.

VICARIATE APOSTOLIC OF VIZAGAPATAM.

Erected 8rd April 1850.

The Right Rev. Dr. J. M. TISSOT, Bishop of Milleria, Vicar Apostolic of Vizagapatam.

Rev. P. Richard.	Vizagapatam.	Rev. Mubbouk.	Coonada.
" A. Ricca.			Yanam.
" J. M. Girard.		Rev. B. Deleaval.	Kamptee.
" P. Wall.		Very Rev. J. Thevenet.	
" A. Helvum.		Rev. F. Palmoud.	
" F. Decarre.	Vizianagram.	" A. Souchon.	Nagpore.
Rev. M. V. Doumenge.	Palcondah.	Rev. P. Bozon.	
Revs. F. Avelon and P. M. Payraud.	Sooradah.	" Ch. Pelvat.	
Revs. J. M. Dupont and A. Muffat.	Berhampore.	" J. M. Crochet.	
Rev. J. M. Debornes (<i>in leave to Europe.</i>)	Guttack.	" J. Buttay.	Jubbulpore.
Rev. J. M. Rosat.		Rev. A. Delalex.	
		" Montagueur.	Aurangabad.
		Rev. J. B. Bamstrand.	

VICARIATE APOSTOLIC OF NORTHERN BURMAH.

(Erected in 1870.)

The Right Rev. CHARLES ARSENE BOURDON, Bishop of Dardany, in p. 4, and Vicar Apostolic of Northern Burmah. *Residence, Mandalay.*

Very Rev. Augustus Lecomte, Pro-Vicar.	Bhamo.	Rev. Ferdinand Andreino.	Khiamthayoa.
Rev. Claudius Cadoux.	Mandalay.	Rev. F. D'Isola.	Manala.
Rev. Achilles Duhaud, Curate.		Rev. Lewis Bist.	Nabak.
" Emily Ferret, Rector of the College.		Rev. Joseph Faure.	Khioungou.
" John Joseph Lyet.			

At Mandalay there are a Convent and an Orphanage under the Superintendence of eight Sisters of St. Joseph of the Apparition.

VICARIATE APOSTOLIC OF SOUTHERN BURMAH.

(Erected in 1722.)

The Right Rev. P. A. BIGANDET, Bishop of Rangoon, in p. 4, and Vicar Apostolic of Southern Burmah. *Residence, Rangoon.*

Rev. L. N. Bernard, Pro-Vicar and Military Chaplain.	Rangoon.	Rev. S. Soumitra.	Khyatagwins and Chitabon.
" J. L. le Reveur.		Rev. A. E. Guerin.	Moulmein.
" H. Baert.		" J. Zahn.	

Tavoy and Margu.
 Rev. F. M. T. Cherbonnier.
Mayokha.
 Rev. J. B. Tardivel.
Bassain.
 Rev. F. D'Cruz.
Thayetmye.
 Rev. L. C. Petit, Military Chaplain.
 " J. Gandon.
Kanotsagon.
 Rev. P. Bertrand.

Miaongmya.
 Rev. D. Tarolli.
 " R. Cartreau.
Thigan-aing.
 Rev. J. R. Naude Theil.
 " Moses.
Houpho.
 Rev. J. B. Bringau.
Taleinda.
 Rev. B. L. Devos.
Thonzay.
 Rev. S. Fakin.

PREFECTURE APOSTOLIC OF EASTERN BURMAH.

The Very Rev. E. BIFFI, Prefect Apostolic. *Residence, Tounghoo.*

Toungoo.
 Rev. G. Conti, Military Chaplain.
 " E. McCormick.
 " T. Conti *temporarily in Europe*
 " R. Thorneycroft. (Among the Karens)
 " F. Adrasti.
Leiktho.
 Rev. A. Celanzi
Catechist.—F. Gorlor.
Yeecharpoo.
Catechist.—P. Nasuelli.

VICARIATE APOSTOLIC OF JAFFNA.

The Right Rev. Dr. CHRISTOPHER BONNIAN, O. M. J., Bishop of Media, in p. i.
 Vicar Apostolic of Jaffna. *Residence, Jaffna.*

DISTRICT OF JAFFNA.

Jaffna.
 Very Rev. D. Pulicani, O. M. J., Vicar General, Director of the Ecclesiastical Seminary and acting Superior.
 Very Rev. F. P. Moukel, O. M. J.
 Rev. L. Mauroit, O. M. J., Procurator.
 " L. M. Keating, O. M. J.
 " L. Pellister, O. M. J., Parish Priest.
 " P. Flanagan, O. M. J., Director of Schools, and of Colombogam Orphanage.
 " E. Ghilini, O. M. J.
Valigamam, East.
 Rev. I. Batayron, O. M. J.
Valigamam, West.
 Rev. A. Rouffiac, O. M. J.
Point Pedro.
 Rev. Y. Lecan, O. M. J.
Mirissaville and Mullaitiru.
 Rev. O. Vedrenne, O. M. J.
Cairns and Islands.
 Rev. F. Gottret, O. M. J.

MANNAR DISTRICT.

Mannar, East.
 Rev. A. St. Geneys, O. M. J.
Mannar, West.
 Rev. B. Gourdon, O. M. J.
Mantotte, South.
 Very Rev. T. Boissieu, O. M. J., Superior.
Mantotte, North, and Vanny.
 Rev. A. Trouchet.

PUTTALAM DISTRICT.

Kalpentin.
 Very Rev. J. Ponsin, O. M. J., Superior.
Puttalam.
 Rev. A. Melizan, O. M. J.
Rev. A. Dinaux, O. M. J.
 " T. Guillou, O. M. J.

CHILAN DISTRICT.

Chilam.
 Very Rev. J. M. Le Loez, O. M. J., Superior.
Maravil.
 Rev. G. Jourdeuil, O. M. J.
Vennagum.
 Rev. C. Chounevel, O. M. J.
 " A. Roux, O. M. J.
Cerisel.
 Rev. F. Ferrard, O. M. J.
Bellefontaine.
 Rev. F. Garcia, O. M. J.
Kummayala.
 Rev. A. B. Duno, O. M. J.

EASTERN DISTRICT.

Trincomalee.

Batticaloa.

Rev. A. Laclan-Pussacq, O. S. B.

Rev. F. Xavier.

VICARIATE APOSTOLIC OF COLOMBO.

The Right Rev. DR. HILANON SILLANI, O. S. B., Bishop of Calinico, *in p. i.*, Vicar
Apostolic of Colombo. *Residence, Cottanchina, Colombo.*

CATHEDRAL.

Colombo.
Rev. S. Tabarrani, O. S. B.
" D. G. Fernando, O. S. B.
" J. L. Ratnayake, O. S. B.
Pettah.
Rev. C. S. B. Fernando, O. S. B.
" C. Pagnani, O. S. B.
Matwal.
Rev. J. Palla, O. S. B.
Grand Pass.
Rev. P. Uari, O. S. B.
New Street.
Rev. T. B. Balanccero, O. S. B.
Aituteuroorke.
Rev. S. Papili, O. S. B.
" H. Tozzi, O. S. B.
" N. Filippi, O. S. B.
Negombo.
Rev. J. Vistarini, O. S. B.
" L. Assaw, O. S. B.
" C. Viani, O. S. B.
" J. Buzzio, O. S. B.

Rev. C. Cardano, O. S. B.
" J. Rossi, O. S. B.
Cina Corla.
Rev. R. Santangelo, O. S. B.
Morottoo.
Rev. B. Berteau, O. S. B.
Kalutara.
Rev. L. Piccinelli, O. S. B.
Shevagamcorle.
Rev. Fr. Sales Vadoolan, O. S. B.
Central Province.
Very Rev. L. Gingeam Abbot, O. S. B.
Rev. B. Baldoni, O. S. B.
" H. Vanderstaaten, O. S. B.
" J. M. Giovani, O. S. B.
" Ph. Dirckze, O. S. B.
" J. A. Mayer, O. S. B.
" H. Massilamany, O. S. B.
" Paul Pereva, O. S. B.
Southern Province.
Rev. A. Bergeretti, O. S. B.

VICARIATE APOSTOLIC OF SIAM.

Erected in 1662.

The Right Rev. JEAN LOUIS VEY, Bishop of Gerasa, Vicar Apostolic of Siam.
Residence, Bangkok.

Bangkok.
Church of the Assumption.
Rev. P. Colombet, M. Ap.
" T. Marin, M. Ap.
Church of the Rosary.
Rev. G. Saladin, M. Ap.
Church of St. Croix.
Rev. G. Lombard, M. Ap.

Church of the Conception.
Very Rev. T. Martin, Pro-Vicar.
Church of St. Xavier.
Rev. A. Dhontt, M. Ap.
" Michael, (Native Priest.)

STATIONS IN THE PROVINCES.

College of S. H. of Jesus.
Rev. P. Rousseau, M. Ap.
Yuthia.

Rev. N. Perraux.
" Pradhomme.
Ban Nok Khuek Vainian.
Rev. Rabardelle, M. Ap.
" Petit, M. Ap.
" Philippe (Native Priest.)

Vat Phlang.
Rev. Joakim (Native Priest.)
Dan Kabuang.
Rev. P. Joseph (Native Priest.)
Nakhon Xaisi.
Rev. A. Andre (Native Priest.)

Petria, Banson.
Rev. Schmitt, M. Ap.
" Tung, M. Ap.
Bamplasi, Muang Phanat.
Rev. Guego, M. Ap.
" P. Grand, M. Ap.
Thakien, Huasamrong.
Rev. Barthel, M. Ap.
Hatsake, Khanlayek.
Rev. Chassot, M. Ap.
Chanthabun.
Rev. Quantin, M. Ap.
Bangkok, M. Ap.
" Desallies, M. Ap.
" T. Simon (Native Priest.)

CATHOLIC CHURCHES IN CALCUTTA AND ITS VICINITY.

CATHEDRAL OF OUR BLESSED LADY OF THE ROSARY.

Built A. D. 1797, and consecrated A. D. 1799. Portuguese Church street.

THE BOUNDARY OF THE CATHEDRAL PARISH includes all streets and lanes north of Loll Bazar, Bow Bazar, and Bottakhanah. It extends eastward from Wellington street to beyond Circular Road, embracing Upper and Lower Circular Road; and westward from Council House street to the Strand.

Vicar.—The Most Rev. Dr. W. STEINS, S. J., *Archbishop and Vicar Apostolic of Western Bengal.*

Assistant Vicar.—Mgr. A. Goiran.

Curate.—Rev. C. Cesary.

Priests.—Rev. B. Larcher, *Secretary to his Grace the Archbishop*; Rev Vincent Bruno.

Wardens.—S. George, H. E. Medlycott, J. F. Sealy, and J. Vallia.

Organist.—Sgr. Ant. Niccolini. *Seaton.*—D. J. D'Silva.

HOUS OF DIVINE SERVICE ON SUNDAYS.—During summer, 1st Mass at 6½ o'clock A. M.; 2nd or High Mass at 8 o'clock A. M. Evening service at 6½ o'clock. During winter 1st Mass at 7 A. M.; 2nd or High Mass at 8½ A. M. Evening service at 6 o'clock.

CHURCH OF THE SACRED HEART OF JESUS.

BUILT BY THE LATE MRS. PASCOA BARRETO DESOUSA.

Erected and consecrated A. D. 1832. Nos. 3 and 4, Dhurrumtollah street.

THE BOUNDARY OF THE DHURRUMTOLLAH PARISH includes the north side of Dhurrumtollah street on the south; the west side of Wellington street on the east; the south side of Bow Bazar and Loll Bazar streets on the north; and Dalhousie square and Council House street on the west.

Vicar.—Rev. J. De Vos, S. J. *Curate.*—Rev. G. De Ble, S. J.

Wardens and Trustees.—Anthony and Michael deSouza (Europe.) *Agent for the Trustees.*—George Doucet.

Clerk.—V. Rebeiro. *Organist.*—A. Heberlet.

HOUS OF DIVINE SERVICE ON SUNDAYS.—During summer 1st Mass, 6½ A. M.; High Mass, 8 A. M. Evening service, 6½ o'clock. During winter 1st Mass, 7 A. M.; High Mass, 8½ A. M. Evening service, 6½ o'clock.

ST. THOMAS'S CHURCH.

Built and consecrated A. D. 1840. No. 9, Middleton Row.

THE BOUNDARY OF ST. THOMAS'S CHURCH PARISH includes the south side of Dhurrumtollah street to the north; the Circular Road to the east; the north side of Lower Circular Road to the south; Chowringhee Road to the west.

Vicar.—Rev. E. Lafont, S. J. *Assistant Vicar.*—Rev. H. Harford, S. J. *Organists and Singers.*—The Loretto Sisters.

HOUS OF DIVINE SERVICE.—During the hot weather, on Sundays, 1st Mass, at 6½ A. M.; 2nd Mass 7½ A. M. Vespers or Sermon, at 7 P. M.

During the cold season.—On Sunday, 1st Mass, at 7 A. M.; 2nd Mass, at 8 A. M. Vespers or Sermon, at 6½ P. M.

Daily Mass throughout the year at 6 and 6½ A. M.

ST. XAVIER'S CHAPEL.

Consecrated A. D. 1844 No. 68, Bow Bazar street.

Chaplain.—Rev. J. Nieberding, S. J.

HOUS OF DIVINE SERVICE.—During the cold season, on Sundays, at 6½ and 7½ A. M., week-days at 7 A. M. In the hot season, on Sundays, at 6 and 7½ A. M., and week-days at 6½ o'clock. Evening service at 6 o'clock in winter, and at 7 o'clock in summer.

ST. JOHN'S CHAPEL.

Built and consecrated A. D. 1882, Upper Circular road, 24-Pergunnahs' side.

Chaplain.—Rev. T. Lobert, S. J.

HOURS OF DIVINE SERVICE.—During the hot season on Sundays, at 7½ A. M., and week-days at 6½ A. M. During the cold weather on Sundays at 8 A. M. and on week-days at 7 o'clock A. M. Vespers and Sermon on Sundays, at 6½ o'clock.

ST. JOSEPH'S CHAPEL—Microgunga.

Chaplain.—Rev. F. De Cock, S. J.

HOURS OF DIVINE SERVICE.

			HOUSES OF SEVERAL CHURCHES	{ Summer at 6 A. M.
On week days	...	...	...	{ Winter at 6½ A. M.
				{ Summer at 7 A. M.
On Sundays	...	...	...	{ Winter at 7½ A. M.
				Benediction at 6 P. M.

FORT WILLIAM CHAPEL.

Chaplain.—Rev. F. Carette, S. J.

HOURS OF DIVINE SERVICE.—Daily at 7 A. M.

DUM-DUM MILITARY CHAPEL.

Chaplain.—Rev. V. Verlinden, S. J.

BARRACKPORE MILITARY CHAPEL.

Chaplain.—Rev. J. Fitzpatrick.

CHINSURAH.

Visited from Calcutta.

CHURCH OF OUR LADY OF HAPPY VOYAGE.

Built and consecrated A. D. 1882—Howrah.

Vicar.—Rev. A. E. Medlycott, PH. D.

Hot season.

Cold season.

HOURS OF DIVINE SERVICE	{	Morning.	{	Sunday, 7½ A. M.	8. A. M.
		Evening	{	Week-days, 6½ A. M.	7. A. M.
				Sundays, 6½ P. M.	6. P. M.

SERAMPORE.

Chaplain.—Rev. F. Cavalieri, S. J.

BALASORE.

Chaplains.—Rev. C. Sapart, S. J., Rev. F. Gregory, S. J., and Br. J. Johnston, S. J.

MIDNAPORE.

Chaplain.—Rev. O. Schaff, S. J. and Br. Coremans, S. J.

Jargam, South of Pergunnahs.—Served from Midnapore.

CHYEBASSA.

Chaplains.—Rev. A. Stockman, S. J. and Rev. S. Fierens, S. J.

SOONDERBUN MISSION.

Chaplains.—Rev. A. Goffinet, S. J., and Rev. F. X. Brüer, S. J.

BURDWAN, RANEEGUNGE AND ASSENSOLE.

Chaplain East Indian Railway.—Rev. M. Jacques, S. J.

BOSHONTI.—24-*Pergunnahs*.

Chaplains.—Rev. F. Delplace, S. J., and Rev. J. Lachawietz, S. J.

ISHURIPORE.

Chaplain.—Rev. C. Hogger, S. J.

CATHOLIC BURIAL GROUNDS.

CATHOLIC CATHEDRAL.—*Portuguese Church street.*

CATHOLIC CATHEDRAL CEMETERY.—*Upper Circular road, 24-Pergunnahs' side.*

The charge for a single Pucka Grave, secured for the purchaser's family, is Rs. 80.

The cost of a double Pucka Grave, secured for the purchaser's family, is Rs. 160.

ENTALLY BURIAL GROUND.—Attached to the Church of the SACRED HEART OF JESUS.

THE FRENCH OR TIRETTA'S BURIAL GROUND.—*No. 18, Park street.*

All Frenchmen and Italians are entitled to be buried in this Ground, on the condition that a Monument or Tomb-Stone be erected on the spot of burial.

NEW BURIAL GROUND.—*Circular road.*

On an application made by Archbishop Steins, Vicar Apostolic of Western Bengal, the Government of Bengal ordered the Roman Catholic portion of this cemetery to be formally placed under the care of the Vicar of St. Thomas's Church, Middleton Row, for the use of the Catholic Community of Calcutta.

NEW BURIAL GROUND.—*Howrah.*

On an application made by the Rev. A. E. Medlycott, Chaplain of the Station, to the late Lieutenant-Governor Sir Cecil Beadon, a portion of the New Public Burial Ground extending across the whole breadth of the enclosure to the distance of 100 feet from the eastern wall and parallel to it, was allotted in 1864 for the exclusive burial of Catholics. A broad path-way divides this portion from the rest of the Burial Ground.

CHURCHES SUBJECT TO THE ARCHBISHOP OF COA.

Calcutta.

CHURCH OF OUR LADY OF DOLOURS.

No. 126, Bow Bazar Street.

Built in 1810, A. D. by Mrs. Grace Elizabeth.

Vicar.—Very Rev. FRANCISCO DE ASSIS, Vicar General and Superior of the Portuguese Mission in Bengal. *Chadgutor.*—Rev. F. Michael.

Vestry Clerk.—L. James. *Organist.*—J. W. D'Souza. *Singer.*—Miss S. Reed.

HOURS OF DIVINE SERVICE.—In summer, 6½ and 7 A. M. In winter, 7½ and 8 A. M.

Evening Service on Sundays at 6-30.

BURIAL GROUND

At Soorah, in the Suburbs of Calcutta.

Bandel.

CHURCH AND CONVENT OF NOSSA SENHORA D'ROZARIO.

This Church stands delightfully situated on the banks of the River Hooghly, 28 miles north of Calcutta. It is a quadrangular building, one side of which forms the Church originally founded by the Missionaries of the Order of St. Augustin in 1599. It was demolished by Shah Jehan in 1640, and rebuilt by John Gomez de Soto.

Vicar.—Rev. A. C. Rodrigues.

Vestry Clerk.—John Thomas, *Organist.*—E. S. D'Souza, *Singer*—Luis D'Rozario.

Chinsurah.

CHURCH OF JESU-MARIA-JOZE.—Built in 1740.

Vicar.—Rev. M. Jerom.

Vestry Clerk.—J. Gonsalves.

Nagoree.**Dacca.****Tezpong.**

Vicar.—Rev. D. J. De Souza. | *Vicar.*—Rev. A. X. Gonsalves. | *Vicar.*—Rev. G. Brito.

Hossanabad.**Seebpore.**

Vicar.—Rev. C. J. M. DeAbreu.

Vicar.—Rev. D. D'Santa Maria.

ARMENIAN CHURCH.

CHURCH OF ST. NAZARETH.

Erected in 1724 A. D. No. 1, Armenian street.

CLERGY.

Vicar Honorary.—Rev. Johannes Catchick.

Vicar.—Rev. Ter Nicholas Ter A. Elias.

Coadjutor.—Rev. Ter Dionysius Barseck.

Warden.—Thomas Malcolm.

Honorary Trustees.—A. M. Vardon, J. G. Bagram, and A. Carapiet.

Commissionaries.—C. T. Avietoom, M. C. Malchus, and C. S. Bijohn.

Vestry Clerk.—M. J. Manuk. *Sexton.*—S. J. Sarhan.

HOURS OF DIVINE SERVICE.—In the morning at 6 o'clock; in the evening about

8 1/2 o'clock.

BURIAL GROUND

At Tangra in the Suburbs of Calcutta.

ST. JOHN'S CHURCH, CHINSURAH.—*Erected A. D. 1695.*

Rev. Gregory Martyrose. Clerk, Eliazar Johannes.

GREEK CHURCH.CHURCH "METAMORPHOSIS."—*No. 8, Aniruttallah street.*

Clergyman.—Rev. D. Papaopyropoulos.

Wardens.—K. Demetriadi and S. Microulaci.

HOURS OF DIVINE SERVICE.—Daily: morning 8; evening 5 o'clock.

From 15th of November till the end of March the hours of Divine Service are 9 A. M. and 5 P. M.

BURIAL GROUND (NEW)—*Narouldangah street.*

UNITARIAN MISSION CHURCH.

AT THE MISSION HALL, No. 24, Moth's Lane.

Preacher and Missionary.—Rev. Charles H. A. Dall, M. A.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.

146, Dhurumtollah street.

Minister.—The Rev. J. M. Thoburn, D. D.

Lay Preacher.—T. H. Oakes.

HOURS OF DIVINE SERVICE.—Sunday, 8-30 A. M. and 6-30 P. M. Thursday, 7 P. M.

PARSEE AGIAREE OR TEMPLE OF THE SACRED FIRE.

No. 26, Ezra street.

BUILT BY THE LATE RUSTOMJEE COWASJEE, Esq. IN 1839.

The Religious Services are performed by four Andiarooos or Priests.

TOWER OF SILENCE for the deposit of Bodies of the Dead at Chingreehatta, Ballia-Ghat road.

HEBREW SYNAGOGUES.

NAVEH SHALOM.

late No. 9, China Bazar Lane, now Jackson's Ghat street.

Senior Chaplain.—Moses Elias Dooweeck Cohen.

Junior ditto.—Nathan Joseph Dooweeck Cohen.

Clerk.—Joshua Simcon.

HOURS OF SERVICE.—Morning and Evening, according to season.

BEATH AEL.

New Synagogue, No. 27, Pollock street.

Built in 1857, by David Joseph Ezra and Ezekiel Judah at a cost of Rupees 50,000.

Chaplain.—Sawi Moses Lamyadoo. *Shewat or Sacrificers*.—J. S. Cohen and Nathan Joseph Dooweeck. *Treasurer and Clerk*.—J. S. Cohen.

HOURS OF SERVICE, same as above.

BURIAL GROUND.—Beyond the Soorah Bridge.

RELIGIOUS SOCIETIES.

CALCUTTA AUXILIARY BIBLE SOCIETY.

Patron.—The Lord Bishop of Calcutta.

President.—The Hon'ble Major General Sir H. W. Norman. *Vice-President*.—The Ven. Archdeacon Baly.

Secretary.—Rev. W. J. Wilkins.

Assistant Secretary.—J. Derrick.

Depository.—No. 23, Chonringhee road.

CALCUTTA CHRISTIAN TRACT AND BOOK SOCIETY.

No. 23, Chonringhee road.

President.—R. B. Chapman, C. A.

Secretary.—Rev. J. Robertson.

Assistant Secretary.—J. Derrick.

CALCUTTA DIOCESAN ADDITIONAL CLERGY SOCIETY.

*Founded by Bishop Wilson in 1841.**President ex-officio.*—The Lord Bishop of Calcutta.*Vice-Presidents.*—Archdeacon Baly and Hon. W. Ainslie.*Committee.*—Horace Cookerell; Rev. H. J. Matthew; Dr. Cockburn; Hon. H. L. Dampier; Colonel Nicolls; F. E. Boyce; Rev. Dr. Jarbo; Rev. W. H. Bray; Rev. A. W. N. Spens; Rev. J. Welland.*Honorary Secretary.*—Rev. A. O. Hardy.*Honorary Consulting Physician.*—Dr. H. Cayley.

SOCIETY FOR PROMOTING CHRISTIAN KNOWLEDGE.

*Calcutta Branch established 1815.**President.*—The Right Rev. the Lord Bishop of Calcutta, *ex-officio*; *Vice-President*, the Venerable the Archdeacon of Calcutta, *ex-officio*.*Calcutta Diocesan Committee.*—Rev. K. M. Banerjee; Rev. A. W. N. Spens; Rev. H. J. Matthew; F. Collis; Rev. J. W. Coe, Honorary Secretary Vernacular Committee; John Cowie; Rev. J. Welland; Rev. W. H. Bray; T. H. Mosley; W. Parsons; Rev. H. Finter; Rev. J. Spear, and Rev. S. B. Taylor.*Honorary Secretary and Treasurer.*—Rev. S. B. Taylor.*Bankers.*—Bank of Bengal.*Reput.*—4, Hare Street, Calcutta.

This Society publishes Bibles, New Testaments, Prayer Books, and a large number of Books and Tracts of a religious, devotional, and educational character. It aids by large grants of Books or of Money, all the religious objects of the Church of England and the Colonies, such as the endowment of Colonial Bishoprics, the establishment of Theological Colleges, the erection of Churches, the formation of Lending-Libraries, and translation of the Scriptures, Liturgy, and Religious works into foreign languages. In furtherance of the latter object a Vernacular Committee of the Society has been formed for the Diocese of Calcutta, consisting of the Rev. J. W. Coe, Rev. H. Finter, Rev. J. Welland, and Rev. H. J. Harrison.

CALCUTTA DIOCESAN COMMITTEE OF THE INCORPORATED SOCIETY FOR THE PROPAGATION OF THE GOSPEL IN FOREIGN PARTS.

Established A. D. 1825. Meetings held on the second Tuesday in each month when mail day is on Friday, and on the second Friday in each month when mail day is on Tuesday, at the Secretary's office, at 42, Free School street.

President.—The Right Rev. the Lord Bishop of Calcutta. *Vice-President.*—The Venerable the Archdeacon.*Honorary Secretary.*—Rev. W. H. Bray, M. A. *Treasurers*, the Bank of Bengal.*Auditor.*—J. Cowie. *Accountant*—Khetter Mohun Moozoomdar. *Writer*—Jodoo Nath Ghose.

The object of the Committee is to further, in India, the designs of the Society for the propagation of the Gospel, and more particularly to promote, by such means, as are in their power, under the direction of the Bishop of the Diocese, the establishment and support of the Society's Missions within the limits of this Archdeaconry.

CHURCH BUILDING FUND FOR THE DIOCESE OF CALCUTTA.

Trustees.—The Lord Bishop of Calcutta, the Venerable Archdeacon of Calcutta.*Committee.*—The Lord Bishop; the Archdeacon; the Senior Cathedral Chaplain; the Bishop's Chaplain; Rev. W. H. Bray; Rev. H. J. Matthew; H. H. Locke; A. T. Osmond; Robert Taylor; Hon. W. Ainslie; G. A. D. Anley.*Secretaries.*—The Bishop's Chaplain; R. Taylor, &c.

CHURCH MISSIONARY SOCIETY.

Office, No. 10, Mission Row.

CALCUTTA CORRESPONDING COMMITTEE.

President.—The Right Rev. Lord Bishop of Calcutta.*Committee.*—The Hon'ble Sir William Muir; Col. E. C. S. Williams, R. E.; Colonel F. T. Haig, R. E.; E. F. Harrison, C. S.; Hon'ble A. Rivers Thompson, C. S.; Colonel Crofton, R. E.; Colonel J. G. Touch; Rev. J. S. Sandys, M. A., and Rev. S. B. Taylor, M. A.

Secretaries.—Rev. J. Welland, B. A. (*Europe*;) Rev. D. T. Barty, B. A.

Assistant Secretary.—J. B. Hullock.

Treasurer.—Bank of Bengal.

CALCUTTA CHURCH MISSIONARY ASSOCIATION.

Established A. D. 1823, Meetings held at the Old Church Parsonage.

Patron.—The Lord Bishop of Calcutta.

President.—The Venerable Archdeacon Baly.

Chaplain.—Rev. D. T. Barry, B. A.; Rev. J. Spear, B. A.; Rev. S. Dyson; Rev. Dr. Beaumont; Rev. A. Clifford; Rev. M. S. Seal; Rev. F. J. D'Rozario; Rev. P. M. Rudra; Messrs. R. J. Bell, E. T. Hanby, W. M. Walton, J. S. Hubbard, T. Owen, W. F. Courthope.

Secretary.—Rev. Dr. Baumann. *Treasurer.*—W. H. Ryland.

The design in the formation of this Association was, "that the friends of the Church Missionary Society might co-operate with the Missionaries of the Church Missionary Society in promoting the Propagation of the Gospel," in and about Calcutta, and this it does by maintaining Native Christian Catechists, Readers, and supporting and superintending schools for the Natives, both Christian and Heathen. The Christian Instruction Society employs some Native Christian Readers to read and explain the Sacred Scriptures weekly to some hundreds of servants of Christian families in Calcutta; it is a branch of this Association.

The Association supports an English School for the benefit of Native youth at Calcutta, and another at Bistopore near Rajahmooty; it has also in connection some Vernacular Schools for boys and girls.

MISSION OF THE LONDON MISSIONARY SOCIETY IN BENGAL.

Its object is to preach the Gospel to the Natives, and to promote the Christian education of Native youth of both sexes, to found and build up Native Christian Churches, and to educate Native Christian children. The principle of the London Missionary Society is to preach and teach the Gospel without reference to Sectarian peculiarities, leaving it to Converts to choose their own form of Church Government. The Society's North Indian Missions are at Calcutta and the 24 Pergunnahs, Berhampore, Benares, Mirzapore, Singrowlee, Almora, and Baneehet. It has fifteen European Missionaries in Bengal and the Upper-Provinces, five ordained Native Missionaries, eleven Native Churches, six English Churches, five Central Institutions with affiliated schools for boys, and seventeen schools for Native Girls.

The Missionaries of the London Society have usually been employed in preaching in the Vernacular to the Natives, and in educating the young; they have also been engaged in translating the Scriptures, and in Christian literary labors.

The local pecuniary affairs of the Mission in Calcutta are managed by the Bengal Auxiliary to the London Missionary Society. This Society was instituted fifty-seven years ago.

Committee.—J. Allan; H. Andrews; Rev. J. P. Ashton, M. A.; B. M. Bose; T. J. Brown; Rev. T. T. Chatterjee; Rev. S. C. Ghose; C. Grant; Rev. W. Johnson, B. A.; Lieut. Johnston; Rev. J. Ross.

Treasurer.—H. T. Ottewill. *Secretary.*—Rev. J. E. Payne.

LADIES BRANCH SOCIETY.

Secretary.—Miss Andrews.

Members of the Committee and Collectors.—Miss L. C. Johnstone; Miss Andrews; Mrs. Brown; Mrs. Wilkins; Mrs. B. Newman; Mrs. Edwards; Mrs. Smith; Mrs. Rabcholin and Mrs. Whittinbaker.

CALCUTTA SEAMEN'S MISSION.

In connection with the "Colonial and Continental Church Society."

Patroness.—Her Majesty the Queen.

Vice-Patrons.—The Archbishops of Canterbury and York.

CALCUTTA CORRESPONDING COMMITTEE.

President.—The Lord Bishop of Calcutta.

Vice-President.—The Venerable Archdeacon Baly.

Members.—Captain Browne; J. Flemington; Rev. E. Jacob; Captain Kales; Captain Dando.

Honorary Secretary.—Rev. W. C. Bromehead.

Honorary Treasurer.—J. Flemington.

River Chaplain.—Rev. A. Bust.

The general object of the Colonial Church and Continental Society is to send out Clergymen, Catechists, and School-Masters to the Colonies of Great Britain and to British residents in other parts of the world.

"The Calcutta Seamen's Mission" in connection with it, is designed to supply religious instruction for the large body of Seamen—British and American—estimated at 20,000 annually, who frequent the port of Calcutta.

The Committee commend the agents of the Mission to the favorable reception of commanders and officers of vessels; and urge upon them the importance of availing themselves of his assistance in holding Divine Service for the benefit of their respective crews.

It is confidently hoped that every facility will be afforded when visiting ships for obtaining general intercourse with the crew.

The "Seamen's Church" at Prinsep's Ghat has been opened since January 1867. Hours of Divine Service as follows—Sunday morning 11 o'clock; evening $\frac{1}{2}$ past 6. Wednesday evening 7 o'clock. Holy Communion on one Sunday each month.

The Seamen's Reading Room and Library in connection with the Church is open every evening from 7 to 10 o'clock.

NATIVE PASTORATE FUND.

Instituted in 1858, in Memory of Bishop Wilson.

Trustees.—The Bishop and Archdeacon.

The object of the Fund is to promote the establishment of a Native Pastorate in the Missions of the Church of England throughout the Diocese of Calcutta.

THE UNITARIAN SOCIETY,

FOR THE PROPAGATION OF THE GOSPEL IN INDIA.

Was formed in Calcutta, July 8, 1855, at which time the American Unitarian Association of Boston, U. States, opened here.

THE CALCUTTA MISSION.

Missionary.—Rev. C. H. A. Dall, M. A., who resides at 24, Mott's Lane, and receives friends and enquirers there daily from 4 to 6 o'clock P. M.

Treasurer.—James B. Knight, No. 3, Dalhousie Square, East.

N. B.—There are two (at Salem and Secunderabad) native Unitarian Churches in the Madras Presidency visited periodically and aided by Mr. Dall as Missionary of the A. U. Association.

CALCUTTA AUXILIARY BAPTIST MISSIONARY SOCIETY.

Established A. D. 1818.

Baptist Mission Press, No. 21, Lower Circular road, Town side.

Committee.—Rev. C. B. Lewis; Rev. F. Morgan; Rev. J. Robinson; Rev. R. J. Ellis; Rev. Dr. J. Wenger; Rev. A. Williams; Goolzar Shah; G. O. Beeby; J. H. Belchambers; G. S. Sykes; J. Derrick; G. J. T. Jefferson, and R. Williamson.

Secretary.—Rev. G. H. Bouse, M. A.

Object.—The preaching of the Gospel in Calcutta, and the neighbourhood.

ADI BRAHMO SOMAJ, CALCUTTA.

No. 55, Chitpore Road.

The Adi Brahmo Somaj or "the Original Theistic Church" was established in the year 1830 by the late Rajah Ram Mohun Roy, for the worship of the One True God. Its spiritual affairs are managed by Acharyas and Upacharyas (Senior and Junior Ministers) its temporal affairs by a Committee whose members are annually appointed

by the Trustees. The creed of the Brahmo Samaj is Pure Theism. The Samaj is supported by voluntary gifts, and has numerous branch Churches in different parts of Bengal and the N. W. Provinces.

Divine Service.—Every Wednesday evening, an hour after sunset, and in the morning of the first Sunday of every Bengalee month.

Trustees.—Hon'ble Rajah Romanath Tagore, C. S. I. and Debendronath Tagore.

President of the Managing Committee.—Raj Narain Bose.

Members of the Managing Committee.—Jyotirindra Nath Tagore, Nilmony Chatterjee, Noto Gopal Mitter, Bacharam Chatterjee, and Debendronath Thakoor (Pathorenghatta.)

Honorary Secretary.—Jyotirindra Nath Tagore.

Assistant Secretary.—Pundit Hem Chundra Vidyaratno.

Chief Minister.—Debendronath Tagore.

Junior Ministers.—Dijendro Nath Tagore, Pundit Hem Chundra Vidyaratno, Sambhuo Nath Gorgore, and Bacharam Chatterjee.

Missionary.—Bacharam Chatterjee.

Editor Tattwabodhini Patrika.—Jyotirindra Nath Tagore.

Auditor.—Prasono Coomar Biswas.

Treasurer.—Tincowry Bose.

Librarian.—Takoordas Bose.

BHARATA VARSHIYA SANATANA DHARMA RAKSHANI SABHA.

No. 47, Putterghatta Street.

President.—Rajah Komul Krishna Deva Bahadoor, of Sobha Bazar.

Assistant President.—Rajah Hurrendra Krishna Deb Bahadoor.

Vice-President.—Pundit Harro Mohun Chooramoney of Nuddea.

Honorary Secretary.—Chandra Shekhara Mookerjee of Cunnagur.

Assistant Honorary Secretary.—Pundit Mohes Chandra Nairutna, of Sham-bazar.

This Sabha (Religious Society) was established in Calcutta in the year 1869 by the orthodox Hindus, for the maintenance of their ancient doctrines. Its affairs are conducted by a Board of Managing Committee from among its Members, President, Vice-Presidents, Honorary Secretary, Assistant Secretaries, Acharya Upacharyas, &c. The Sabha is supported by optional subscriptions and donations and guided by certain rules.

General Meeting.—On the first Sunday of each Bengali month.

Monthly Periodical "Sonatnu Dhurmopadeshay." Annual subscription 4 Rs.

AYABURTEE RETI SUNGSTAFEEENEE SABHA.

Upper Chitpore Road, No. 146.

Managing Members.—Chundrakanta Mookerjee; Rajendra Nath Haldar; Doyal-kisna Haldar.

Pundits.—Tara Nath Turkobachussputtee; Khetrapal Seetecratna; Sreenarain Biddiarutna; Katar Nath Biddiarutna; Chaudrasakur Chooramoney.

Honorary Members.—Gopeekisna Gossamee, Serampore; Hem Chundra Gossamee, Serampore; Pundits Brojo Coomar Biddiarutna, Burdwan; Brojo Nath Biddiarutna, Nuddea; Harro Mohun Chooramoney, Nuddea; Ram Dhono Biddialunkar, Goopteeparah; Mohendra Nath Turkopanchanan, Bacharia; Ramendra Naibagis, Bhatparah.

Preceptors.—Pundits Anand Chandra Seeromoney, Bhatparah; Bhurut Chundra Seeromoney; Gokul Chand Gossamee.

Secretary.—Nicomul Banerjee.

Sabha meets twice a month on the second and last Sundays.

TEMPERANCE PLEDGE RECORD BOOK.

Keeper.—Rev. G. H. A. Dall, M.A., No. 24, Mott's Lane, Upper Dhurumtollah street. Accessible daily, at all hours.

THE BENGAL TEMPERANCE SOCIETY.

No. 77, Mooharam Baboo's Street.

President.—Rajah Komul Krishna Bahadoor.

Vice-Presidents.—Pundit Ishwar Chunder Biddiasagore; Rev. K. S. Macdonald, and Baboo Keshub Chunder Sen.

Secretary—Baboo Bhoban Mohun Sircar, 1, 1/2.

Executive Committee.—Baboo Anundo Mohun Bose, M. A., Kanchi; Baboo Banerjee; Protap Chunder Mozumdar; Deorga Mohun Datta; Mohan Lal Khan, Bahadoor, Chunder Nath Bose, M. A., Bhoban Mohun Sircar, L. M.; Dendro Nath Tagore, Debendro Mullick, Soshpopdo Banerjee; Baboo, M. A.; Nundo Krishna Bose, M. A.; Sham Nath Shastri, M. A., Kallik Churn, Banerjee, M. A.

The Society holds four quarterly meetings during the year.

CHARITABLE SOCIETIES.

DISTRICT CHARITABLE SOCIETY.

ESTABLISHED A. D. 1850.

Office Municipal Office, and 37, Amherst Street.

Patron of the Society—The Right Rev. the Lord Bishop.

CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

President The Hon'ble Mr. Justice W. Markby. *Vice-Presidents*—The Venerable Atendanon J. Baly, M. A.; Rev J. M. Thomson, M. A.; the Hon'ble Mr. Justice McDonell, Rev H. J. Matthew, M. A.; F. S. Collie. *Vice-Presidents, ex-officio*, President and Vice-President of the Bengal Chamber of Commerce; Master Trades Association.

Members—The Members of Council, the Judges of the High Court; the Members of the Select Vestry, and of all the District and other Committees; the Members of St. Andrew's Church Committee, Collectors or Donors of not less than Rs. 500 in one year and all Subscribers to the amount of fifty Rupees annually.

Honorary Secretary—Hon'ble Sir Stuart Hogg, C. S., M. A. *Assistant Secretary*—T. J. Blong.

Honorary Consulting Physicians—K. B. Stuart, M. D. *Medical Officer*—Madhub Chunder Ghose. *Treasurer*—Bank of Bengal.

The Committee meet in the Town Hall on the first Tuesday of every month, at 10 o'clock A. M.

The proceeds of the following Funds are distributed through the District Charitable Society—

LADY WILLIAM BENTINCK'S FUND, 1855.

For the Relief of Distress without reference to the Religion, Country, or Casts of the objects.

Trustees—The Governor-General, Chief Justice, and the Lord Bishop of Calcutta for the time being. The first permanent endowment to the District Charitable Society.

PRINCE JAMELBOODIN'S CHARITY, 1856.

Instituted to the poor monthly without distinction of cast or creed—but as that no more than 5 Rs. shall be given to any one of the persons at one time.

Trustees—The Lord Bishop of Calcutta and the Archbishop of Calcutta for the time being.

DWARKANATH TAGORE'S FUND FOR BLIND POOR, 1858.

Trustee.—Debendernath Tagore, associated with the Central Committee of the District Charitable Society.

THE LATE MRS. ENGLISH'S CHARITY, 1840.

For the Relief of destitute women.

LOKANATH FUND FOR POOR INVALIDS, 1854.

For poor persons who are disabled and incapable of earning their livelihood without distinction of birth, caste or creed.

* To whom it is requested all petitions may be referred, at the Society's Office, No. 37, Amherst Street.

SHREEMUTTY RAMASOONDY DABEE'S FUND, 1865.

RADAM ADHUR BANERJEE'S CHARITY, 1864.

BABOO CHULNUTKAR KRISHNO GHOSE'S FUND, 1866.

BABOO LUSHAN CHUNDER BOSE'S FUND, 1837.

THE "CHEKE" FUND, 1870.

ST. PAUL'S CATHEDRAL DISTRICT COMMITTEE.

Members of the Vestry.—The Right Rev. the Lord Bishop; the Venerable the Archdeacon; Hon'ble F. B. Kemp; Hon'ble F. A. B. Glover; Col. Raban; S. T. Stewart; W. J. Cartoys; E. Grey; F. W. J. Rees; Col. Willes; T. W. Gribble.
Honorary Secretary.—Rev. E. Jermy.

ST. JOHN'S DISTRICT COMMITTEE.

Members of the Select Vestry.—Rev. W. H. Bray, M. A.; Rev. _____, John Gray; J. H. A. Branson; G. Sherman; C. H. Ogbourne. *Vestry Clerk.*—J. H. Herbert.

The Committee meet on the last Thursday of the month.
The Pensioners are paid on the 2nd Tuesday of the month.

OLD CHURCH DISTRICT COMMITTEE.

President.—Rev. J. Weddard, B. A.

Members.—W. M. Walton; A. S. Ogilvie; R. B. Saunders; J. J. Gill.

Honorary Secretary and Treasurer.—E. T. Hanby. *Assistant Secretary and Inspector.*—J. B. Hullock.

The Committee meet in the Old Church Room on Thursday before the last Tuesday of every month.

The Pensioners are paid on the second day of every month.

ST. JAMES' DISTRICT COMMITTEE.

President.—Rev. Dr. P. J. Jarbo. *Members.*—C. Compton and J. Blackburn.

Secretary and Treasurer.—J. C. Hanton.

The Committee meet in the Vestry Room of St. James' Church on the 10th of every month, and the Pensioners are paid by the Secretary.

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Honorary Secretary.—Rev. S. B. Taylor, M. A.

The Committee meet on the first Wednesday in each month.

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N. B.—Elders of the Church are Members ex-officio.

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CALCUTTA SAILORS' HOME.

ESTABLISHED A. D. 1837. 13, Strand.

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THE WOMEN'S WORKSHOP.

No. 31, Bentinck street.

Patroness.—

Committee.—Mrs. E. Lindstedt, 9 Clive Row; Mrs. Reynolds, 4, Harrington street; Mrs. Woodford, Sealdah; Mrs. A. Watkins, 2, Old Post Office street; Mrs. James Wils on, British Indian street.

Honorary Treasurer.—J. B. Knight.

Secretary.—Mrs. M. Tate, 31, Bentinck street.

"The Women's Workshop" was established seven years ago for the purpose of affording employment to a class of women, chiefly of Portuguese origin, whose extreme poverty and low condition claim the sympathy and assistance of those who are in better circumstances.

The object of the Society is not so much charity, as to encourage habits of industry and to enable those who are able and willing to work to earn an amount which will form an important addition to their small incomes.

At the same time, the rates charged for work are not higher than those usually paid to Native Duzees.

The Workshop is, as far as possible, self-supporting; but there are some expenses, such as rent, superintendence, &c., which must in part be met by the subscriptions of friends. Besides which a certain amount of capital is required for the purchase of material. The object of this statement, however, is not so much to solicit subscriptions, as to enlist the interest of the Ladies of Calcutta in the scheme, and to induce them to employ the Workshop in the various descriptions of work which will be hereafter suggested.

The daily attendance of women averages from 70 to 100. The hours of work are from ½ past 9 to 3.

It is hoped this statement of the objects and constitution of the Workshop, and the rates now quoted for work, will induce householders to use the scheme. Orders for plain work will be especially welcome, as but a limited number of the women are at present capable of doing work of a higher class.

All orders will be received and promptly attended to by the Secretary at the Women's Workshop, 31, Bentinck street, and the Ladies of the Committee will be at all

times ready to afford information to those who are interested in the Workshop and its objects.

CALCUTTA SOCIETY FOR THE PREVENTION OF CRUELTY TO ANIMALS.

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CHARITABLE SOCIETY OF ST VINCENT DE PAUL.

COUNCIL ROOM, 68, BOW BAZAR STREET.

Established in Calcutta, 14th May 1865.

For the relief of the poor, without religious distinction, at their own homes, by members of the Society. All the machinery of the Society is worked gratuitously, so that every donation received, either in money or materials, is scrupulously devoted to feed, clothe, and comfort the poor only.

The Society is divided into six Conferences united by a Town Council which is charged with those works and important measures which interest all the Conferences.

Patron of the Society.—The Most Rev. Dr. Walter Steins, S. J., Archbishop of Bosra and Vicar Apostolic of Western Bengal.

Director of the Society.—Rev. Fr. J. Nieberding, S. J.

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ST. VINCENT'S INSTITUTION.—68, KIDDERPORE ROAD.

The Institution has been established to shelter destitute females who have no means of supporting themselves, and to reclaim fallen women. The two branches of this Institution are kept totally separate, and are placed under the charge of the Nuns of the Congregation of La Sainte Croix.

Committee of Management.—Rev. Fr. J. Nieberding, S. J., Director; Walter Bourke, President; M. A. Mendes, Vice-President; W. A. Bonnaud, Secretary; A. P. Bonnaud, Treasurer.

Applications for admission to the Institution to be made to any of the Members of the Committee of Management.

* Executive Committee.

HOSPITALS AND DISPENSARIES.**PRESIDENCY GENERAL HOSPITAL.***No. 5, Lower Circular Road.*

Surgeon Superintendent.—Surgeon-Major J Ewart, M D, F.R.C. (on furlough.) Surgeon Major J Elliot, M D, officiating. 1st Resident Surgeon, Dr. O'C Rye. 2nd Resident Surgeon, S Conll Mackenzie, M D. Steward, Apothecary W H E Wade. Apothecary, J C Sleigh. Assistant Apothecaries: J G Fleming, in charge of the Sumbhoo Nath Pundit Ward; T W Davis and P Toomay. Passed Hospital Apprentices S Kiloway, E P Clements and W J Carlton. Hospital Apprentices J Rowley, F W A L'Estrange and G A Rose.

The Hospital makes up ordinarily 300 beds, and is divided as follows: 229 beds are set apart for European males; 45 for Obstetric cases and the diseases of women and children; and 26 for the Sumbhoo Nath Pundit Ward for Natives.

An Out-Door-Department for Europeans and Natives, Males and Females, under the executive management of the First and Second Resident Surgeons and the Apothecary.

MEDICAL COLLEGE HOSPITAL.*Opened 1st December 1852. No. 32, Colcootollah Street.*

Medical Officers.—1st Physician, David R Smith, M D; 2nd ditto, R C Chundra, M D; 1st Surgeon, E J Gayer; 2nd ditto, W J Palmer, M D; Obstetric Physician, T E Charles, M D; Resident Physician, J F P McConnell. Resident Surgeon, E Lawrie, M D.

Dental Surgeon, D G Clerk*. House Surgeon Midwifery Department, G T. Leopold; Ditto Ophthalmic Hospital, Lall Madhub Mookerjee. House Physician to 1st Physician, Fakcer Chunder Chatterjee; Ditto to 2nd Physician, Radha Rohman Ghose; House Surgeon to 1st Surgeon, Benode Kishto Bose; Ditto to 2nd Surgeon, Bepin Kishto Koomar. Apothecary, R F Knight; Assistant Apothecary, J H Cullen; Purveyor, J Bowser.

OUT-DOOR DISPENSARIES.—Attached to the Hospital.

Superintendents.—For women and children, T E Charles, M D; Medical, J F P McConnell, M D; Surgical, E Lawrie, M D; Dental, D G Clerk*.

OPHTHALMIC AND AURAL HOSPITAL.—Halliday street.

Surgeon.—H Cayley. House Surgeon, Lall Madhub Mookerjee.

Hours of attendance from 6 till 10 A M daily at Hospital.

Out-door Dispensaries from 7 to 9 A M.

* Attends the Hospital on Friday-mornings.

GENERAL VACCINE DEPARTMENT.*No. 10, Harrington Street.*

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Clerk—Issen Chunder Banerjee.

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Northern Vaccine Depôt and Dispensary.—No. 68, Manicktoflah Street, Simla. Superintendent, Assistant Surgeon Ram Chunder Mitter.

Southern Vaccine Depôt and Dispensary.—No. 12, Bhowanipore. Superintendent, Assistant Surgeon Ashootosh Goopta.

Vaccination is performed at the depôts every day from 7 to 10 A M.

SUPERINTENDENT OF VACCINATION METROPOLITAN CIRCLE.*Lower Circular Road.*

Superintendent.—Surgeon K P Gupta, M B.

Deputy Superintendent.—1st Grade Assistant-Surgeons Ramsoondar Ghose, Rai Bahadoor; Jadub Chunder Ghose, Rai Bahadoor; and Buddy Nauth Brummoh.

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Park Street Dispensary.—Dr. H W Jones, in charge.

Chitpore Dispensary.—Dr. G R Naylor, in charge.

Sukhee Street Dispensary.—Moneyall Dutt, in charge.

Dhurrumtollah Dispensary.—Entrance, 8, Goomghur Lane. Surgeon-Superintendent, H Cayley, M D. Ed. Reilly, Resident Medical Officer. Ramall Banerjee, Assistant Surgeon.

GARRISON DISPENSARY.—Fort William.

Garrison Surgeon.—Surgeon J C G Carmichael, Staff salary ... 650 0 0

Staff Surgeon.—Surgeon E Bevil ... Ditto ... 100 0 0

Garrison Apothecary.—E Beale (on leave to Europe;) 1st Class Apothecary D J Treham, officiating ... 200 0 0

Garrison Assistant Apothecary.—G Wilson ... 100 0 0

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Consulting Physician.—Dr. Charles Palmer.

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Established 24th January 1854.

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Inspectors of Schools Presidency Circle.—A. W. Garrett, B. A.; *Western Circle.*—F. J. Rowe, M. A.; *Eastern Circle.*—W. Robson, M. D., offg.; *Rajshahye Circle.*—C. B. Clarke, M. A.; *Behar Circle.*—Bhudeb Mookerjee. *Joint ditto Orissa Circle.*—Nunda Kiores Dass.

RULES FOR GRANTS-IN-AID TO COLLEGES AND SCHOOLS.

1. A grant from provincial revenues is assigned by Government annually for each district, to be expended in grants-in-aid to Schools not under Government management provided they fulfil the conditions prescribed in the following rules.

2. Subject to approval and confirmation the district grant is distributed by the district Committee of Public Instruction to schools which are certified to be eligible under these rules, reference being had to the requirements of each locality as compared with others, and to the funds disposable.

3. The District Committee will draw up at some meeting not later than the 15th January in each year a grant-in-aid budget for the next ensuing financial year showing—

- (a) The current unexpired grants which will run on throughout the year in gross, the number of and total grants to schools of each class only being shown. If any such grants have been reduced on account of failure to comply with the conditions the fact should be noted.
- (b) The grants to expire during the ensuing year with detailed statement of renewed grants it is proposed to give and of reasons for which the Committee propose a renewed grant at the particular rate they may fix.
- (c) New grants which are to be made from the beginning of the ensuing year or on the expiry of old grants with full details.

All renewals of grants which will expire during a year must be decided by the Committee before the beginning of each year and included in the grant-in-aid budget. All grants, whether new or renewed, must, for the future, terminate at the end of the financial year.

Every new grant proposed during the year must be reported specially with full information as above; such grants can be reported singly or together if more than one grant is given at a time.

A statement of all proposed grants must be submitted to the Circle Inspector who may refer back to the Committee any case in which the grant is in his opinion given without due regard to the principles laid down by Government and may call for any information he may deem necessary. If the Inspector sees no objection, or if objecting the Committee on reconsideration adhere to their view, he will refer the grants with his

own opinion for the orders of the Commissioner who may disallow any grants or may pass them. The grant statements passed by the Commissioner will be submitted to the Director for the final sanction of Government. It will be open to the Commissioner to permit the Inspector to dispose of ordinary grant-in-aid business and to refer for the orders of the Commissioner only those cases where there may be a difference of opinion between the Committee and the Inspector. The Director will publish annually in the *Gazette* a list of all new and renewed grants made in the annual budget of each district and he will publish quarterly statements of grants made during the year.

4. Any school to which aid is given together with all its accounts, books and other records shall be at all times open to inspection and examination by any officer appointed by the Government for the purpose; and to this end the records and accounts shall be placed in such custody that they will be always accessible on the visit of any inspecting officer. Such inspection and examination shall have no reference to religious instructions, but only to secular education.

5. Inspecting officers will interfere as little as possible with the local management of schools, but are employed to see that the instruction is efficient, and that the conditions on which the grants were made are fulfilled; and aid will be withdrawn from any school in which such conditions are not fulfilled.

6. Grants are given on the principle of strict religious neutrality and no preference will be shown to any school on the ground that any particular religious doctrines are taught or not taught therein.

7. Grants-in-aid will be made to such colleges and schools only (with the exception of normal schools) as require some fee however small from their scholars. Special exemption from this rule may be allowed by the District Committee subject to the orders of the Commissioner of the division, and of Government through the Director of Public Instruction, in the case of a middle, lower, girls' or special school: provided that the education gratuitously given in such a school is confined to the children of the poor, that the endowment to which help is asked from the grant-in-aid fund is assured and permanent, and that proper machinery for managing the school is shown to exist. In the case of higher schools and colleges exemption may be made by the authority of Government through the Director of Public Instruction provided that gratuitous instruction is confined to those who are unable to pay for higher education, and that those scholars only are selected who are qualified to profit by free education under rules approved by the Director.

8. The promoters or managers of any body by whom application for a grant is made must appoint a Secretary to conduct their correspondence with the District Committee and the Inspector, and they must record the names of the managers.

9. The managers are responsible for the due application of the school funds in accordance with the conditions of the grant.

10. In respect of any school for which application is made, full information must be supplied on the following points, and must be thrown into the shape given in Form A* appended to these Rules:—

- (a) The pecuniary resources permanent and temporary on which the School will depend for support.
- (b) The proposed monthly expenditure in detail.
- (c) The average number of pupils to be instructed.
- (d) The persons who will form the Committee of Management.
- (e) The nature and course of instruction.
- (f) The fees which it is proposed by the managers to levy.
- (g) The number and salaries of the teachers.
- (h) The nature and amount of aid sought.
- (i) The treasury at which the grant is sanctioned is to be payable.
- (j) The existence of other schools of a similar class within a distance of six miles.

11. Application for grants-in-aid may be made either to the Inspector of the Circle or to the Secretary of the Local Committee. In the latter case the Secretary will register the application for the information of the Members of the Committee and will see whether it is, so far as he can judge, admissible under the rules. If it is he will forward it for the opinion of the Inspector. The Inspector will satisfy himself whether the application received by, or forwarded to him, is one which is admissible under the rules, and if so, he will certify that it is so, stating the class of school and the maximum grant to which it is admissible. He will also note his opinion of the merits of the application and he will forward it to the Secretary to the Committee with his certificate endorsed.

* The forms to be had from the Department of Public Instruction.

The Secretary will then register the application as one certified to be admissible and such register shall be open to the inspection of the Members of the Committee and shall be produced for their consideration on the next occasion on which grants are assigned.

12. Grants shall in no case exceed in amount the sums to be expended from private sources except in special cases under special orders of Government. Expenditure from fees and from municipal contributions will be reckoned as expenditure from private sources.

13. Aided places of instruction are divided into the following classes :—

Colleges.—In which students who have passed the University Entrance Examination are educated in the University Course or any part of it.

Higher Schools.—In which students are educated up to the standard of the Entrance Examination.

Middle Schools.—In which the scholars are educated up to a standard lower than the University Entrance Examination, but above elementary instruction.

Lower Schools.—In which the scholars receive elementary instruction only and in the vernacular language.

Girls' Schools.—Including agencies for *sadana* instruction.

Normal Schools.—For the training of masters and mistresses.

Special Schools.—For instruction in special subjects.

14. Grants are of two kinds—annual grants and special grants.

ANNUAL GRANTS.

15. For colleges, the grants shall not exceed one-third of the income guaranteed from private sources.

16. For higher schools, the grant shall not exceed one-half of the income guaranteed from private sources.

17. For middle schools in which the expenditure is more than Rs. 90 a month, the grants shall not exceed two-thirds of the income guaranteed from private sources except in the districts of—

The Cooch Behar Division

Dinapore

Rangpore

Mymensingh

Chittagong

Tripura

Naikhal

The Patna Division

Purneah

The Orissa division

Chota Nagpore

Assam division

Sylhet

in which the grants may equal the income so guaranteed.

18. For lower schools as well as for girls' schools, normal schools, and other special schools the grant shall not exceed a sum equal to the full amount of the income guaranteed.

19. The amounts above set down are *maximum* amounts, and it must be understood that the *maximum* grant will not in all cases and as a matter of course be sanctioned in the districts of—

Hooghly

Burdwan

Beerbhoom

24-Pergunnahs

Nuddea

Moorsheebad

Dacca

Rajshahy

the *maximum* grant will not ordinarily be given.

20. Grants will be sanctioned ordinarily for terms of five years, but it will be in the power of the District Committee to make another grant to the same school for a second or third term of years. Ordinarily, renewed grant will be considerably below the maximum allowed under rules 14-18, and the grant to a school should grow smaller and smaller on such renewal. In this way money will from time to time be set free, and the Committee will be able to aid new schools even though their grant-in-aid allotment remains stationary.

When a grant is submitted for sanction a statement of the proposed establishment of the school will also be submitted for insertion in the Director's authorisation of the grant.

21. The sanction of a grant is conveyed in the following form :—*

Office Memorandum of the Director of Public Instruction.
 (1.) A grant of Rs. _____ a month is sanctioned from the _____ 187
 for the _____ school at _____ in _____
 , on the following conditions :—
 (a).—That Rs. _____ a month at least be regularly contributed from
 private sources.

* In the case of colleges the form is modified.

(b).—That the following scale of expenditure be maintained :—

	Rs. As. P.		
Head-Master
2nd
3rd
..
..
..
Servants
Contingencies

Unless any alteration be sanctioned by the District Committee—

- (2.) The grant is payable every month.
- (3.) The monthly bills (in Form annexed) must be sent to the Inspector for countersignature and must be accompanied by a certified abstract (in Form annexed) of the receipts and disbursements of the school for the month preceding that for which the bill is drawn. After countersignature the bill will be paid at the—treasury.
- (4.) The monthly bills and the certified abstract of the school accounts must be signed by the Secretary of the school.
- (5.) The bill is countersigned on the distinct understanding that the salaries and other charges certified by the Secretary to have been paid have actually been paid.
- (6.) Contingent charges are to be accounted for in detail.
- (7.) Salaries for service in any month become due on the first day of the following month.
- (8.) The grant is liable to be reduced or withdrawn if the payment of any teacher's salary is delayed for more than two months after it has become due.
- (9.) The grant is liable to be reduced or withdrawn if the school is unfavorably reported on as regards the attendance or proficiency of the scholars.
- (10.) The grant is liable to be reduced or withdrawn if the managers employ ill-qualified masters or if they keep their accounts in a negligent and untrustworthy manner, or if they send up incorrect accounts, or if they fail to transmit punctually the periodical returns required by the Education Department, or if the school house is unfit for the purposes of the school or is untidy or dirty.
- (11.) The grant is liable to be reduced or withdrawn if the teachers keep untidy or untrustworthy registers, or if they are frequently absent from duty.
- (12.) Holidays are not to exceed sixty days in the year exclusive of Sundays except under peculiar circumstances and with the sanction of the District Committee.
- (13.) Every new election to the Committee of Management must be notified to the District Committee, under the signatures of the Secretary and of the member or members elected.
- (14.) Every change of Secretary must be notified to the Inspector under the signatures of the new Secretary and the members of the Committee of Management.

SPECIAL GRANTS.

21. Special grants are given towards the cost of furnishing school-houses, and providing maps and other school apparatus, in consideration of expenditure from private sources incurred in the establishment and equipment of schools, and on condition that the Managers undertake to refund the amount of any such grant, if the school obtaining it should be abolished within a period to be fixed by the Director of Public Instruction.
22. Special grants are given towards the cost of building school-houses provided such houses are *pucca* masonry structures.
23. Grants are not given to pay off debts for building, nor in consideration of former expenditure for building, nor for the maintenance of buildings.
24. Before a building grant is sanctioned, the site, plans, estimates, specifications, title and trust deed must be approved by the Commissioner of the division.
25. The trust deed must declare the building to be granted in trust for school purpose and for no other purposes whatever. It must also provide for the legal ownership of the premises, for the proper maintenance of the building, and for the inspection and management of the school.
26. The grant is not paid until—
- (1.) A report is received from the Executive Engineer, Department of Public Works, certifying that the building has been completed in accordance with the sanctioned plans and specifications; and

